

Converting Colors

$Y_{xy}(10.4050, 0.1636, 0.1069)$

Have a look what the booklet for
Yxy(10.4050, 0.1636, 0.1069)
contains.

Yxy(10.4050, 0.1636, 0.1069)	3
Conversions	4
Details	6
Harmonies	12
Previews	24
Color Blindness Simulation	27
CSS Examples	30

Color

Yxy(10.4050, 0.1636, 0.1069)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	074BDF
RGB	7, 75, 223
RGB Percent	3%, 29%, 87%
CMY	0.9735, 0.7059, 0.1254
CMYK	0.97, 0.66, 0.00, 0.13
HSL	221°, 94%, 45%
HSV	221°, 97%, 87%
XYZ	15.9238, 10.4050, 71.0051
YIQ	71.5400, -88.0360, 31.6120

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

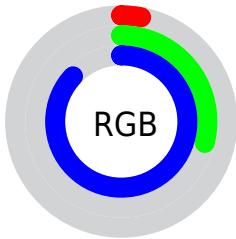
Format	Color
RYB	7, 59, 223
Decimal	478175
CIELab	38.56, 40.47, -79.37
CIElCh	39, 89.089, 297.016
Yxy	10.4050, 0.1636, 0.1069
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278668255 (0xFF074BDF)
YUV	71.5400, 74.6698, -56.6016
Hunter-Lab	32.2568, 31.6687, -107.9321

Details

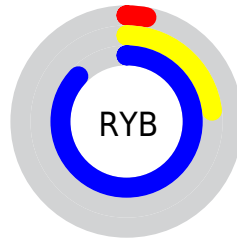
The Yxy color **10.4050, 0.1636, 0.1069** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **0033CC**. The color can be described as dark washed blue. A complement of this color would be **39.0816, 0.4860, 0.4504**, and the grayscale version is **6.2673, 0.3127, 0.3290**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **24.8234, 0.2042, 0.1612**, and **3.7862, 0.1554, 0.0795** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **9.7569, 0.1615, 0.1014**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **12.9487, 0.1719, 0.1271**.

Distribution



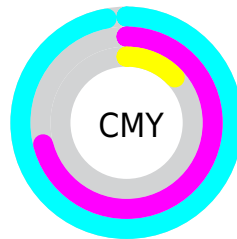
- Red (3%)
- Green (29%)
- Blue (87%)



- Red (3%)
- Yellow (23%)
- Blue (87%)



- Cyan (97%)
- Magenta (66%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (13%)





- Cyan (97%)
- Magenta (71%)
- Yellow (13%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Yxy color 10.4050, 0.1636, 0.1069 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Yxy color 10.4050, 0.1636, 0.1069 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 10.4050, 0.1636,
0.1069


 10.4050, 0.1636,
0.1069


193.5387, 0.2472,
0.2154


 5.6683, 0.1425,
0.0845


 26.5545, 0.1948,
0.1436


 2.6445, 0.1166,
0.0597

 38.7361, 0.2064,
0.1584


 0.9491, 0.0855,
0.0341

 54.1682, 0.2161,
0.1712

 0.0000, 0.0511,
0.0000

 73.2351, 0.2244,
0.1824

 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

 96.3212, 0.2314,
0.1922

123.8109, 0.2374,

0.2008

156.0886, 0.2426,
0.2085

■ 10.4050, 0.1636,
0.1069

■ 10.4050, 0.1636,
0.1069

■ 9.7569, 0.1615,
0.1014

■ 12.9487, 0.1719,
0.1271

■ 16.2545, 0.1835,
0.1505

■ 20.3976, 0.1979,
0.1760

■ 25.4407, 0.2144,
0.2024

■ 31.4395, 0.2322,
0.2285

■ 38.4444, 0.2504,
0.2535

■ 46.5023, 0.2684,
0.2767

■ 55.6568, 0.2857,
0.2980

■ 65.9487, 0.3020,
0.3170

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



10.4050, 0.0903, 0.1008



10.4050, 0.1636, 0.1069



10.4050, 0.3122, 0.1436

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



10.4050, 0.1636, 0.1069



10.4050, 0.6252, 0.3748



10.4050, 0.1055, 0.4621

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



10.4050, 0.1636, 0.1069



39.0816, 0.4860, 0.4504

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



10.4050, 0.2117, 0.7015



10.4050, 0.1636, 0.1069



10.4050, 0.5019, 0.4981

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



10.4050, 0.1636, 0.1069



10.4050, 0.6543, 0.2877



10.4050, 0.3504, 0.6496



10.4050, 0.0619, 0.2241

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



10.4050, 0.1636, 0.1069



10.4050, 0.4533, 0.1858



10.4050, 0.3504, 0.6496



10.4050, 0.1348, 0.5650

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



10.4052, 0.1636, 0.1069



60.4181, 0.2644, 0.2717



55.1887, 0.2542, 0.4335



11.9199, 0.2567, 0.2617



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



21.4041, 0.3127, 0.3290

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



10.4052, 0.1636, 0.1069



13.0251, 0.1612, 0.1002



6.0666, 0.1601, 0.0668



13.9456, 0.2981, 0.3125



5.9145, 0.1623, 0.1041



0.5670, 0.1708, 0.1349

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



16.3481, 0.5649, 0.2905



21.8460, 0.5756, 0.2944



62.9229, 0.3874, 0.5293



13.7714, 0.3243, 0.3216



9.5051, 0.5698, 0.2913



0.6747, 0.5259, 0.2671

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 10.4050, 0.1636, 0.1069 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 10.4050, 0.1636, 0.1069 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

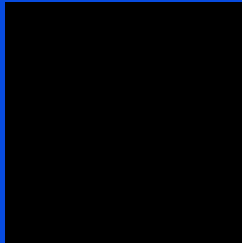
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

Yxy 10.4050, 0.1636, 0.1069

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Yxy color 10.4050, 0.1636, 0.1069.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Yxy color 10.4050, 0.1636, 0.1069.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

10.4050, 0.1636, 0.1069

Protanopia

10.2771, 0.1747, 0.1489

Deuteranopia

10.2630, 0.1865, 0.1914



Tritanopia

10.1550, 0.2200, 0.3122

Trichromacy



Original Color

10.4050, 0.1636, 0.1069

Protanomaly

10.2766, 0.1700, 0.1313

Deuteranomaly

10.0047, 0.1752, 0.1499

Tritanomaly

9.6650, 0.1888, 0.1986

Monochromacy



Original Color

10.4050, 0.1636, 0.1069

Achromatopsia

6.3010, 0.3127, 0.3290

Achromatomaly

6.7695, 0.2102, 0.1949

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Yxy 10.4050, 0.1636, 0.1069 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(7, 75, 223)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(7, 75, 223)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(7, 75, 223) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(7, 75, 223) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Yxy 10.4050, 0.1636, 0.1069 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(7, 75, 223) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(7, 75, 223) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(7, 75, 223)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(7, 75, 223); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(7, 75, 223);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(7, 75, 223)  
}
```


Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Yxy 10.4050, 0.1636, 0.1069 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(7, 75, 223) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(7, 75,  
223) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor