

Converting Colors

$Y_{xy}(10.4640, 0.2258, 0.3104)$

Have a look what the booklet for
Yxy(10.4640, 0.2258, 0.3104)
contains.

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Color

Yxy(10.5395, 0.2265, 0.3126)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	16656B
RGB	22, 101, 107
RGB Percent	9%, 40%, 42%
CMY	0.9141, 0.6039, 0.5804
CMYK	0.80, 0.06, 0.00, 0.58
HSL	184°, 66%, 25%
HSV	184°, 80%, 42%
XYZ	7.6366, 10.5395, 15.5395
YIQ	78.0630, -49.0100, -14.8820

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

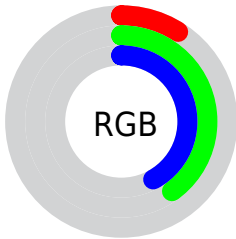
Format	Color
R_{YB}	22, 63, 107
Decimal	1467755
CIE Lab	38.79, -20.43, -10.05
CIE LCh	39, 22.764, 206.187
Yxy	10.5395, 0.2265, 0.3126
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4279657835 (0xFF16656B)
YUV	78.0630, 14.2659, -49.1673
Hunter-Lab	32.4646, -14.8248, -5.6546

Details

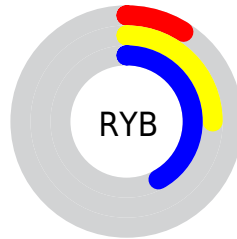
The Yxy color **10.5395, 0.2265, 0.3126** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **006666**. A complement of this color would be **4.0087, 0.5606, 0.3395**, and the grayscale version is **7.6063, 0.3127, 0.3290**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **26.7189, 0.2486, 0.3181**, and **2.9646, 0.2171, 0.3015** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **10.2974, 0.2223, 0.3103**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **10.8341, 0.2324, 0.3149**.

Distribution



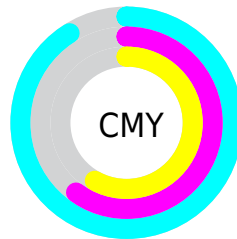
- Red (9%)
- Green (40%)
- Blue (42%)



- Red (9%)
- Yellow (25%)
- Blue (42%)



- Cyan (80%)
- Magenta (6%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (58%)





- Cyan (91%)
- Magenta (60%)
- Yellow (58%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the Yxy color 10.5395, 0.2265, 0.3126 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Yxy color 10.5395, 0.2265, 0.3126 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 10.5395, 0.2265,
0.3126


 10.5395, 0.2265,
0.3126


194.4804, 0.2787,
0.3241


 5.7581, 0.2090,
0.3076

 26.8054, 0.2484,
0.3180


 2.6986, 0.1831,
0.2989


 39.0587, 0.2556,
0.3196

 0.9765, 0.1253,
0.2867

 54.5715, 0.2614,
0.3208

 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

 73.7280, 0.2662,
0.3218

 96.9128, 0.2701,
0.3225

 124.5102, 0.2734,

0.3231

156.9046, 0.2763,
0.3236

10.5395, 0.2265,
0.3126

10.5395, 0.2265,
0.3126

10.2974, 0.2223,
0.3103

10.8341, 0.2324,
0.3149

10.0839, 0.2191,
0.3081

11.1857, 0.2400,
0.3171

10.0737, 0.2189,
0.3080

11.5995, 0.2492,
0.3194

12.0797, 0.2599,
0.3215

12.6305, 0.2720,
0.3236

■ 13.2552, 0.2851,
0.3256

■ 13.9575, 0.2990,
0.3274

■ 14.7403, 0.3134,
0.3291

■ 15.6067, 0.3282,
0.3306

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



10.5395, 0.2562, 0.3651



10.5395, 0.2265, 0.3126



10.5395, 0.2184, 0.2711

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



10.5395, 0.2265, 0.3126



10.5395, 0.3163, 0.2641



10.5395, 0.3961, 0.4088

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



10.5395, 0.2265, 0.3126



4.0087, 0.5606, 0.3395

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



10.5395, 0.4166, 0.3747



10.5395, 0.2265, 0.3126



10.5395, 0.3689, 0.2946

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



10.5395, 0.2265, 0.3126



10.5395, 0.2669, 0.2478



10.5395, 0.4069, 0.3338



10.5395, 0.3537, 0.4240

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



10.5395, 0.2265, 0.3126



10.5395, 0.2254, 0.2543



10.5395, 0.4069, 0.3338



10.5395, 0.4059, 0.3989

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



10.5399, 0.2265, 0.3126



23.1445, 0.2782, 0.3246



10.7653, 0.2985, 0.5549



5.5292, 0.2746, 0.3240



57.0482, 0.3127, 0.3290



6.3724, 0.3127, 0.3290

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



10.5399, 0.2265, 0.3126



18.1458, 0.2200, 0.3085



4.3366, 0.1940, 0.1855



3.4573, 0.2997, 0.3275



12.2391, 0.2188, 0.3078



61.8362, 0.2185, 0.3065

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



4.6357, 0.3334, 0.1777



7.3848, 0.3378, 0.1661



7.5790, 0.4733, 0.4268



3.1604, 0.3146, 0.3099



4.9079, 0.3386, 0.1639



24.9546, 0.3397, 0.1645

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 10.5395, 0.2265, 0.3126 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 10.5395, 0.2265, 0.3126 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

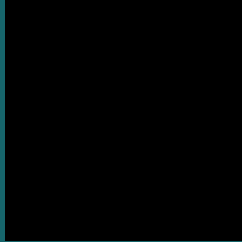
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

Yxy 10.5395, 0.2265, 0.3126

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Yxy color 10.5395, 0.2265, 0.3126.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Yxy color 10.5395, 0.2265, 0.3126.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

10.5395, 0.2265, 0.3126

Protanopia

10.4061, 0.2983, 0.3051

Deuteranopia

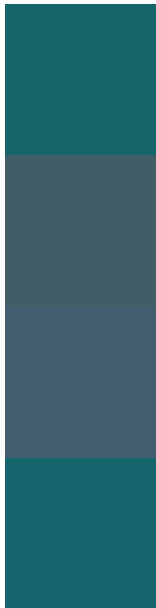
10.4947, 0.2861, 0.2805



Tritanopia

10.6057, 0.2258, 0.3074

Trichromacy



Original Color

10.5395, 0.2265, 0.3126

Protanomaly

10.1085, 0.2610, 0.3057

Deuteranomaly

10.0911, 0.2552, 0.2887

Tritanomaly

10.5722, 0.2262, 0.3100

Monochromacy



Original Color

10.5395, 0.2265, 0.3126

Achromatopsia

7.6185, 0.3127, 0.3290

Achromatomaly

8.2764, 0.2661, 0.3203

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Yxy 10.5395, 0.2265, 0.3126 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(22, 101, 107)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(22, 101, 107)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(22, 101, 107) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(22, 101, 107) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Yxy 10.5395, 0.2265, 0.3126 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(22, 101, 107) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(22, 101, 107) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(22, 101, 107) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(22, 101, 107); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(22, 101, 107);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(22, 101,  
107) }
```


Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Yxy 10.5395, 0.2265, 0.3126 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(22, 101, 107) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(22, 101,  
107) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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