

Converting Colors

$Y_{xy}(10.5471, 0.5104, 0.4160)$

Have a look what the booklet for
Yxy(10.5471, 0.5104, 0.4160)
contains.

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Color

Yxy(10.4436, 0.5105, 0.4152)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	884C11
RGB	136, 76, 17
RGB Percent	53%, 30%, 7%
CMY	0.4666, 0.7020, 0.9334
CMYK	0.00, 0.44, 0.88, 0.47
HSL	30°, 78%, 30%
HSV	30°, 88%, 53%
XYZ	12.8407, 10.4436, 1.8689
YIQ	87.2140, 54.6990, -5.6290

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

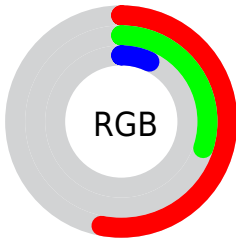
Format	Color
R_{YB}	136, 134, 17
Decimal	8932369
CIE Lab	38.63, 21.10, 42.59
CIE LCh	39, 47.533, 63.650
Yxy	10.4436, 0.5105, 0.4152
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4287122449 (0xFF884C11)
YUV	87.2140, -34.6155, 42.7853
Hunter-Lab	32.3166, 14.3714, 19.1928

Details

The Yxy color **10.4436, 0.5105, 0.4152** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **996633**. A complement of this color would be **7.2062, 0.1887, 0.1855**, and the grayscale version is **9.6468, 0.3127, 0.3290**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **26.5299, 0.4648, 0.4034**, and **2.6854, 0.5584, 0.3948** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **9.5160, 0.5327, 0.4117**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **11.4965, 0.4857, 0.4142**.

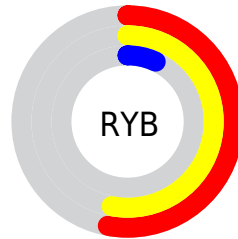
Distribution



Red (53%)

Green (30%)

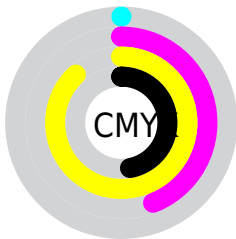
Blue (7%)



Red (53%)

Yellow (53%)

Blue (7%)

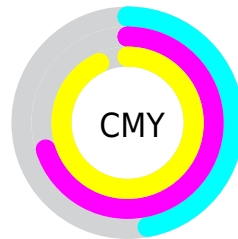


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (44%)

Yellow (88%)

Black (47%)



Cyan (47%)

Magenta (70%)


Yellow (93%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the Yxy color 10.4436, 0.5105, 0.4152 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Yxy color 10.4436, 0.5105, 0.4152 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 10.4436, 0.5105,
0.4152


