

Converting Colors

$Y_{xy}(10.6056, 0.2297, 0.2740)$

Have a look what the booklet for
Yxy(10.6056, 0.2297, 0.2740)
contains.

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Color

Yxy(10.5338, 0.2292, 0.2718)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	306178
RGB	48, 97, 120
RGB Percent	19%, 38%, 47%
CMY	0.8119, 0.6196, 0.5294
CMYK	0.60, 0.19, 0.00, 0.53
HSL	199°, 43%, 33%
HSV	199°, 60%, 47%
XYZ	8.8828, 10.5338, 19.3391
YIQ	84.9710, -36.5870, -3.2350

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

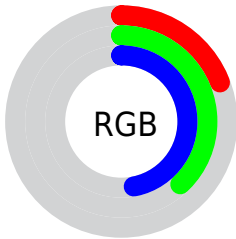
Format	Color
R_{YB}	48, 77, 120
Decimal	3170680
CIE _{Lab}	38.78, -9.23, -17.97
CIE _{LCh}	39, 20.202, 242.800
Yxy	10.5338, 0.2292, 0.2718
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4281360760 (0xFF306178)
YUV	84.9710, 17.2693, -32.4236
Hunter-Lab	32.4558, -7.9442, -12.6094

Details

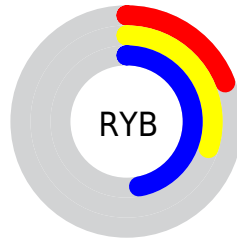
The Yxy color **10.5338, 0.2292, 0.2718** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **336666**. A complement of this color would be **8.7093, 0.4548, 0.3761**, and the grayscale version is **9.0450, 0.3127, 0.3290**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **26.9251, 0.2508, 0.2885**, and **2.8226, 0.2014, 0.2449** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **9.5899, 0.2184, 0.2603**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **11.5917, 0.2414, 0.2829**.

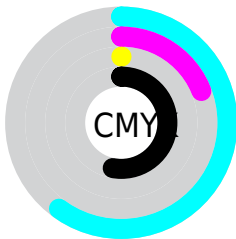
Distribution



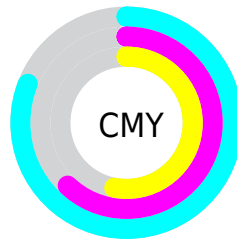
- Red (19%)
- Green (38%)
- Blue (47%)



- Red (19%)
- Yellow (30%)
- Blue (47%)



- Cyan (60%)
- Magenta (19%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (53%)



- Cyan (81%)
- Magenta (62%)
- Yellow (53%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Yxy color 10.5338, 0.2292, 0.2718 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Yxy color 10.5338, 0.2292, 0.2718 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

