

Converting Colors

$Y_{xy}(10.5696, 0.5143, 0.2607)$

Have a look what the booklet for
Yxy(10.5696, 0.5143, 0.2607)
contains.

Yxy(10.5696, 0.5143, 0.2607)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	24
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	27
<i>CSS Examples</i>	30

Color

Yxy(10.5696, 0.5143, 0.2607)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	B60053
RGB	182, 0, 83
RGB Percent	71%, 0%, 33%
CMY	0.2863, 0.9997, 0.6746
CMYK	0.00, 1.00, 0.54, 0.29
HSL	333°, 100%, 36%
HSV	333°, 100%, 71%
XYZ	20.8513, 10.5696, 9.1222
YIQ	63.8800, 81.8290, 64.3970

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

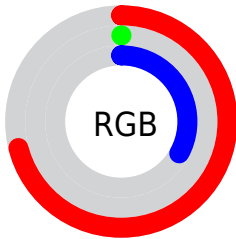
Format	Color
R_{YB}	182, 0, 83
Decimal	11927635
CIE _{Lab}	38.85, 65.15, 7.05
CIE _{LCh}	39, 65.532, 6.174
Yxy	10.5696, 0.5143, 0.2607
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4290117715 (0xFFB60053)
YUV	63.8800, 9.4262, 103.5912
Hunter-Lab	32.5109, 57.5894, 6.1215

Details

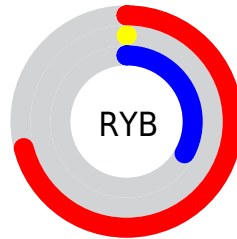
The Yxy color **10.5696, 0.5143, 0.2607** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **CC3366**. A complement of this color would be **34.3562, 0.2681, 0.4853**, and the grayscale version is **5.0906, 0.3127, 0.3290**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **26.9336, 0.4629, 0.2802**, and **4.2841, 0.5602, 0.2860** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **10.5681, 0.5144, 0.2607**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **11.1742, 0.4881, 0.2539**.

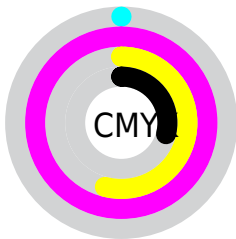
Distribution



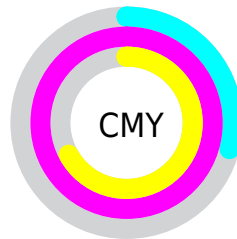
- Red (71%)
- Green (0%)
- Blue (33%)



- Red (71%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Blue (33%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (100%)
- Yellow (54%)
- Black (29%)




- Cyan (29%)
- Magenta (100%)
- Yellow (67%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the Yxy color 10.5696, 0.5143, 0.2607 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Yxy color 10.5696, 0.5143, 0.2607 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 10.5696, 0.5143,
0.2607


