

Converting Colors

$Y_{xy}(10.5356, 0.2730, 0.5028)$

Have a look what the booklet for
Yxy(10.5356, 0.2730, 0.5028)
contains.

Yxy(10.5384, 0.2726, 0.5014)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	24
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	27
<i>CSS Examples</i>	30

Color

Yxy(10.5384, 0.2726, 0.5014)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	006A32
RGB	0, 106, 50
RGB Percent	0%, 42%, 20%
CMY	1.0000, 0.5843, 0.8039
CMYK	1.00, 0.00, 0.53, 0.58
HSL	148°, 100%, 21%
HSV	148°, 100%, 42%
XYZ	5.7295, 10.5384, 4.7501
YIQ	67.9220, -45.2000, -39.8880

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

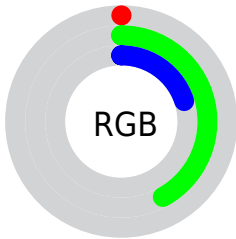
Format	Color
RYB	0, 72, 106
Decimal	27186
CIELab	38.79, -40.12, 24.06
CIELCh	39, 46.786, 149.048
Yxy	10.5384, 0.2726, 0.5014
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278217266 (0xFF006A32)
YUV	67.9220, -8.8355, -59.5676
Hunter-Lab	32.4629, -25.3060, 14.0486

Details

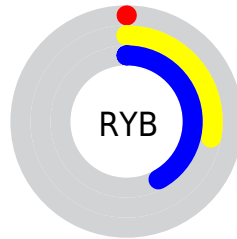
The Yxy color **10.5384, 0.2726, 0.5014** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **006633**. A complement of this color would be **3.3499, 0.4741, 0.2385**, and the grayscale version is **5.7877, 0.3127, 0.3290**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **26.6752, 0.2862, 0.4482**, and **2.9350, 0.2956, 0.5843** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **10.5390, 0.2726, 0.5014**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **10.6588, 0.2713, 0.4827**.

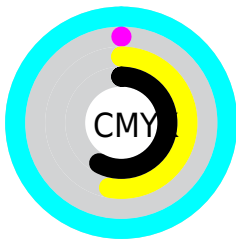
Distribution



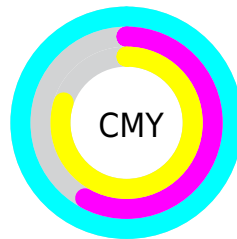
- Red (0%)
- Green (42%)
- Blue (20%)



- Red (0%)
- Yellow (28%)
- Blue (42%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (53%)
- Black (58%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (58%)
- Yellow (80%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Yxy color 10.5384, 0.2726, 0.5014 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Yxy color 10.5384, 0.2726, 0.5014 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 10.5384, 0.2726,
0.5014

■ 10.5384, 0.2726,
0.5014

■ 194.4727, 0.3016,
0.3873

■ 5.7574, 0.2585,
0.5471

■ 26.8034, 0.2868,
0.4497

■ 2.6981, 0.2350,
0.6291

■ 39.0561, 0.2909,
0.4338

■ 0.9762, 0.0000,
1.0000

■ 54.5682, 0.2938,
0.4215


■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 73.7240, 0.2961,
0.4118

■ 96.9080, 0.2979,
0.4040


■ 124.5045, 0.2994,


0.3974

 156.8979, 0.3006,
0.3920


 10.5384, 0.2726,
0.5014


 10.5384, 0.2726,
0.5014


 10.5390, 0.2726,
0.5014

 10.6588, 0.2713,
0.4827

 10.8095, 0.2708,
0.4635

 11.0155, 0.2720,
0.4439

 11.2826, 0.2749,
0.4244

 11.6158, 0.2792,
0.4055

■ 12.0193, 0.2847,
0.3876

■ 12.4973, 0.2910,
0.3709

■ 13.0534, 0.2980,
0.3555

■ 13.6912, 0.3052,
0.3416

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



10.5384, 0.3693, 0.5262



10.5384, 0.2726, 0.5014



10.5384, 0.1920, 0.3918

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



10.5384, 0.2726, 0.5014



10.5384, 0.1686, 0.1792



10.5384, 0.5096, 0.3320

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



10.5384, 0.2726, 0.5014



3.3499, 0.4741, 0.2385

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



10.5384, 0.4358, 0.2666



10.5384, 0.2726, 0.5014



10.5384, 0.2295, 0.1833

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



10.5384, 0.2726, 0.5014



10.5384, 0.1423, 0.2067



10.5384, 0.3257, 0.2140



10.5384, 0.5130, 0.4034

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



10.5384, 0.2726, 0.5014



10.5384, 0.1586, 0.3108



10.5384, 0.3257, 0.2140



10.5384, 0.4921, 0.3094

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



10.5390, 0.2726, 0.5014



21.8571, 0.2905, 0.3722



11.1650, 0.3446, 0.5646



5.0578, 0.2885, 0.3772



55.4222, 0.3127, 0.3290



5.9254, 0.3127, 0.3290

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



10.5390, 0.2726, 0.5014



18.4721, 0.2739, 0.5060



11.2774, 0.2273, 0.3384



3.4663, 0.3060, 0.3402



13.0716, 0.2731, 0.5033



66.4327, 0.2759, 0.5132

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



3.3499, 0.4741, 0.2385



5.8554, 0.4793, 0.2414



3.0721, 0.6334, 0.3263



3.1410, 0.3200, 0.3181



4.1502, 0.4762, 0.2397



20.9701, 0.4875, 0.2459

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 10.5384, 0.2726, 0.5014 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 10.5384, 0.2726, 0.5014 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

Yxy 10.5384, 0.2726, 0.5014

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Yxy color 10.5384, 0.2726, 0.5014.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Yxy color 10.5384, 0.2726, 0.5014.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

10.5384, 0.2726, 0.5014

Protanopia

10.4383, 0.3990, 0.4347

Deuteranopia

10.4717, 0.4066, 0.3997



Tritanopia

10.6685, 0.2359, 0.3078

Trichromacy



Original Color

10.5384, 0.2726, 0.5014

Protanomaly

9.6610, 0.3295, 0.4675

Deuteranomaly

9.6020, 0.3340, 0.4428

Tritanomaly

10.4105, 0.2466, 0.3722

Monochromacy



Original Color

10.5384, 0.2726, 0.5014

Achromatopsia

5.7805, 0.3127, 0.3290

Achromatomaly

6.8851, 0.2818, 0.3996

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Yxy 10.5384, 0.2726, 0.5014 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(0, 106, 50)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(0, 106, 50)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(0, 106, 50) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(0, 106, 50) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Yxy 10.5384, 0.2726, 0.5014 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(0, 106, 50) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(0, 106, 50) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(0, 106, 50)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(0, 106, 50); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 106, 50);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 106, 50)  
}
```


Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Yxy 10.5384, 0.2726, 0.5014 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(0, 106, 50) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(0, 106,  
50) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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