

Converting Colors

$Y_{xy}(10.4799, 0.5452, 0.4053)$

Have a look what the booklet for
Yxy(10.4799, 0.5452, 0.4053)
contains.

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Color

Yxy(10.4913, 0.5439, 0.4063)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	924600
RGB	146, 70, 0
RGB Percent	57%, 27%, 0%
CMY	0.4275, 0.7255, 0.9998
CMYK	0.00, 0.52, 1.00, 0.43
HSL	29°, 100%, 29%
HSV	29°, 100%, 57%
XYZ	14.0443, 10.4913, 1.2859
YIQ	84.7440, 67.7660, -5.6580

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

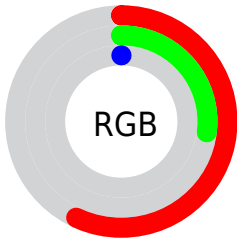
Format	Color
R_{YB}	146, 134, 0
Decimal	9586176
CIE _{Lab}	38.71, 28.52, 48.78
CIE _{LCh}	39, 56.506, 59.690
Yxy	10.4913, 0.5439, 0.4063
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4287776256 (0xFF924600)
YUV	84.7440, -41.7788, 53.7215
Hunter-Lab	32.3903, 20.7142, 20.3193

Details

The Yxy color **10.4913, 0.5439, 0.4063** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **993300**. A complement of this color would be **7.2494, 0.1800, 0.1678**, and the grayscale version is **9.1077, 0.3127, 0.3290**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **26.8211, 0.4931, 0.4028**, and **2.6875, 0.5926, 0.3677** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **10.4891, 0.5440, 0.4063**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **11.5374, 0.5214, 0.4111**.

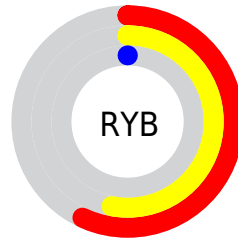
Distribution



Red (57%)

Green (27%)

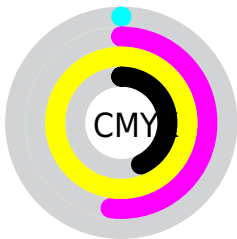
Blue (0%)



Red (57%)

Yellow (53%)

Blue (0%)

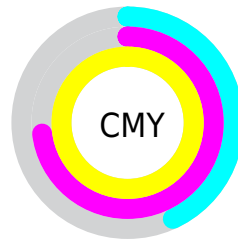


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (52%)

Yellow (100%)

Black (43%)



Cyan (43%)

Magenta (73%)


Yellow (100%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the Yxy color 10.4913, 0.5439, 0.4063 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Yxy color 10.4913, 0.5439, 0.4063 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 10.4913, 0.5439,
0.4063