 10.5696, 0.5143,
0.2607


194.6905, 0.3904,
0.3049


 5.7782, 0.5556,
0.2445

 26.8615, 0.4623,
0.2801


 2.7107, 0.6157,
0.2198

 39.1308, 0.4450,
0.2863


 0.9826, 0.7140,
0.1806

 54.6615, 0.4312,
0.2911

 0.0000, 1.0000,
0.0000

 73.8381, 0.4200,
0.2950

 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

 97.0449, 0.4107,
0.2982

 124.6662, 0.4028,

0.3008

157.0866, 0.3961,
0.3030

■ 10.5696, 0.5143,
0.2607

■ 10.5696, 0.5143,
0.2607

■ 10.5681, 0.5144,
0.2607

■ 11.1742, 0.4881,
0.2539

■ 12.2099, 0.4609,
0.2515

■ 13.8310, 0.4339,
0.2543

■ 16.1124, 0.4085,
0.2611

■ 19.1181, 0.3857,
0.2707

■ 22.9043, 0.3657,
0.2820

■ 27.5215, 0.3487,
0.2941

■ 33.0160, 0.3344,
0.3062

■ 39.4307, 0.3225,
0.3179

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



10.5696, 0.3632, 0.1940



10.5696, 0.5143, 0.2607



10.5696, 0.5872, 0.3371

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



10.5696, 0.5143, 0.2607



10.5696, 0.3372, 0.6063



10.5696, 0.1038, 0.1559

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



10.5696, 0.5143, 0.2607



34.3562, 0.2681, 0.4853

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



10.5696, 0.0990, 0.2227



10.5696, 0.5143, 0.2607



10.5696, 0.2194, 0.5550

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



10.5696, 0.5143, 0.2607



10.5696, 0.4617, 0.5319



10.5696, 0.1332, 0.3687



10.5696, 0.1425, 0.1373

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



10.5696, 0.5143, 0.2607



10.5696, 0.5745, 0.3930



10.5696, 0.1332, 0.3687



10.5696, 0.0985, 0.1714

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



10.5702, 0.5143, 0.2607



49.4018, 0.3495, 0.2934



5.9254, 0.2091, 0.0926



10.1001, 0.3564, 0.2883



93.3107, 0.3127, 0.3290



18.7317, 0.3127, 0.3290

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



10.5702, 0.5143, 0.2607



19.1149, 0.5183, 0.2629



10.0777, 0.6375, 0.3319



9.0785, 0.3218, 0.3186



7.4767, 0.5116, 0.2592



0.2761, 0.4501, 0.2253

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



10.5702, 0.5143, 0.2607



19.1149, 0.5183, 0.2629



34.4008, 0.2218, 0.3186



9.0785, 0.3218, 0.3186



7.4767, 0.5116, 0.2592



0.2761, 0.4501, 0.2253

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 10.5696, 0.5143, 0.2607 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

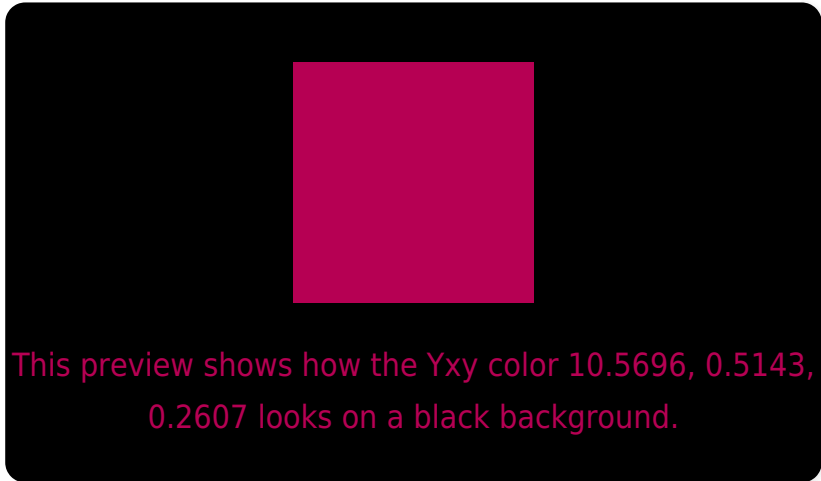
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

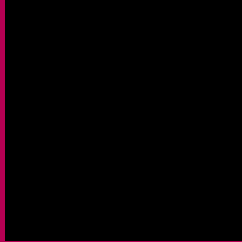
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

Yxy 10.5696, 0.5143, 0.2607

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Yxy color 10.5696, 0.5143, 0.2607.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Yxy color 10.5696, 0.5143, 0.2607.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

10.5696, 0.5143, 0.2607

Protanopia

11.2110, 0.2689, 0.2683

Deuteranopia

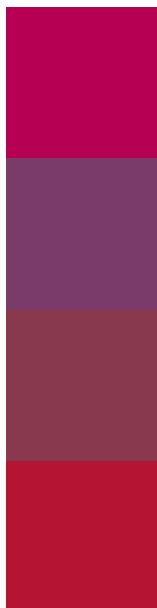
11.1353, 0.3699, 0.3627



Tritanopia

10.8953, 0.5955, 0.3306

Trichromacy



Original Color

10.5696, 0.5143, 0.2607

Protanomaly

8.3270, 0.3455, 0.2349

Deuteranomaly

8.7106, 0.4344, 0.2913

Tritanomaly

10.5991, 0.5750, 0.3059

Monochromacy



Original Color

10.5696, 0.5143, 0.2607

Achromatopsia

5.1269, 0.3127, 0.3290

Achromatomaly

5.1666, 0.4058, 0.2623

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Yxy 10.5696, 0.5143, 0.2607 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(182, 0, 83)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
  color:rgb(182, 0, 83)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(182, 0, 83) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(182, 0, 83) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Yxy 10.5696, 0.5143, 0.2607 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(182, 0, 83) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(182, 0, 83) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(182, 0, 83) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(182, 0, 83); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(182, 0, 83);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(182, 0, 83)  
}
```


Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Yxy 10.5696, 0.5143, 0.2607 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(182, 0, 83) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(182, 0,  
83) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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