

Converting Colors

$Y_{xy}(10.4405, 0.2154, 0.2809)$

Have a look what the booklet for
Yxy(10.4405, 0.2154, 0.2809)
contains.

Yxy(10.3509, 0.2150, 0.2795)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	24
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	27
<i>CSS Examples</i>	30

Color

Yxy(10.3509, 0.2150, 0.2795)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	116376
RGB	17, 99, 118
RGB Percent	7%, 39%, 46%
CMY	0.9337, 0.6117, 0.5372
CMYK	0.86, 0.16, 0.00, 0.54
HSL	191°, 75%, 26%
HSV	191°, 86%, 46%
XYZ	7.9622, 10.3509, 18.7205
YIQ	76.6480, -54.9710, -11.4750

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

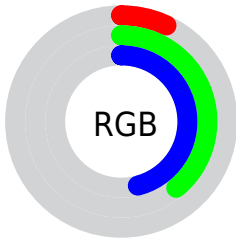
Format	Color
RYB	17, 62, 118
Decimal	1139574
CIELab	38.46, -15.99, -17.31
CIELCh	38, 23.559, 227.272
Yxy	10.3509, 0.2150, 0.2795
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4279329654 (0xFF116376)
YUV	76.6480, 20.3865, -52.3113
Hunter-Lab	32.1728, -12.1267, -11.9783

Details

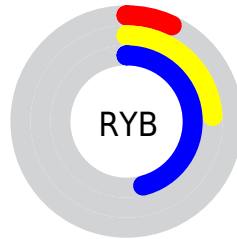
The Yxy color **10.3509, 0.2150, 0.2795** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **336666**. A complement of this color would be **5.1494, 0.5680, 0.3566**, and the grayscale version is **7.3179, 0.3127, 0.3290**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **26.4643, 0.2394, 0.2940**, and **2.8982, 0.2036, 0.2528** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **9.8512, 0.2103, 0.2730**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **10.9162, 0.2213, 0.2860**.

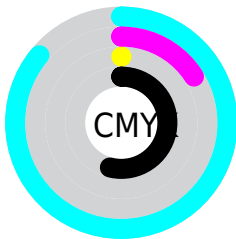
Distribution



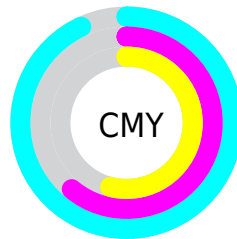
- Red (7%)
- Green (39%)
- Blue (46%)



- Red (7%)
- Yellow (24%)
- Blue (46%)



- Cyan (86%)
- Magenta (16%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (54%)



- Cyan (93%)
- Magenta (61%)
- Yellow (54%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Yxy color 10.3509, 0.2150, 0.2795 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Yxy color 10.3509, 0.2150, 0.2795 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

