

Converting Colors

$Y_{xy}(10.4461, 0.2812, 0.2235)$

Have a look what the booklet for
Yxy(10.4461, 0.2812, 0.2235)
contains.

Yxy(10.4461, 0.2812, 0.2235)	3
Conversions	4
Details	6
Harmonies	12
Previews	24
Color Blindness Simulation	27
CSS Examples	30

Color

Yxy(10.4461, 0.2812, 0.2235)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	6C4F84
RGB	108, 79, 132
RGB Percent	42%, 31%, 52%
CMY	0.5765, 0.6901, 0.4824
CMYK	0.18, 0.40, 0.00, 0.48
HSL	273°, 25%, 41%
HSV	273°, 40%, 52%
XYZ	13.1429, 10.4461, 23.1497
YIQ	93.7130, 0.2710, 22.6310

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

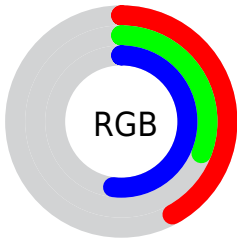
Format	Color
R_{YB}	108, 79, 132
Decimal	7098244
CIE _{Lab}	38.63, 23.08, -25.18
CIE _{LCh}	39, 34.152, 312.506
Yxy	10.4461, 0.2812, 0.2235
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4285288324 (0xFF6C4F84)
YUV	93.7130, 18.8755, 12.5297
Hunter-Lab	32.3204, 16.0253, -19.8425

Details

The Yxy color **10.4461, 0.2812, 0.2235** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **666699**. A complement of this color would be **19.9493, 0.3342, 0.4370**, and the grayscale version is **11.0770, 0.3127, 0.3290**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **26.6769, 0.2902, 0.2489**, and **2.6831, 0.2621, 0.1804** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **8.3652, 0.2707, 0.1956**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **12.9317, 0.2907, 0.2515**.

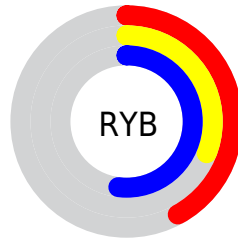
Distribution



Red (42%)

Green (31%)

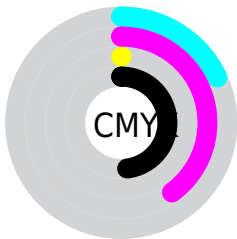
Blue (52%)



Red (42%)

Yellow (31%)

Blue (52%)

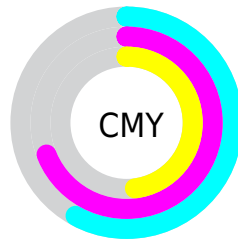


Cyan (18%)

Magenta (40%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (48%)



Cyan (58%)

Magenta (69%)

Yellow (48%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Yxy color 10.4461, 0.2812, 0.2235 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Yxy color 10.4461, 0.2812, 0.2235 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

10.4461, 0.2812,
0.2235

10.4461, 0.2812,
0.2235

193.8270, 0.3017,
0.2847

5.6957, 0.2736,
0.2049

26.6313, 0.2902,
0.2481

2.6610, 0.2616,
0.1788

38.8348, 0.2931,
0.2566

0.9574, 0.2410,
0.1405

54.2916, 0.2954,
0.2635

0.0000, 0.1939,
0.0000

73.3859, 0.2971,
0.2692

0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

96.5022, 0.2986,
0.2740

124.0249, 0.2998,

0.2781

156.3384, 0.3008,
0.2816

■ 10.4461, 0.2812,
0.2235

■ 10.4461, 0.2812,
0.2235

■ 8.3652, 0.2707,
0.1956

■ 12.9317, 0.2907,
0.2515

■ 6.6648, 0.2595,
0.1688

■ 15.8419, 0.2991,
0.2788

■ 5.3197, 0.2478,
0.1445

■ 19.1967, 0.3064,
0.3046

■ 4.3015, 0.2361,
0.1239

■ 23.0145, 0.3126,
0.3287

■ 3.5769, 0.2249,
0.1079

■ 27.3127, 0.3179,
0.3508

■ 3.0502, 0.2144,
0.0955

■ 32.1077, 0.3224,
0.3709

■ 37.4151, 0.3260,
0.3891

■ 43.2499, 0.3291,
0.4054

■ 49.6263, 0.3316,
0.4201

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



10.4461, 0.2198, 0.2107



10.4461, 0.2812, 0.2235



10.4461, 0.3607, 0.2573

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



10.4461, 0.2812, 0.2235



10.4461, 0.4529, 0.4193



10.4461, 0.2026, 0.3370

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



10.4461, 0.2812, 0.2235



19.9493, 0.3342, 0.4370

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



10.4461, 0.2557, 0.4205



10.4461, 0.2812, 0.2235



10.4461, 0.4004, 0.4635

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



10.4461, 0.2812, 0.2235



10.4461, 0.4674, 0.3626



10.4461, 0.3281, 0.4704



10.4461, 0.1792, 0.2647

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



10.4461, 0.2812, 0.2235



10.4461, 0.4117, 0.2887



10.4461, 0.3281, 0.4704



10.4461, 0.2172, 0.3655

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



10.4465, 0.2812, 0.2235



32.4938, 0.3049, 0.2993



13.1760, 0.2502, 0.2678



7.4143, 0.3042, 0.2965



67.3860, 0.3127, 0.3290



9.4630, 0.3127, 0.3290

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



10.4465, 0.2812, 0.2235



15.0956, 0.2719, 0.1985



12.1163, 0.3198, 0.2369



4.6607, 0.3071, 0.3071



2.9570, 0.2145, 0.0955



0.0146, 0.2610, 0.1212

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



11.4782, 0.3643, 0.2833



17.2661, 0.3814, 0.2734



18.7534, 0.3056, 0.4425



4.7212, 0.3214, 0.3192



5.0649, 0.5091, 0.2578



0.0190, 0.4154, 0.2062

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 10.4461, 0.2812, 0.2235 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 10.4461, 0.2812, 0.2235 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

Yxy 10.4461, 0.2812, 0.2235

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Yxy color 10.4461, 0.2812, 0.2235.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Yxy color 10.4461, 0.2812, 0.2235.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

10.4461, 0.2812, 0.2235

Protanopia

10.6519, 0.2310, 0.2195

Deuteranopia

10.5018, 0.2452, 0.2396



Tritanopia

10.4493, 0.3267, 0.3130

Trichromacy



Original Color

10.4461, 0.2812, 0.2235

Protanomaly

10.4690, 0.2466, 0.2196

Deuteranomaly

10.3690, 0.2562, 0.2320

Tritanomaly

10.3664, 0.3087, 0.2762

Monochromacy



Original Color

10.4461, 0.2812, 0.2235

Achromatopsia

11.1932, 0.3127, 0.3290

Achromatomaly

10.8801, 0.3007, 0.2864

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Yxy 10.4461, 0.2812, 0.2235 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(108, 79, 132)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(108, 79, 132)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(108, 79, 132) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(108, 79, 132) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Yxy 10.4461, 0.2812, 0.2235 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(108, 79, 132) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(108, 79, 132) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(108, 79, 132)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(108, 79, 132); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(108, 79, 132);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(108, 79,  
132) }
```


Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Yxy 10.4461, 0.2812, 0.2235 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(108, 79, 132) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(108, 79,  
132) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor