

Converting Colors

$Y_{xy}(10.4090, 0.4366, 0.4609)$

Have a look what the booklet for
Yxy(10.4090, 0.4366, 0.4609)
contains.

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Color

Yxy(10.3324, 0.4368, 0.4610)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	6B5917
RGB	107, 89, 23
RGB Percent	42%, 35%, 9%
CMY	0.5804, 0.6510, 0.9097
CMYK	0.00, 0.17, 0.78, 0.58
HSL	47°, 65%, 25%
HSV	47°, 78%, 42%
XYZ	9.7900, 10.3324, 2.2906
YIQ	86.8580, 31.9140, -16.7100

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

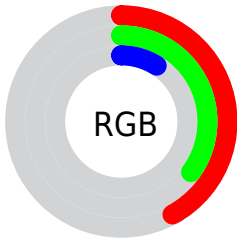
Format	Color
RYB	46, 107, 23
Decimal	7035159
CIELab	38.43, -0.24, 38.64
CIELCh	38, 38.639, 90.362
Yxy	10.3324, 0.4368, 0.4610
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4285225239 (0xFF6B5917)
YUV	86.8580, -31.4820, 17.6645
Hunter-Lab	32.1441, -1.8869, 18.2758

Details

The Yxy color **10.3324, 0.4368, 0.4610** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **666633**. A complement of this color would be **2.8312, 0.1820, 0.1356**, and the grayscale version is **9.5634, 0.3127, 0.3290**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **26.4972, 0.4088, 0.4321**, and **2.6421, 0.4561, 0.4760** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **9.9227, 0.4486, 0.4678**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **10.7724, 0.4227, 0.4502**.

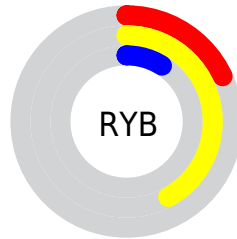
Distribution



 Red (42%)

 Green (35%)

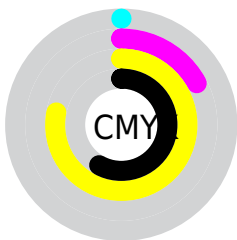
 Blue (9%)



 Red (18%)

 Yellow (42%)

 Blue (9%)

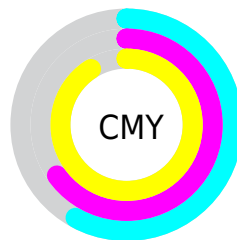



 Cyan (0%)

 Magenta (17%)

 Yellow (78%)

 Black (58%)



 Cyan (58%)

 Magenta (65%)


 Yellow (91%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the Yxy color 10.3324, 0.4368, 0.4610 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Yxy color 10.3324, 0.4368, 0.4610 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 10.3324, 0.4368,
0.4610


 10.3324, 0.4368,
0.4610


193.0283, 0.3643,
0.3837


 5.6199, 0.4561,
0.4817

 26.4189, 0.4087,
0.4310


 2.6154, 0.4861,
0.5139

 38.5616, 0.3985,
0.4201

 0.9344, 0.4856,
0.5144

 53.9499, 0.3901,
0.4112

 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

 72.9681, 0.3832,
0.4038

 96.0007, 0.3773,
0.3976

 123.4320, 0.3723,

0.3923

155.6464, 0.3680,
0.3877

10.3324, 0.4368,
0.4610

10.3324, 0.4368,
0.4610

9.9227, 0.4486,
0.4678

10.7724, 0.4227,
0.4502

9.5350, 0.4589,
0.4718

11.2430, 0.4070,
0.4362

9.4769, 0.4606,
0.4725

11.7465, 0.3903,
0.4196

12.2846, 0.3733,
0.4014

12.8585, 0.3564,
0.3823

■ 13.4696, 0.3402,
0.3632

■ 14.1192, 0.3249,
0.3444

■ 14.8084, 0.3106,
0.3263

■ 15.5382, 0.2975,
0.3092

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



10.3324, 0.4827, 0.4015



10.3324, 0.4368, 0.4610



10.3324, 0.3618, 0.4940

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



10.3324, 0.4368, 0.4610



10.3324, 0.1705, 0.2841



10.3324, 0.3288, 0.2316

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



10.3324, 0.4368, 0.4610



2.8312, 0.1820, 0.1356

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



10.3324, 0.2456, 0.2033



10.3324, 0.4368, 0.4610



10.3324, 0.1651, 0.2241

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



10.3324, 0.4368, 0.4610



10.3324, 0.2089, 0.3772



10.3324, 0.1901, 0.1993



10.3324, 0.4192, 0.2792

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



10.3324, 0.4368, 0.4610



10.3324, 0.3058, 0.4833



10.3324, 0.1901, 0.1993



10.3324, 0.2988, 0.2197

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



10.3329, 0.4368, 0.4610



23.4358, 0.3502, 0.3751



3.9011, 0.5136, 0.2958



5.6011, 0.3547, 0.3803



57.0482, 0.3127, 0.3290



6.3724, 0.3127, 0.3290

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



10.3329, 0.4368, 0.4610



17.2053, 0.4564, 0.4703



12.4240, 0.3724, 0.5143



3.4790, 0.3256, 0.3453



11.4865, 0.4611, 0.4721



57.2318, 0.4639, 0.4698

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



2.8312, 0.1820, 0.1356



3.2571, 0.1620, 0.0958



2.2756, 0.2009, 0.1108



3.1206, 0.2997, 0.3122



1.9923, 0.1577, 0.0878



9.0763, 0.1555, 0.0797

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 10.3324, 0.4368, 0.4610 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

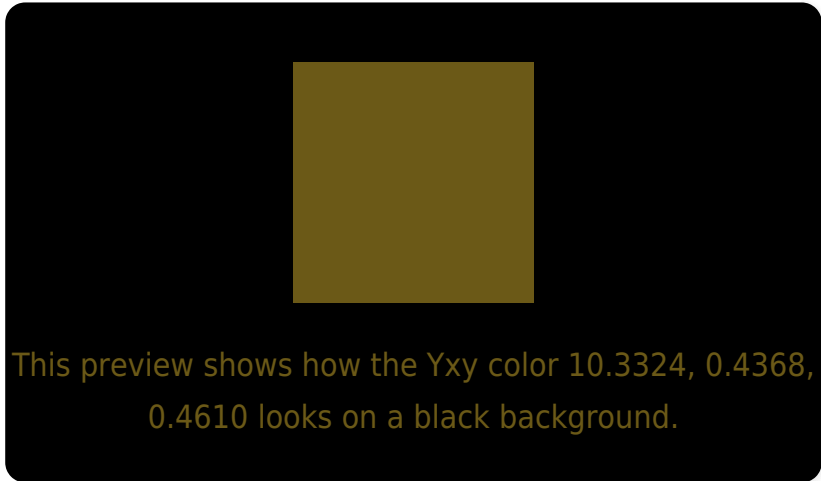
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

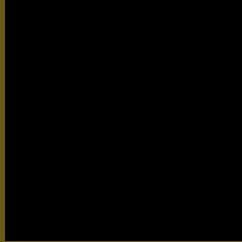
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

Yxy 10.3324, 0.4368, 0.4610

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Yxy color 10.3324, 0.4368, 0.4610.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Yxy color 10.3324, 0.4368, 0.4610.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

10.3324, 0.4368, 0.4610

Protanopia

10.3729, 0.4241, 0.4687

Deuteranopia

10.2989, 0.4529, 0.4471



Tritanopia

10.3525, 0.3533, 0.3159

Trichromacy



Original Color

10.3324, 0.4368, 0.4610

Protanomaly

10.3213, 0.4292, 0.4648

Deuteranomaly

10.2618, 0.4462, 0.4520

Tritanomaly

10.1936, 0.3904, 0.3743

Monochromacy



Original Color

10.3324, 0.4368, 0.4610

Achromatopsia

9.5307, 0.3127, 0.3290

Achromatomaly

9.7293, 0.3611, 0.3890

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Yxy 10.3324, 0.4368, 0.4610 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(107, 89, 23)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(107, 89, 23)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(107, 89, 23) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(107, 89, 23) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Yxy 10.3324, 0.4368, 0.4610 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(107, 89, 23) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(107, 89, 23) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(107, 89, 23)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(107, 89, 23); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(107, 89, 23);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(107, 89,  
23) }
```


Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Yxy 10.3324, 0.4368, 0.4610 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(107, 89, 23) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(107, 89,  
23) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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