10.5338, 0.2292,
0.2718

10.5338, 0.2292,
0.2718

194.4406, 0.2796,
0.3077

5.7543, 0.2126,
0.2591

26.7948, 0.2502,
0.2872

2.6963, 0.1881,
0.2395

39.0451, 0.2572,
0.2922

0.9753, 0.1481,
0.2067

54.5544, 0.2628,
0.2962

0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

73.7072, 0.2674,
0.2994

96.8878, 0.2713,
0.3020

124.4806, 0.2745,

0.3042

156.8701, 0.2773,
0.3061

■ 10.5338, 0.2292,
0.2718

■ 10.5338, 0.2292,
0.2718

■ 9.5899, 0.2184,
0.2603

■ 11.5917, 0.2414,
0.2829

■ 8.7517, 0.2093,
0.2487

■ 12.7687, 0.2547,
0.2935

■ 8.0117, 0.2021,
0.2370

■ 14.0709, 0.2687,
0.3035

■ 7.3448, 0.1960,
0.2254

■ 15.5035, 0.2833,
0.3127

■ 17.0716, 0.2980,
0.3212

■ 18.7798, 0.3127,
0.3290

■ 20.6324, 0.3271,
0.3359

■ 22.6336, 0.3411,
0.3422

■ 24.7875, 0.3546,
0.3477

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



10.5338, 0.2322, 0.3056



10.5338, 0.2292, 0.2718



10.5338, 0.2462, 0.2558

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



10.5338, 0.2292, 0.2718



10.5338, 0.3717, 0.3058



10.5338, 0.3399, 0.4123

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



10.5338, 0.2292, 0.2718



8.7093, 0.4548, 0.3761

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



10.5338, 0.3803, 0.4052



10.5338, 0.2292, 0.2718



10.5338, 0.4005, 0.3421

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



10.5338, 0.2292, 0.2718



10.5338, 0.3267, 0.2759



10.5338, 0.4032, 0.3781



10.5338, 0.2940, 0.3923

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



10.5338, 0.2292, 0.2718



10.5338, 0.2676, 0.2553



10.5338, 0.4032, 0.3781



10.5338, 0.3546, 0.4128

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



10.5342, 0.2292, 0.2718



27.6857, 0.2856, 0.3142



14.5160, 0.2848, 0.4561



6.4090, 0.2821, 0.3120



62.0916, 0.3127, 0.3290



7.8288, 0.3127, 0.3290

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



10.5342, 0.2292, 0.2718



16.2928, 0.2148, 0.2560



5.3390, 0.2088, 0.1774



4.3068, 0.2994, 0.3220



7.9845, 0.1958, 0.2249



36.5007, 0.1942, 0.2190

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



6.9676, 0.3653, 0.2322



10.1423, 0.3826, 0.2170



14.6819, 0.4082, 0.4434



4.0568, 0.3181, 0.3145



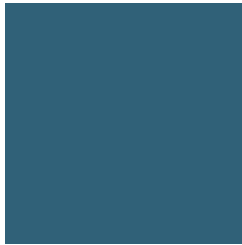
5.0129, 0.4180, 0.2076



23.7519, 0.4243, 0.2111

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 10.5338, 0.2292, 0.2718 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 10.5338, 0.2292, 0.2718 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

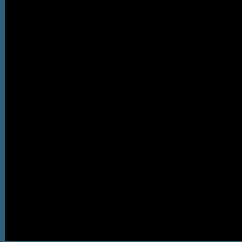
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

Yxy 10.5338, 0.2292, 0.2718

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Yxy color 10.5338, 0.2292, 0.2718.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Yxy color 10.5338, 0.2292, 0.2718.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

10.5338, 0.2292, 0.2718

Protanopia

10.4814, 0.2715, 0.2711

Deuteranopia

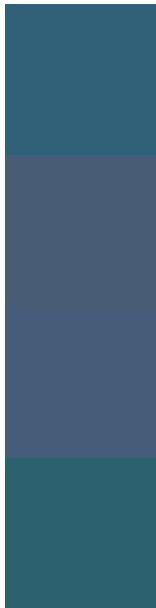
10.5565, 0.2607, 0.2564



Tritanopia

10.4775, 0.2370, 0.3077

Trichromacy



Original Color

10.5338, 0.2292, 0.2718

Protanomaly

10.4908, 0.2537, 0.2716

Deuteranomaly

10.5113, 0.2473, 0.2628

Tritanomaly

10.4407, 0.2335, 0.2926

Monochromacy



Original Color

10.5338, 0.2292, 0.2718

Achromatopsia

9.0842, 0.3127, 0.3290

Achromatomaly

9.4043, 0.2745, 0.3055

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Yxy 10.5338, 0.2292, 0.2718 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(48, 97, 120)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(48, 97, 120)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(48, 97, 120) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(48, 97, 120) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Yxy 10.5338, 0.2292, 0.2718 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(48, 97, 120) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(48, 97, 120) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(48, 97, 120)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(48, 97, 120); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(48, 97, 120);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(48, 97,  
120) }
```


Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Yxy 10.5338, 0.2292, 0.2718 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(48, 97, 120) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(48, 97,  
120) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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