

Converting Colors

$Y_{xy}(10.6224, 0.4761, 0.4268)$

Have a look what the booklet for
Yxy(10.6224, 0.4761, 0.4268)
contains.

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Color

Yxy(10.6967, 0.4754, 0.4279)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	7E531A
RGB	126, 83, 26
RGB Percent	49%, 33%, 10%
CMY	0.5059, 0.6745, 0.8979
CMYK	0.00, 0.34, 0.79, 0.51
HSL	34°, 66%, 30%
HSV	34°, 79%, 49%
XYZ	11.8841, 10.6967, 2.4173
YIQ	89.3590, 43.9250, -8.6110

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

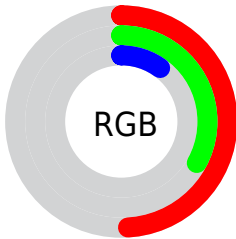
Format	Color
R_{YB}	101, 126, 26
Decimal	8278810
CIE Lab	39.06, 12.67, 38.73
CIE LCh	39, 40.750, 71.879
Yxy	10.6967, 0.4754, 0.4279
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4286468890 (0xFF7E531A)
YUV	89.3590, -31.2360, 32.1342
Hunter-Lab	32.7058, 7.6253, 18.5119

Details

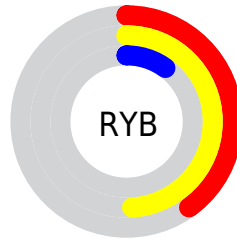
The Yxy color **10.6967, 0.4754, 0.4279** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **996633**. A complement of this color would be **5.9860, 0.1924, 0.1821**, and the grayscale version is **10.1383, 0.3127, 0.3290**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **26.9420, 0.4368, 0.4089**, and **2.8027, 0.5211, 0.4245** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **9.8556, 0.4961, 0.4298**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **11.6286, 0.4526, 0.4215**.

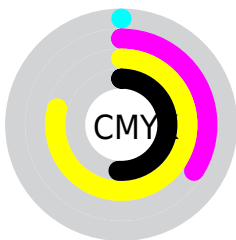
Distribution



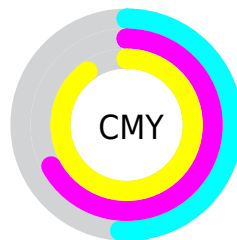
- Red (49%)
- Green (33%)
- Blue (10%)



- Red (40%)
- Yellow (49%)
- Blue (10%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (34%)
- Yellow (79%)
- Black (51%)




- Cyan (51%)
- Magenta (67%)
- Yellow (90%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the Yxy color 10.6967, 0.4754, 0.4279 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Yxy color 10.6967, 0.4754, 0.4279 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 10.6967, 0.4754,
0.4279


 10.6967, 0.4754,
0.4279


195.5747, 0.3785,
0.3750


 5.8633, 0.5029,
0.4377

 27.0979, 0.4369,
0.4096


 2.7621, 0.5475,
0.4525

 39.4345, 0.4233,
0.4022


 1.0088, 0.5700,
0.4300

 55.0410, 0.4122,
0.3958

 0.0000, 1.0000,
0.0000

 74.3017, 0.4031,
0.3904

 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

 97.6010, 0.3954,
0.3857

 125.3234, 0.3889,

0.3816

157.8531, 0.3834,
0.3781

10.6967, 0.4754,
0.4279

10.6967, 0.4754,
0.4279

9.8556, 0.4961,
0.4298

11.6286, 0.4526,
0.4215

9.0934, 0.5151,
0.4283

12.6539, 0.4290,
0.4114

9.0454, 0.5164,
0.4282

13.7770, 0.4057,
0.3989

15.0014, 0.3835,
0.3850

16.3306, 0.3628,
0.3704

■ 17.7676, 0.3439,
0.3558

■ 19.3153, 0.3269,
0.3416

■ 20.9766, 0.3118,
0.3281

■ 22.7541, 0.2983,
0.3155

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



10.6967, 0.4942, 0.3625



10.6967, 0.4754, 0.4279



10.6967, 0.4131, 0.4841

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



10.6967, 0.4754, 0.4279



10.6967, 0.1855, 0.3389



10.6967, 0.2732, 0.2076

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



10.6967, 0.4754, 0.4279



5.9860, 0.1924, 0.1821

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



10.6967, 0.2039, 0.1933



10.6967, 0.4754, 0.4279



10.6967, 0.1597, 0.2532

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



10.6967, 0.4754, 0.4279



10.6967, 0.2459, 0.4414



10.6967, 0.1664, 0.2064



10.6967, 0.3665, 0.2450

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



10.6967, 0.4754, 0.4279



10.6967, 0.3584, 0.5015



10.6967, 0.1664, 0.2064



10.6967, 0.2467, 0.2000

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



10.6972, 0.4754, 0.4279



29.9307, 0.3535, 0.3634



5.6098, 0.4591, 0.2560



6.6411, 0.3591, 0.3677



63.8283, 0.3127, 0.3290



8.3535, 0.3127, 0.3290

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



10.6972, 0.4754, 0.4279



16.2860, 0.5102, 0.4279



18.9419, 0.4019, 0.4975



4.7191, 0.3265, 0.3413



9.2713, 0.5165, 0.4281



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



5.9860, 0.1924, 0.1821



7.7150, 0.1753, 0.1464



2.5649, 0.1741, 0.0939



4.4922, 0.2993, 0.3164



4.2624, 0.1724, 0.1408



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 10.6967, 0.4754, 0.4279 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 10.6967, 0.4754, 0.4279 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

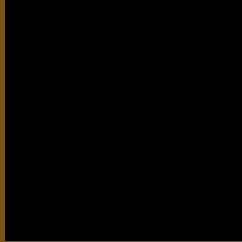
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

Yxy 10.6967, 0.4754, 0.4279

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Yxy color 10.6967, 0.4754, 0.4279.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Yxy color 10.6967, 0.4754, 0.4279.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

10.6967, 0.4754, 0.4279

Protanopia

10.8605, 0.4199, 0.4632

Deuteranopia

10.7584, 0.4527, 0.4486



Tritanopia

10.7404, 0.3966, 0.3193

Trichromacy



Original Color

10.6967, 0.4754, 0.4279

Protanomaly

10.6733, 0.4407, 0.4495

Deuteranomaly

10.7188, 0.4617, 0.4400

Tritanomaly

10.6743, 0.4319, 0.3647

Monochromacy



Original Color

10.6967, 0.4754, 0.4279

Achromatopsia

9.9899, 0.3127, 0.3290

Achromatomaly

10.0345, 0.3728, 0.3790

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Yxy 10.6967, 0.4754, 0.4279 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(126, 83, 26)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
  color:rgb(126, 83, 26)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(126, 83, 26) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(126, 83, 26) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Yxy 10.6967, 0.4754, 0.4279 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(126, 83, 26) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(126, 83, 26) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(126, 83, 26)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(126, 83, 26); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(126, 83, 26);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(126, 83,  
26) }
```


Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Yxy 10.6967, 0.4754, 0.4279 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(126, 83, 26) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(126, 83,  
26) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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