 10.4436, 0.5105,
0.4152


193.8095, 0.3932,
0.3744


 5.6941, 0.5453,
0.4199

 26.6266, 0.4645,
0.4039

 2.6600, 0.5856,
0.4144

 38.8288, 0.4480,
0.3981

 0.9569, 0.6208,
0.3792


 54.2841, 0.4345,
0.3929

 0.0000, 1.0000,
0.0000

 73.3767, 0.4233,
0.3883


 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000


 96.4912, 0.4139,
0.3841


 124.0119, 0.4060,


0.3805


 156.3232, 0.3991,
0.3773

 10.4436, 0.5105,
0.4152


 10.4436, 0.5105,
0.4152

 9.5160, 0.5327,
0.4117


 11.4965, 0.4857,
0.4142

 9.3008, 0.5383,
0.4108

 12.6827, 0.4591,
0.4088

 14.0093, 0.4323,
0.3998

 15.4818, 0.4066,
0.3886

 17.1056, 0.3826,
0.3761

■ 18.8857, 0.3608,
0.3631

■ 20.8267, 0.3414,
0.3502

■ 22.9331, 0.3242,
0.3379

■ 25.2091, 0.3091,
0.3262

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



10.4436, 0.5184, 0.3423



10.4436, 0.5105, 0.4152



10.4436, 0.4466, 0.4884

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



10.4436, 0.5105, 0.4152



10.4436, 0.1805, 0.3730



10.4436, 0.2408, 0.1843

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



10.4436, 0.5105, 0.4152



7.2062, 0.1887, 0.1855

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



10.4436, 0.1736, 0.1758



10.4436, 0.5105, 0.4152



10.4436, 0.1429, 0.2612

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



10.4436, 0.5105, 0.4152



10.4436, 0.2572, 0.4923



10.4436, 0.1420, 0.1979



10.4436, 0.3431, 0.2192

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



10.4436, 0.5105, 0.4152



10.4436, 0.3869, 0.5244



10.4436, 0.1420, 0.1979



10.4436, 0.2142, 0.1784

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



10.4442, 0.5105, 0.4152



33.5852, 0.3589, 0.3619



6.1931, 0.4551, 0.2399



7.5522, 0.3651, 0.3658



69.2071, 0.3127, 0.3290



10.0482, 0.3127, 0.3290

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



10.4442, 0.5105, 0.4152



16.0772, 0.5414, 0.4083



22.3346, 0.4177, 0.4966



5.4313, 0.3269, 0.3399



8.8196, 0.5380, 0.4111



0.0878, 0.4774, 0.4592

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



7.2062, 0.1887, 0.1855



10.2316, 0.1777, 0.1598



2.3620, 0.1595, 0.0768



5.2818, 0.2991, 0.3179



5.6807, 0.1788, 0.1637



0.0670, 0.2000, 0.2399

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 10.4436, 0.5105, 0.4152 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

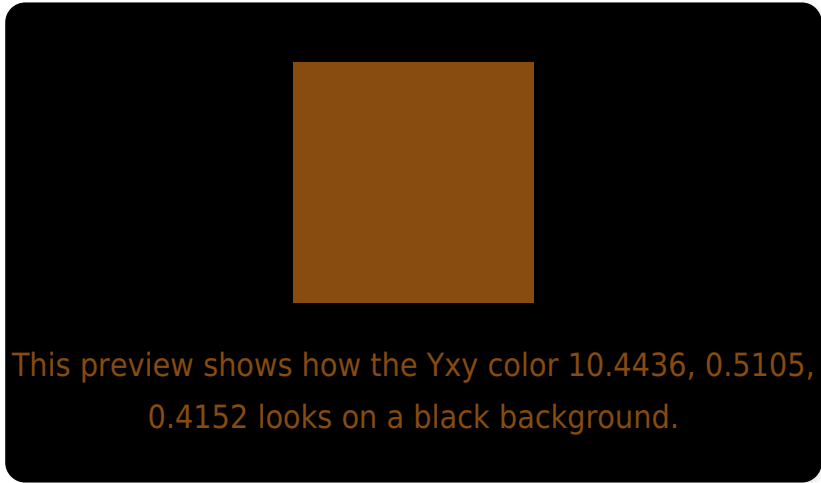
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

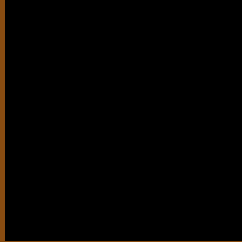
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

Yxy 10.4436, 0.5105, 0.4152

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Yxy color 10.4436, 0.5105, 0.4152.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Yxy color 10.4436, 0.5105, 0.4152.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

10.4436, 0.5105, 0.4152

Protanopia

10.5920, 0.4266, 0.4729

Deuteranopia

10.5469, 0.4652, 0.4605



Tritanopia

10.5172, 0.4325, 0.3202

Trichromacy



Original Color

10.4436, 0.5105, 0.4152

Protanomaly

10.3509, 0.4580, 0.4504

Deuteranomaly

10.4216, 0.4823, 0.4439

Tritanomaly

10.4442, 0.4688, 0.3612

Monochromacy



Original Color

10.4436, 0.5105, 0.4152

Achromatopsia

9.5307, 0.3127, 0.3290

Achromatomaly

9.5376, 0.3883, 0.3783

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Yxy 10.4436, 0.5105, 0.4152 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(136, 76, 17)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(136, 76, 17)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(136, 76, 17) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(136, 76, 17) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Yxy 10.4436, 0.5105, 0.4152 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(136, 76, 17) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(136, 76, 17) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(136, 76, 17) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(136, 76, 17); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(136, 76, 17);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(136, 76,  
17) }
```


Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Yxy 10.4436, 0.5105, 0.4152 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(136, 76, 17) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(136, 76,  
17) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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