

Converting Colors

$Y_{xy}(10.3540, 0.3116, 0.3395)$

Have a look what the booklet for
Yxy(10.3540, 0.3116, 0.3395)
contains.

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Color

Yxy(10.3851, 0.3107, 0.3389)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	575C58
RGB	87, 92, 88
RGB Percent	34%, 36%, 35%
CMY	0.6587, 0.6392, 0.6549
CMYK	0.05, 0.00, 0.04, 0.64
HSL	132°, 3%, 35%
HSV	132°, 5%, 36%
XYZ	9.5210, 10.3851, 10.7375
YIQ	90.0490, -1.6960, -2.3040

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

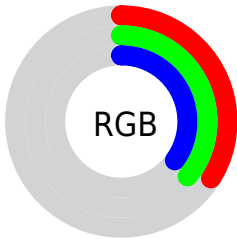
Format	Color
R _Y B	87, 91, 92
Decimal	5725272
CIE Lab	38.52, -2.81, 1.61
CIE LCh	39, 3.237, 150.227
Yxy	10.3851, 0.3107, 0.3389
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4283915352 (0xFF575C58)
YUV	90.0490, -1.0102, -2.6740
Hunter-Lab	32.2259, -3.6586, 2.8030

Details

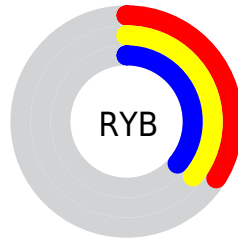
The Yxy color **10.3851, 0.3107, 0.3389** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **666666**. A complement of this color would be **9.8506, 0.3148, 0.3193**, and the grayscale version is **10.2396, 0.3127, 0.3290**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **26.4993, 0.3113, 0.3357**, and **2.6206, 0.3093, 0.3423** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **9.8544, 0.3069, 0.3590**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **10.9855, 0.3144, 0.3211**.

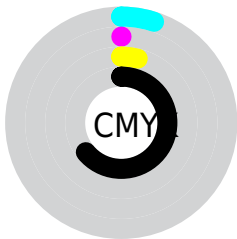
Distribution



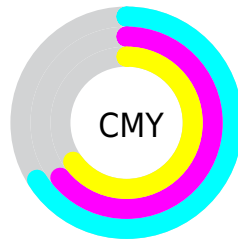
- Red (34%)
- Green (36%)
- Blue (35%)



- Red (34%)
- Yellow (36%)
- Blue (36%)



- Cyan (5%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (4%)
- Black (64%)



- Cyan (66%)
- Magenta (64%)
- Yellow (65%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Yxy color 10.3851, 0.3107, 0.3389 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Yxy color 10.3851, 0.3107, 0.3389 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 10.3851, 0.3107,
0.3389

