

Converting Colors

$Y_{xy}(10.4531, 0.4061, 0.5358)$

Have a look what the booklet for
Yxy(10.4531, 0.4061, 0.5358)
contains.

Yxy(10.4807, 0.3990, 0.5214)	3
Conversions	4
Details	6
Harmonies	12
Previews	24
Color Blindness Simulation	27
CSS Examples	30

Color

Yxy(10.4807, 0.3990, 0.5214)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	556100
RGB	85, 97, 0
RGB Percent	33%, 38%, 0%
CMY	0.6667, 0.6196, 1.0000
CMYK	0.12, 0.00, 1.00, 0.62
HSL	67°, 100%, 19%
HSV	67°, 100%, 38%
XYZ	8.0203, 10.4807, 1.6000
YIQ	82.3540, 23.9850, -32.7110

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

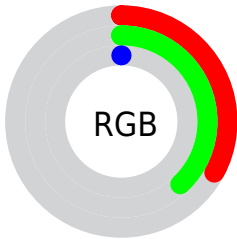
Format	Color
RYB	0, 97, 12
Decimal	5595392
CIELab	38.69, -16.43, 45.31
CIELCh	39, 48.196, 109.934
Yxy	10.4807, 0.3990, 0.5214
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4283785472 (0xFF556100)
YUV	82.3540, -40.6005, 2.3205
Hunter-Lab	32.3739, -12.4327, 19.7314

Details

The Yxy color **10.4807, 0.3990, 0.5214** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **666600**. A complement of this color would be **0.9414, 0.1580, 0.0644**, and the grayscale version is **8.5924, 0.3127, 0.3290**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **26.5661, 0.3861, 0.4737**, and **2.7250, 0.3732, 0.5419** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **10.4812, 0.3990, 0.5214**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **10.5592, 0.3967, 0.5119**.

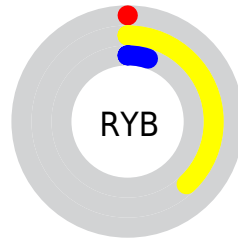
Distribution



Red (33%)

Green (38%)

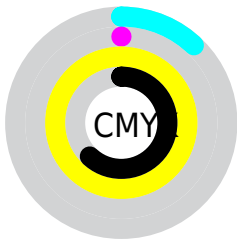
Blue (0%)



Red (0%)

Yellow (38%)

Blue (5%)

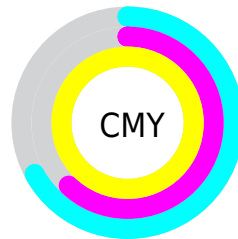


Cyan (12%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (100%)

Black (62%)



Cyan (67%)


Magenta (62%)


Yellow (100%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Yxy color 10.4807, 0.3990, 0.5214 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Yxy color 10.4807, 0.3990, 0.5214 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 10.4807, 0.3990,
0.5214