10.3509, 0.2150,
0.2795

10.3509, 0.2150,
0.2795

193.1585, 0.2738,
0.3114

5.6322, 0.1959,
0.2676

26.4534, 0.2394,
0.2936

2.6228, 0.1680,
0.2488

38.6061, 0.2475,
0.2980

0.9381, 0.1163,
0.2180

54.0056, 0.2541,
0.3015

0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

73.0362, 0.2595,
0.3043

96.0824, 0.2639,
0.3065

123.5286, 0.2677,

0.3084

155.7592, 0.2710,
0.3100

10.3509, 0.2150,
0.2795

10.3509, 0.2150,
0.2795

9.8512, 0.2103,
0.2730

10.9162, 0.2213,
0.2860

9.6420, 0.2084,
0.2702

11.5585, 0.2293,
0.2925

12.2850, 0.2390,
0.2989

13.1019, 0.2501,
0.3051

14.0144, 0.2625,
0.3110

■ 15.0276, 0.2759,
0.3165

■ 16.1460, 0.2899,
0.3217

■ 17.3739, 0.3044,
0.3265

■ 18.7152, 0.3191,
0.3308

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



10.3509, 0.2301, 0.3275



10.3509, 0.2150, 0.2795



10.3509, 0.2228, 0.2507

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



10.3509, 0.2150, 0.2795



10.3509, 0.3556, 0.2827



10.3509, 0.3699, 0.4261

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



10.3509, 0.2150, 0.2795



5.1494, 0.5680, 0.3566

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



10.3509, 0.4086, 0.4026



10.3509, 0.2150, 0.2795



10.3509, 0.4017, 0.3211

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



10.3509, 0.2150, 0.2795



10.3509, 0.3000, 0.2550



10.3509, 0.4213, 0.3638



10.3509, 0.3177, 0.4206

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



10.3509, 0.2150, 0.2795



10.3509, 0.2403, 0.2434



10.3509, 0.4213, 0.3638



10.3509, 0.3850, 0.4208

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



10.3513, 0.2150, 0.2795



26.2359, 0.2745, 0.3160



13.2015, 0.2922, 0.5495



5.9200, 0.2709, 0.3145



60.3827, 0.3127, 0.3290



7.3239, 0.3127, 0.3290

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



10.3513, 0.2150, 0.2795



16.7748, 0.2080, 0.2686



3.6174, 0.1780, 0.1401



4.0439, 0.2995, 0.3249



10.4128, 0.2083, 0.2699



49.5706, 0.2074, 0.2664

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



5.1515, 0.3628, 0.1883



8.2336, 0.3741, 0.1835



10.5475, 0.4651, 0.4500



3.7467, 0.3163, 0.3119



5.0752, 0.3729, 0.1828



24.6136, 0.3762, 0.1846

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 10.3509, 0.2150, 0.2795 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 10.3509, 0.2150, 0.2795 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

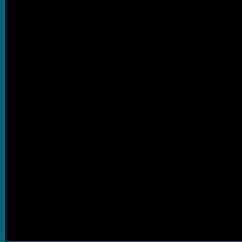
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

Yxy 10.3509, 0.2150, 0.2795

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Yxy color 10.3509, 0.2150, 0.2795.

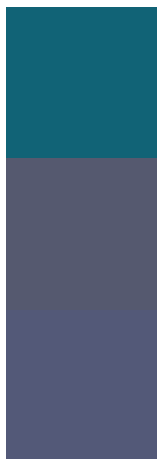


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Yxy color 10.3509, 0.2150, 0.2795.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

10.3509, 0.2150, 0.2795

Protanopia

10.2237, 0.2762, 0.2772

Deuteranopia

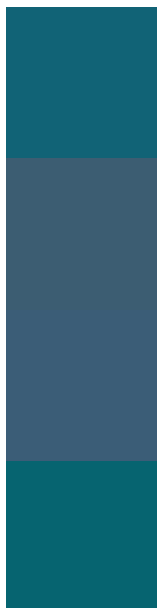
10.3398, 0.2627, 0.2580



Tritanopia

10.1971, 0.2186, 0.3068

Trichromacy



Original Color

10.3509, 0.2150, 0.2795

Protanomaly

10.0043, 0.2435, 0.2763

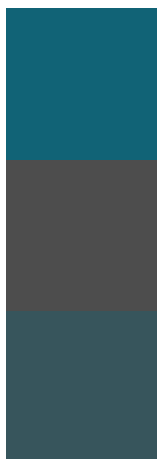
Deuteranomaly

10.0904, 0.2377, 0.2651

Tritanomaly

10.3229, 0.2171, 0.2966

Monochromacy



Original Color

10.3509, 0.2150, 0.2795

Achromatopsia

7.4214, 0.3127, 0.3290

Achromatomaly

8.0819, 0.2582, 0.3089

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Yxy 10.3509, 0.2150, 0.2795 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(17, 99, 118)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
  color:rgb(17, 99, 118)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(17, 99, 118) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(17, 99, 118) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Yxy 10.3509, 0.2150, 0.2795 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(17, 99, 118) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(17, 99, 118) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(17, 99, 118)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(17, 99, 118); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(17, 99, 118);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(17, 99,  
118) }
```


Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Yxy 10.3509, 0.2150, 0.2795 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(17, 99, 118) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(17, 99,  
118) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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