■ 10.3851, 0.3107,
0.3389

■ 193.3989, 0.3120,
0.3327

■ 5.6550, 0.3102,
0.3412

■ 26.5174, 0.3113,
0.3362

■ 2.6365, 0.3095,
0.3448

■ 38.6883, 0.3114,
0.3354

■ 0.9450, 0.3081,
0.3515

■ 54.1084, 0.3116,
0.3347

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 73.1620, 0.3117,
0.3341

■ 96.2334, 0.3118,
0.3337

123.7071, 0.3119,

0.3333

155.9675, 0.3119,
0.3330

■ 10.3851, 0.3107,
0.3389

■ 10.3851, 0.3107,
0.3389

■ 9.8544, 0.3069,
0.3590

■ 10.9855, 0.3144,
0.3211

■ 9.3896, 0.3032,
0.3813

■ 11.6566, 0.3180,
0.3054

■ 8.9884, 0.2996,
0.4058

■ 12.4011, 0.3214,
0.2916

■ 8.6482, 0.2964,
0.4322

■ 13.2212, 0.3246,
0.2795

■ 8.3658, 0.2937,
0.4599

■ 14.1189, 0.3276,
0.2690

■ 8.1380, 0.2918,
0.4878

■ 15.0961, 0.3304,
0.2598

■ 7.9611, 0.2908,
0.5150

■ 16.1548, 0.3330,
0.2517

■ 7.8312, 0.2910,
0.5398

■ 17.2969, 0.3354,
0.2447

■ 7.7374, 0.2918,
0.5614

■ 18.5240, 0.3377,
0.2385

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



10.3851, 0.3182, 0.3418



10.3851, 0.3107, 0.3389



10.3851, 0.3038, 0.3332

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



10.3851, 0.3107, 0.3389



10.3851, 0.3012, 0.3169



10.3851, 0.3263, 0.3313

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



10.3851, 0.3107, 0.3389



9.8506, 0.3148, 0.3193

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



10.3851, 0.3217, 0.3248



10.3851, 0.3107, 0.3389



10.3851, 0.3071, 0.3165

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



10.3851, 0.3107, 0.3389



10.3851, 0.2984, 0.3205



10.3851, 0.3146, 0.3194



10.3851, 0.3273, 0.3374

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



10.3851, 0.3107, 0.3389



10.3851, 0.3005, 0.3287



10.3851, 0.3146, 0.3194



10.3851, 0.3251, 0.3291

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



10.3855, 0.3107, 0.3389



18.5166, 0.3119, 0.3327



10.5703, 0.3186, 0.3412



4.6474, 0.3120, 0.3324



50.7079, 0.3127, 0.3290



4.6964, 0.3127, 0.3290

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



10.3855, 0.3107, 0.3389



18.1019, 0.3104, 0.3404



10.4261, 0.3072, 0.3329



2.6299, 0.3104, 0.3404



11.1336, 0.2926, 0.5735



60.8616, 0.2951, 0.5822

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



9.8506, 0.3148, 0.3193



17.0347, 0.3151, 0.3179



9.8097, 0.3185, 0.3252



2.4751, 0.3151, 0.3179



3.9948, 0.3756, 0.1843



21.7485, 0.3797, 0.1865

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 10.3851, 0.3107, 0.3389 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

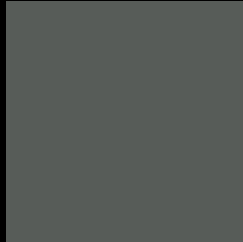
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 10.3851, 0.3107, 0.3389 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

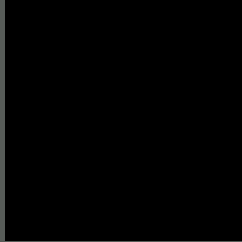
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

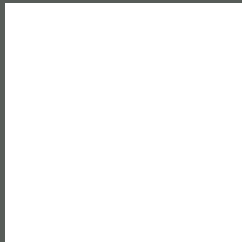
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

Yxy 10.3851, 0.3107, 0.3389

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Yxy color 10.3851, 0.3107, 0.3389.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Yxy color 10.3851, 0.3107, 0.3389.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

10.3851, 0.3107, 0.3389

Protanopia

10.3276, 0.3221, 0.3363

Deuteranopia

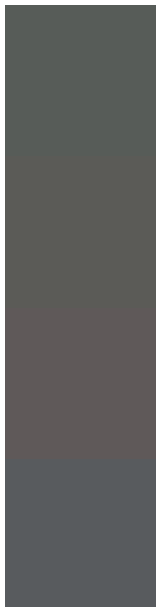
10.4100, 0.3311, 0.3267



Tritanopia

10.4879, 0.2995, 0.3121

Trichromacy



Original Color

10.3851, 0.3107, 0.3389

Protanomaly

10.3944, 0.3187, 0.3388

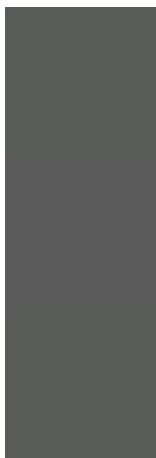
Deuteranomaly

10.2989, 0.3225, 0.3290

Tritanomaly

10.3650, 0.3037, 0.3216

Monochromacy



Original Color

10.3851, 0.3107, 0.3389

Achromatopsia

10.2242, 0.3127, 0.3290

Achromatomaly

10.3273, 0.3125, 0.3339

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Yxy 10.3851, 0.3107, 0.3389 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(87, 92, 88)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(87, 92, 88)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(87, 92, 88) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(87, 92, 88) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Yxy 10.3851, 0.3107, 0.3389 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(87, 92, 88) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(87, 92, 88) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(87, 92, 88)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(87, 92, 88); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(87, 92, 88);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(87, 92, 88)  
}
```


Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Yxy 10.3851, 0.3107, 0.3389 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(87, 92, 88) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(87, 92,  
88) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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