

Converting Colors

$Y_{xy}(10.6060, 0.3127, 0.1496)$

Have a look what the booklet for
Yxy(10.6060, 0.3127, 0.1496)
contains.

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Color

Yxy(10.6137, 0.3136, 0.1501)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	A300A8
RGB	163, 0, 168
RGB Percent	64%, 0%, 66%
CMY	0.3607, 1.0000, 0.3412
CMYK	0.03, 1.00, 0.00, 0.34
HSL	298°, 100%, 33%
HSV	298°, 100%, 66%
XYZ	22.1749, 10.6137, 37.9222
YIQ	67.8890, 43.2200, 86.8040

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

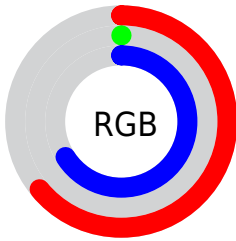
Format	Color
RYB	163, 0, 168
Decimal	10682536
CIELab	38.92, 71.07, -46.02
CIElCh	39, 84.673, 327.076
Yxy	10.6137, 0.3136, 0.1501
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4288872616 (0xFFA300A8)
YUV	67.8890, 49.3547, 83.4123
Hunter-Lab	32.5787, 64.4847, -46.2097

Details

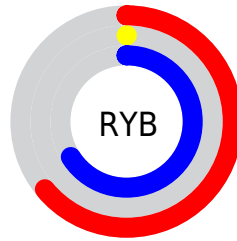
The Yxy color **10.6137, 0.3136, 0.1501** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **990099**. A complement of this color would be **28.0348, 0.3007, 0.5994**, and the grayscale version is **5.6773, 0.3127, 0.3290**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **26.9460, 0.3174, 0.1835**, and **4.3020, 0.3021, 0.1438** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **10.6159, 0.3136, 0.1501**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **11.0631, 0.3142, 0.1547**.

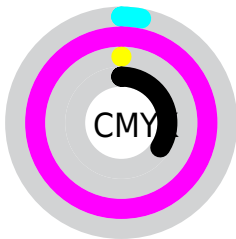
Distribution



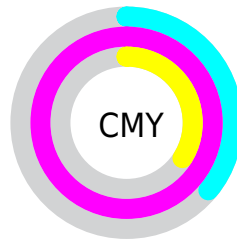
- Red (64%)
- Green (0%)
- Blue (66%)



- Red (64%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Blue (66%)



- Cyan (3%)
- Magenta (100%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (34%)





- Cyan (36%)
- Magenta (100%)
- Yellow (34%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the Yxy color 10.6137, 0.3136, 0.1501 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Yxy color 10.6137, 0.3136, 0.1501 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 10.6137, 0.3136,
0.1501


 10.6137, 0.3136,
0.1501


194.9978, 0.3186,
0.2426

 5.8077, 0.3097,
0.1276


 26.9436, 0.3172,
0.1837


 2.7285, 0.3029,
0.0999


 39.2363, 0.3179,
0.1964


 0.9917, 0.2901,
0.0665

 54.7933, 0.3184,
0.2072

 0.0000, 0.2729,
0.0000

 73.9991, 0.3186,
0.2164

 0.0000, 0.2053,
0.0000

 97.2381, 0.3187,
0.2243

 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

 124.8946, 0.3188,

0.2312

157.3530, 0.3187,
0.2373

■ 10.6137, 0.3136,
0.1501

■ 10.6137, 0.3136,
0.1501

■ 10.6159, 0.3136,
0.1501

■ 11.0631, 0.3142,
0.1547

■ 11.8425, 0.3147,
0.1624

■ 13.0896, 0.3150,
0.1744

■ 14.8652, 0.3151,
0.1904

■ 17.2210, 0.3150,
0.2098

■ 20.2022, 0.3148,
0.2319

■ 23.8500, 0.3144,
0.2557

■ 28.2018, 0.3139,
0.2803

■ 33.2922, 0.3133,
0.3050

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



10.6137, 0.1697, 0.1136



10.6137, 0.3136, 0.1501



10.6137, 0.5142, 0.2164

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



10.6137, 0.3136, 0.1501



10.6137, 0.5009, 0.4991



10.6137, 0.0694, 0.2308

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



10.6137, 0.3136, 0.1501



28.0348, 0.3007, 0.5994

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



10.6137, 0.1148, 0.4548



10.6137, 0.3136, 0.1501



10.6137, 0.3580, 0.6420

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



10.6137, 0.3136, 0.1501



10.6137, 0.6183, 0.3817



10.6137, 0.2210, 0.6786



10.6137, 0.0677, 0.1363

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



10.6137, 0.3136, 0.1501



10.6137, 0.6152, 0.2679



10.6137, 0.2210, 0.6786



10.6137, 0.0782, 0.2888

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



10.6159, 0.3136, 0.1501



42.8860, 0.3144, 0.2543



2.9485, 0.1507, 0.0623



8.7390, 0.3146, 0.2446



84.8088, 0.3127, 0.3290



15.4872, 0.3127, 0.3290

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



10.6159, 0.3136, 0.1501



19.2483, 0.3135, 0.1500



9.0554, 0.4804, 0.2420



7.6551, 0.3133, 0.3067



8.0215, 0.3137, 0.1502



0.1985, 0.3162, 0.1516

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



8.3350, 0.6366, 0.3280



15.1209, 0.6376, 0.3286



28.5585, 0.2752, 0.5106



7.5458, 0.3281, 0.3284



6.2962, 0.6360, 0.3277



0.1543, 0.6178, 0.3177

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 10.6137, 0.3136, 0.1501 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

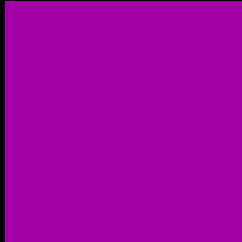
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 10.6137, 0.3136, 0.1501 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

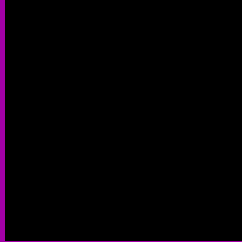
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

Yxy 10.6137, 0.3136, 0.1501

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Yxy color 10.6137, 0.3136, 0.1501.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Yxy color 10.6137, 0.3136, 0.1501.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

10.6137, 0.3136, 0.1501

Protanopia

11.2879, 0.1747, 0.1487

Deuteranopia

11.3311, 0.2037, 0.1994



Tritanopia

11.0140, 0.4694, 0.3231

Trichromacy



Original Color

10.6137, 0.3136, 0.1501



Protanomaly

7.3748, 0.1830, 0.1137



Deuteranomaly

8.0645, 0.2240, 0.1450



Tritanomaly

9.7645, 0.4128, 0.2352

Monochromacy



Original Color

10.6137, 0.3136, 0.1501



Achromatopsia

5.7805, 0.3127, 0.3290



Achromatomaly

5.6108, 0.3168, 0.1984

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Yxy 10.6137, 0.3136, 0.1501 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(163, 0, 168)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(163, 0, 168)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(163, 0, 168) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(163, 0, 168) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Yxy 10.6137, 0.3136, 0.1501 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(163, 0, 168) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(163, 0, 168) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(163, 0, 168) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(163, 0, 168); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(163, 0, 168);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(163, 0,  
168) }
```


Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Yxy 10.6137, 0.3136, 0.1501 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(163, 0, 168) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(163, 0,  
168) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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