

Converting Colors

$Y_{xy}(10.6097, 0.2744, 0.3667)$

Have a look what the booklet for
Yxy(10.6097, 0.2744, 0.3667)
contains.

Yxy(10.6858, 0.2742, 0.3670)	3
Conversions	4
Details	6
Harmonies	12
Previews	24
Color Blindness Simulation	27
CSS Examples	30

Color

Yxy(10.6858, 0.2742, 0.3670)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	3A6456
RGB	58, 100, 86
RGB Percent	23%, 39%, 34%
CMY	0.7724, 0.6079, 0.6627
CMYK	0.42, 0.00, 0.14, 0.61
HSL	160°, 27%, 31%
HSV	160°, 42%, 39%
XYZ	7.9838, 10.6858, 10.4470
YIQ	85.8460, -20.5380, -13.2580

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

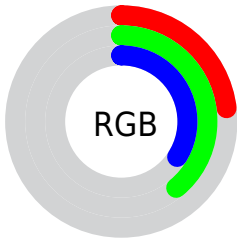
Format	Color
RYB	58, 83, 100
Decimal	3826774
CIELab	39.05, -18.29, 3.35
CIELCh	39, 18.597, 169.633
Yxy	10.6858, 0.2742, 0.3670
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4282016854 (0xFF3A6456)
YUV	85.8460, 0.0759, -24.4209
Hunter-Lab	32.6891, -13.6104, 3.9341

Details

The Yxy color **10.6858, 0.2742, 0.3670** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **336666**. A complement of this color would be **6.2077, 0.3770, 0.2947**, and the grayscale version is **9.2770, 0.3127, 0.3290**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **27.0366, 0.2839, 0.3558**, and **2.7644, 0.2520, 0.3900** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **10.3623, 0.2672, 0.3779**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **11.0709, 0.2823, 0.3567**.

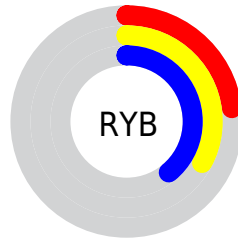
Distribution



Red (23%)

Green (39%)

Blue (34%)



Red (23%)

Yellow (33%)

Blue (39%)

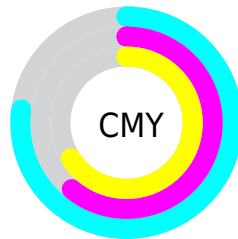


Cyan (42%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (14%)

Black (61%)



Cyan (77%)

Magenta (61%)

Yellow (66%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Yxy color 10.6858, 0.2742, 0.3670 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Yxy color 10.6858, 0.2742, 0.3670 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

10.6858, 0.2742,
0.3670

10.6858, 0.2742,
0.3670

195.4991, 0.2983,
0.3430

5.8560, 0.2655,
0.3759

27.0777, 0.2846,
0.3565

2.7577, 0.2518,
0.3902

39.4085, 0.2879,
0.3532

1.0066, 0.2134,
0.4250

55.0085, 0.2906,
0.3506

0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

74.2620, 0.2927,
0.3485

97.5534, 0.2944,
0.3468

125.2671, 0.2959,

0.3453

157.7875, 0.2972,
0.3441

■ 10.6858, 0.2742,
0.3670

■ 10.6858, 0.2742,
0.3670

■ 10.3623, 0.2672,
0.3779

■ 11.0709, 0.2823,
0.3567

■ 10.0958, 0.2615,
0.3893

■ 11.5194, 0.2913,
0.3472

■ 9.8828, 0.2574,
0.4012


■ 12.0348, 0.3008,
0.3384

■ 9.7191, 0.2550,
0.4132


■ 12.6198, 0.3107,
0.3305


■ 9.5992, 0.2543,
0.4252

■ 13.2769, 0.3209,
0.3233

 9.5145, 0.2542,
0.4350

 14.0086, 0.3310,
0.3168

 14.8173, 0.3410,
0.3111

 15.7051, 0.3509,
0.3060

 16.6742, 0.3604,
0.3015

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



10.6858, 0.3142, 0.3976



10.6858, 0.2742, 0.3670



10.6858, 0.2457, 0.3254

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



10.6858, 0.2742, 0.3670



10.6858, 0.2678, 0.2606



10.6858, 0.3976, 0.3606

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



10.6858, 0.2742, 0.3670



6.2077, 0.3770, 0.2947

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



10.6858, 0.3840, 0.3263



10.6858, 0.2742, 0.3670



10.6858, 0.3066, 0.2710

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



10.6858, 0.2742, 0.3670



10.6858, 0.2423, 0.2661



10.6858, 0.3498, 0.2945



10.6858, 0.3866, 0.3900

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



10.6858, 0.2742, 0.3670



10.6858, 0.2362, 0.2995



10.6858, 0.3498, 0.2945



10.6858, 0.3959, 0.3493

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



10.6862, 0.2742, 0.3670



20.9645, 0.2994, 0.3396



10.8251, 0.3279, 0.4410



5.1197, 0.2978, 0.3411



53.8236, 0.3127, 0.3290



5.4972, 0.3127, 0.3290

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



10.6862, 0.2742, 0.3670



18.1938, 0.2675, 0.3774



9.7734, 0.2562, 0.3121



3.1705, 0.3038, 0.3360



12.7331, 0.2547, 0.4368



66.2431, 0.2566, 0.4438

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



6.2077, 0.3770, 0.2947



9.2166, 0.3993, 0.2872



6.7197, 0.4041, 0.3449



2.8601, 0.3225, 0.3222



3.7696, 0.5535, 0.2823



19.5122, 0.5683, 0.2904

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 10.6858, 0.2742, 0.3670 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 10.6858, 0.2742, 0.3670 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

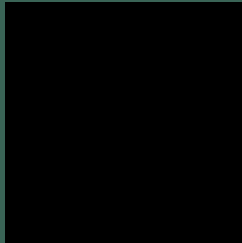
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

Yxy 10.6858, 0.2742, 0.3670

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Yxy color 10.6858, 0.2742, 0.3670.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Yxy color 10.6858, 0.2742, 0.3670.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

10.6858, 0.2742, 0.3670

Protanopia

10.5630, 0.3360, 0.3532

Deuteranopia

10.6741, 0.3357, 0.3314



Tritanopia

10.6261, 0.2576, 0.3085

Trichromacy



Original Color

10.6858, 0.2742, 0.3670

Protanomaly

10.4238, 0.3099, 0.3571

Deuteranomaly

10.4953, 0.3105, 0.3440

Tritanomaly

10.6093, 0.2634, 0.3289

Monochromacy



Original Color

10.6858, 0.2742, 0.3670

Achromatopsia

9.3059, 0.3127, 0.3290

Achromatomaly

9.6906, 0.2966, 0.3421

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Yxy 10.6858, 0.2742, 0.3670 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(58, 100, 86)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
  color:rgb(58, 100, 86)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(58, 100, 86) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(58, 100, 86) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Yxy 10.6858, 0.2742, 0.3670 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(58, 100, 86) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(58, 100, 86) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(58, 100, 86) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(58, 100, 86); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(58, 100, 86);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(58, 100,  
86) }
```


Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Yxy 10.6858, 0.2742, 0.3670 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(58, 100, 86) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(58, 100,  
86) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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