 10.4913, 0.5439,
0.4063


 194.1435, 0.4096,
0.3768


 5.7259, 0.5877,
0.4087

 26.7156, 0.4929,
0.4021


 2.6791, 0.6160,
0.3840


 38.9432, 0.4740,
0.3980


 0.9666, 0.6595,
0.3405

 54.4271, 0.4583,
0.3938

 0.0000, 1.0000,
0.0000

 73.5516, 0.4452,
0.3898


 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

 96.7011, 0.4342,
0.3861

 124.2600, 0.4248,

0.3827


 156.6126, 0.4166,
0.3796

 10.4913, 0.5439,
0.4063


 10.4913, 0.5439,
0.4063


 10.4891, 0.5440,
0.4063

 11.5374, 0.5214,
0.4111

 12.7306, 0.4965,
0.4120

 14.0868, 0.4694,
0.4081

 15.6143, 0.4416,
0.4003

 17.3203, 0.4147,
0.3899

■ 19.2116, 0.3895,
0.3779

■ 21.2945, 0.3667,
0.3654

■ 23.5751, 0.3463,
0.3527

■ 26.0590, 0.3284,
0.3405

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



10.4913, 0.5487, 0.3273



10.4913, 0.5439, 0.4063



10.4913, 0.4718, 0.4945

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



10.4913, 0.5439, 0.4063



10.4913, 0.1674, 0.4006



10.4913, 0.2161, 0.1624

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



10.4913, 0.5439, 0.4063



7.2494, 0.1800, 0.1678

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



10.4913, 0.1480, 0.1563



10.4913, 0.5439, 0.4063



10.4913, 0.1227, 0.2600

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



10.4913, 0.5439, 0.4063



10.4913, 0.2572, 0.5423



10.4913, 0.1185, 0.1836



10.4913, 0.3292, 0.1970

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



10.4913, 0.5439, 0.4063



10.4913, 0.4038, 0.5469



10.4913, 0.1185, 0.1836



10.4913, 0.1885, 0.1571

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



10.4919, 0.5439, 0.4063



37.3227, 0.3681, 0.3662



6.6602, 0.4781, 0.2408



7.9896, 0.3764, 0.3709



72.9347, 0.3127, 0.3290



11.2805, 0.3127, 0.3290

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



10.4919, 0.5439, 0.4063



18.1691, 0.5470, 0.4039



25.2003, 0.4251, 0.5006



6.2466, 0.3271, 0.3396



9.2747, 0.5432, 0.4069



0.1720, 0.4802, 0.4569

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



7.2494, 0.1800, 0.1678



12.4431, 0.1790, 0.1645



2.1821, 0.1508, 0.0628



6.1026, 0.2989, 0.3181



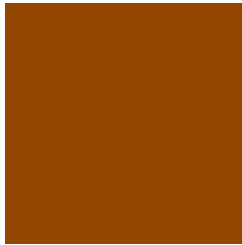
6.4217, 0.1802, 0.1686



0.1376, 0.2011, 0.2438

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 10.4913, 0.5439, 0.4063 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

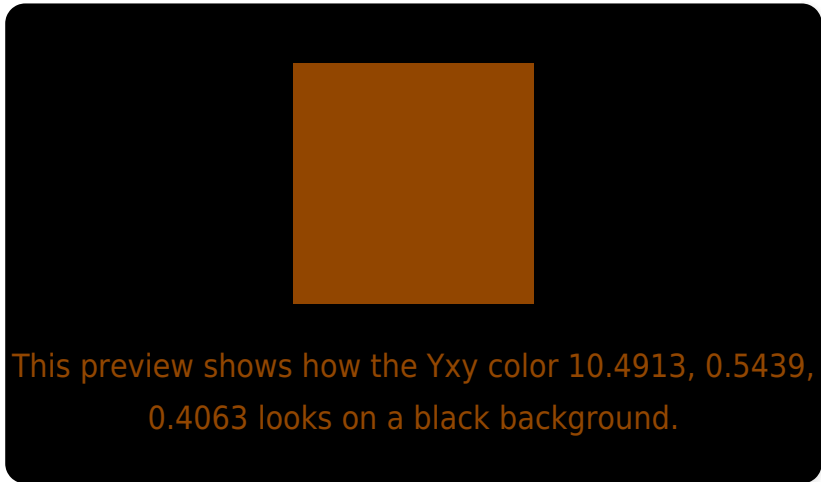
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

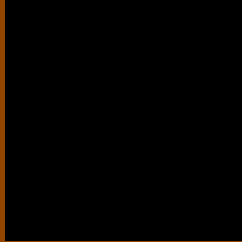
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

Yxy 10.4913, 0.5439, 0.4063

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Yxy color 10.4913, 0.5439, 0.4063.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Yxy color 10.4913, 0.5439, 0.4063.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

10.4913, 0.5439, 0.4063

Protanopia

10.6264, 0.4336, 0.4795

Deuteranopia

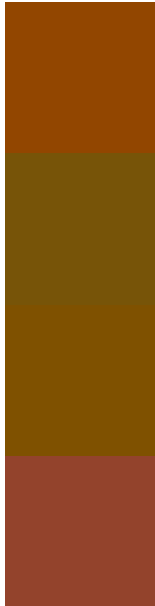
10.5294, 0.4692, 0.4656



Tritanopia

10.5062, 0.4664, 0.3229

Trichromacy



Original Color

10.4913, 0.5439, 0.4063

Protanomaly

10.2801, 0.4758, 0.4520

Deuteranomaly

10.3969, 0.4980, 0.4428

Tritanomaly

10.3992, 0.5082, 0.3646

Monochromacy



Original Color

10.4913, 0.5439, 0.4063

Achromatopsia

9.0842, 0.3127, 0.3290

Achromatomaly

9.1295, 0.4089, 0.3889

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Yxy 10.4913, 0.5439, 0.4063 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(146, 70, 0)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
  color:rgb(146, 70, 0)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(146, 70, 0) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(146, 70, 0) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Yxy 10.4913, 0.5439, 0.4063 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(146, 70, 0) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(146, 70, 0) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(146, 70, 0)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(146, 70, 0); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(146, 70, 0);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(146, 70, 0)  
}
```


Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Yxy 10.4913, 0.5439, 0.4063 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(146, 70, 0) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(146, 70,  
0) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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