 10.4807, 0.3990,
0.5214


 194.0693, 0.3546,
0.4042


 5.7188, 0.4091,
0.5623

 26.6958, 0.3852,
0.4742


 2.6749, 0.4013,
0.5987

 38.9178, 0.3789,
0.4577

 0.9644, 0.3474,
0.6526

 54.3953, 0.3733,
0.4443


 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000


 73.5128, 0.3685,
0.4333

 96.6545, 0.3643,
0.4242

 124.2049, 0.3606,


0.4165


 156.5484, 0.3574,
0.4099

 10.4807, 0.3990,
0.5214


 10.4807, 0.3990,
0.5214


 10.4812, 0.3990,
0.5214

 10.5592, 0.3967,
0.5119

 10.6440, 0.3935,
0.5008

 10.7434, 0.3880,
0.4858

 10.8590, 0.3804,
0.4675

 10.9920, 0.3710,
0.4465

■ 11.1435, 0.3603,
0.4237

■ 11.3147, 0.3488,
0.3998

■ 11.5064, 0.3367,
0.3756

■ 11.7196, 0.3246,
0.3519

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



10.4807, 0.4823, 0.4567



10.4807, 0.3990, 0.5214



10.4807, 0.3003, 0.5265

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



10.4807, 0.3990, 0.5214



10.4807, 0.1367, 0.2196



10.4807, 0.4063, 0.2466

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



10.4807, 0.3990, 0.5214



0.9414, 0.1580, 0.0644

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



10.4807, 0.2925, 0.1990



10.4807, 0.3990, 0.5214



10.4807, 0.1535, 0.1802

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



10.4807, 0.3990, 0.5214



10.4807, 0.1535, 0.3064



10.4807, 0.2042, 0.1755



10.4807, 0.4996, 0.3102

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



10.4807, 0.3990, 0.5214



10.4807, 0.2374, 0.4735



10.4807, 0.2042, 0.1755



10.4807, 0.3677, 0.2284

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



10.4812, 0.3990, 0.5214



19.3654, 0.3498, 0.4019



2.7884, 0.6228, 0.3437



4.7865, 0.3532, 0.4089



52.2522, 0.3127, 0.3290



5.0876, 0.3127, 0.3290

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



10.4812, 0.3990, 0.5214



17.9359, 0.3984, 0.5219



8.9471, 0.3265, 0.5790



2.9545, 0.3233, 0.3493



14.2461, 0.3986, 0.5217



75.8468, 0.3973, 0.5227

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



0.9414, 0.1580, 0.0644



1.5850, 0.1563, 0.0635



1.8182, 0.2321, 0.1052



2.5292, 0.3017, 0.3081



1.2669, 0.1569, 0.0638



6.5448, 0.1538, 0.0621

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 10.4807, 0.3990, 0.5214 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

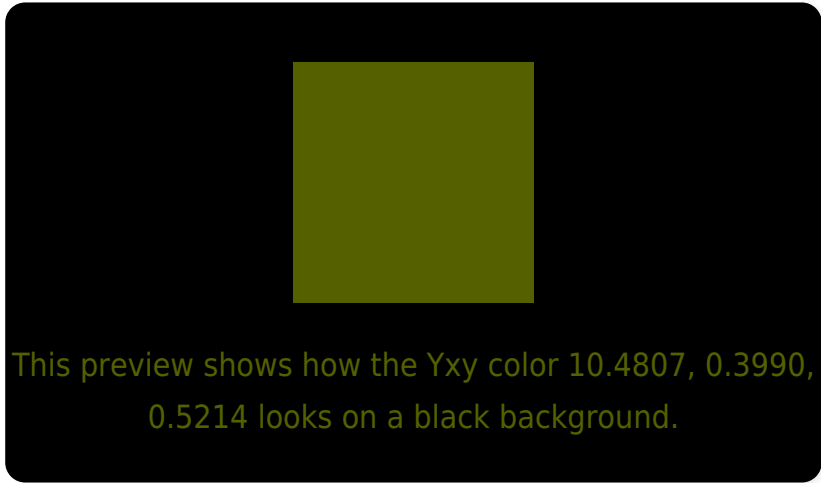
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

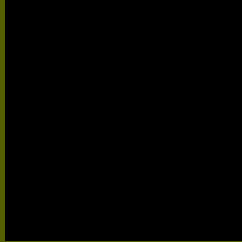
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

Yxy 10.4807, 0.3990, 0.5214

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Yxy color 10.4807, 0.3990, 0.5214.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Yxy color 10.4807, 0.3990, 0.5214.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

10.4807, 0.3990, 0.5214

Protanopia

10.3657, 0.4401, 0.4887

Deuteranopia

10.3378, 0.4609, 0.4542



Tritanopia

10.4507, 0.3056, 0.3123

Trichromacy



Original Color

10.4807, 0.3990, 0.5214

Protanomaly

10.3155, 0.4245, 0.5011

Deuteranomaly

10.2773, 0.4387, 0.4786

Tritanomaly

10.3003, 0.3522, 0.4074

Monochromacy



Original Color

10.4807, 0.3990, 0.5214

Achromatopsia

8.4376, 0.3127, 0.3290

Achromatomaly

8.9033, 0.3606, 0.4226

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Yxy 10.4807, 0.3990, 0.5214 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(85, 97, 0)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(85, 97, 0)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(85, 97, 0) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(85, 97, 0) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Yxy 10.4807, 0.3990, 0.5214 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(85, 97, 0) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(85, 97, 0) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(85, 97, 0)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(85, 97, 0); -webkit-box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(85, 97, 0); box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(85, 97, 0) }
```


Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Yxy 10.4807, 0.3990, 0.5214 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(85, 97, 0) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(85, 97,  
0) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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