

Converting Colors

$Y_{xy}(10.4935, 0.5207, 0.4117)$

Have a look what the booklet for
Yxy(10.4935, 0.5207, 0.4117)
contains.

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Color

Yxy(10.4156, 0.5209, 0.4120)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	8B4A0D
RGB	139, 74, 13
RGB Percent	55%, 29%, 5%
CMY	0.4549, 0.7098, 0.9491
CMYK	0.00, 0.47, 0.91, 0.45
HSL	29°, 83%, 30%
HSV	29°, 91%, 55%
XYZ	13.1687, 10.4156, 1.6963
YIQ	86.4810, 58.3210, -5.1910

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

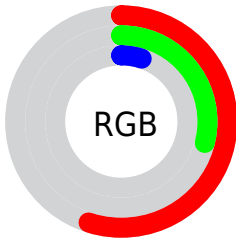
Format	Color
RYB	139, 131, 13
Decimal	9128461
CIELab	38.58, 23.47, 44.15
CIElCh	39, 50.002, 62.001
Yxy	10.4156, 0.5209, 0.4120
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4287318541 (0xFF8B4A0D)
YUV	86.4810, -36.2261, 46.0592
Hunter-Lab	32.2732, 16.3564, 19.4749

Details

The Yxy color **10.4156, 0.5209, 0.4120** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **663300**. A complement of this color would be **7.3943, 0.1868, 0.1830**, and the grayscale version is **9.4834, 0.3127, 0.3290**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **26.5306, 0.4740, 0.4021**, and **2.6695, 0.5724, 0.3837** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **9.5403, 0.5419, 0.4079**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **11.4782, 0.4965, 0.4130**.

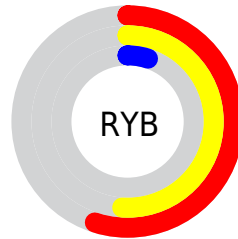
Distribution



Red (55%)

Green (29%)

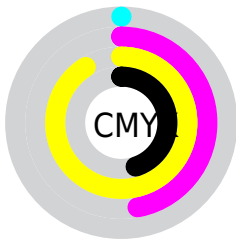
Blue (5%)



Red (55%)

Yellow (51%)

Blue (5%)

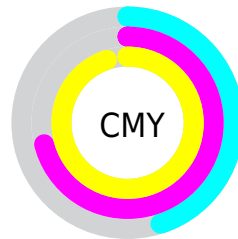


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (47%)

Yellow (91%)

Black (45%)



Cyan (45%)


Magenta (71%)


Yellow (95%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the Yxy color 10.4156, 0.5209, 0.4120 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Yxy color 10.4156, 0.5209, 0.4120 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 10.4156, 0.5209,
0.4120


 10.4156, 0.5209,
0.4120


 193.6131, 0.3979,
0.3747

 5.6754, 0.5582,
0.4156

 26.5743, 0.4730,
0.4028


 2.6487, 0.5958,
0.4042

 38.7616, 0.4557,
0.3976


 0.9512, 0.6340,
0.3660

 54.2000, 0.4415,
0.3927

 0.0000, 1.0000,
0.0000


 73.2740, 0.4297,
0.3882


 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000


 96.3679, 0.4198,
0.3843


 123.8661, 0.4114,


0.3807


 156.1530, 0.4042,
0.3776


 10.4156, 0.5209,
0.4120


 10.4156, 0.5209,
0.4120

 9.5403, 0.5419,
0.4079

 11.4782, 0.4965,
0.4130

 12.6833, 0.4697,
0.4091

 14.0385, 0.4422,
0.4014

 15.5503, 0.4156,
0.3910

 17.2247, 0.3906,
0.3791

■ 19.0671, 0.3678,
0.3664

■ 21.0828, 0.3474,
0.3537

■ 23.2767, 0.3295,
0.3414

■ 25.6537, 0.3137,
0.3297

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



10.4156, 0.5268, 0.3371



10.4156, 0.5209, 0.4120



10.4156, 0.4552, 0.4898

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



10.4156, 0.5209, 0.4120



10.4156, 0.1776, 0.3824



10.4156, 0.2324, 0.1775

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



10.4156, 0.5209, 0.4120



7.3943, 0.1868, 0.1830

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



10.4156, 0.1653, 0.1701



10.4156, 0.5209, 0.4120



10.4156, 0.1372, 0.2621

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



10.4156, 0.5209, 0.4120



10.4156, 0.2586, 0.5077



10.4156, 0.1347, 0.1943



10.4156, 0.3376, 0.2120

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



10.4156, 0.5209, 0.4120



10.4156, 0.3935, 0.5310



10.4156, 0.1347, 0.1943



10.4156, 0.2056, 0.1719

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



10.4162, 0.5209, 0.4120



35.2232, 0.3613, 0.3625



6.3275, 0.4627, 0.2406



7.8764, 0.3676, 0.3663



71.0566, 0.3127, 0.3290



10.6539, 0.3127, 0.3290

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



10.4162, 0.5209, 0.4120



16.7561, 0.5451, 0.4054



23.3802, 0.4191, 0.4986



5.4222, 0.3269, 0.3396



8.6449, 0.5412, 0.4085



0.0865, 0.4794, 0.4576

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



7.3943, 0.1868, 0.1830



11.2328, 0.1787, 0.1633



2.2933, 0.1567, 0.0719



5.2909, 0.2991, 0.3182



5.8636, 0.1799, 0.1675



0.0683, 0.2007, 0.2426

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 10.4156, 0.5209, 0.4120 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

Yxy 10.4156, 0.5209, 0.4120

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Yxy color 10.4156, 0.5209, 0.4120.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Yxy color 10.4156, 0.5209, 0.4120.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

10.4156, 0.5209, 0.4120

Protanopia

10.5815, 0.4288, 0.4761

Deuteranopia

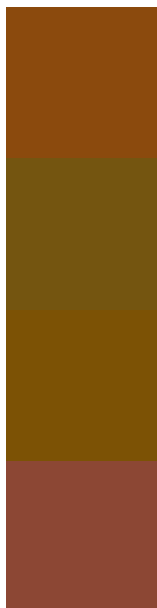
10.5294, 0.4692, 0.4656



Tritanopia

10.4134, 0.4416, 0.3205

Trichromacy



Original Color

10.4156, 0.5209, 0.4120

Protanomaly

10.2474, 0.4644, 0.4513

Deuteranomaly

10.3306, 0.4890, 0.4448

Tritanomaly

10.3299, 0.4796, 0.3620

Monochromacy



Original Color

10.4156, 0.5209, 0.4120

Achromatopsia

9.3059, 0.3127, 0.3290

Achromatomaly

9.3536, 0.3944, 0.3830

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Yxy 10.4156, 0.5209, 0.4120 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(139, 74, 13)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(139, 74, 13)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(139, 74, 13) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(139, 74, 13) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Yxy 10.4156, 0.5209, 0.4120 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(139, 74, 13) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(139, 74, 13) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(139, 74, 13) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(139, 74, 13); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(139, 74, 13);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(139, 74,  
13) }
```


Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Yxy 10.4156, 0.5209, 0.4120 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(139, 74, 13) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(139, 74,  
13) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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