

Converting Colors

$Y_{xy}(10.6589, 0.4661, 0.2563)$

Have a look what the booklet for
Yxy(10.6589, 0.4661, 0.2563)
contains.

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Color

Yxy(10.6681, 0.4655, 0.2558)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	AB235E
RGB	171, 35, 94
RGB Percent	67%, 14%, 37%
CMY	0.3295, 0.8626, 0.6314
CMYK	0.00, 0.80, 0.45, 0.33
HSL	334°, 66%, 40%
HSV	334°, 80%, 67%
XYZ	19.4136, 10.6681, 11.6231
YIQ	82.3900, 62.1170, 47.1810

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

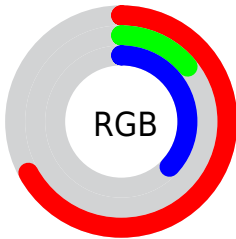
Format	Color
R_{YB}	171, 35, 94
Decimal	11215710
CIE Lab	39.02, 57.32, -0.02
CIE LCh	39, 57.323, 359.980
Yxy	10.6681, 0.4655, 0.2558
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4289405790 (0xFFAB235E)
YUV	82.3900, 5.7237, 77.7110
Hunter-Lab	32.6621, 48.9379, 1.7645

Details

The Yxy color **10.6681, 0.4655, 0.2558** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **CC3366**. A complement of this color would be **30.6497, 0.2630, 0.4434**, and the grayscale version is **8.5024, 0.3127, 0.3290**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **27.0079, 0.4268, 0.2745**, and **3.7241, 0.5173, 0.2623** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **9.7320, 0.4939, 0.2582**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **12.1175, 0.4373, 0.2584**.

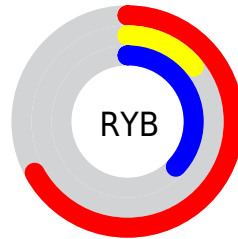
Distribution



Red (67%)

Green (14%)

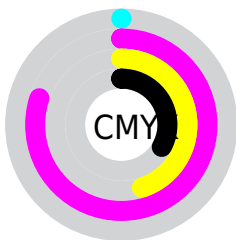
Blue (37%)



Red (67%)

Yellow (14%)

Blue (37%)

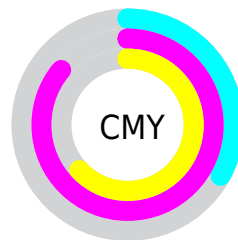


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (80%)

Yellow (45%)

Black (33%)



Cyan (33%)


Magenta (86%)


Yellow (63%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Yxy color 10.6681, 0.4655, 0.2558 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Yxy color 10.6681, 0.4655, 0.2558 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 10.6681, 0.4655,
0.2558

 10.6681, 0.4655,
0.2558


195.3761, 0.3718,
0.3007


 5.8441, 0.4972,
0.2406

 27.0448, 0.4260,
0.2747


 2.7505, 0.5444,
0.2180

 39.3663, 0.4130,
0.2810

 1.0029, 0.6203,
0.1816

 54.9557, 0.4026,
0.2859

 0.0000, 1.0000,
0.0000

 74.1975, 0.3942,
0.2900

 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

 97.4761, 0.3871,
0.2933

 125.1757, 0.3812,

0.2962

157.6810, 0.3762,
0.2986

■ 10.6681, 0.4655,
0.2558

■ 10.6681, 0.4655,
0.2558

■ 9.7320, 0.4939,
0.2582

■ 12.1175, 0.4373,
0.2584

■ 9.1776, 0.5212,
0.2649

■ 14.1419, 0.4109,
0.2649

■ 9.1529, 0.5226,
0.2653

■ 16.7965, 0.3872,
0.2742

■ 20.1290, 0.3666,
0.2850

■ 24.1827, 0.3491,
0.2964

■ 28.9973, 0.3345,
0.3079

■ 34.6095, 0.3223,
0.3190

■ 41.0535, 0.3123,
0.3295

■ 48.3618, 0.3040,
0.3393

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



10.6681, 0.3305, 0.1966



10.6681, 0.4655, 0.2558



10.6681, 0.5509, 0.3277

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



10.6681, 0.4655, 0.2558



10.6681, 0.3662, 0.5670



10.6681, 0.1175, 0.1820

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



10.6681, 0.4655, 0.2558



30.6497, 0.2630, 0.4434

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



10.6681, 0.1213, 0.2582



10.6681, 0.4655, 0.2558



10.6681, 0.2554, 0.5436

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



10.6681, 0.4655, 0.2558



10.6681, 0.4716, 0.4961



10.6681, 0.1656, 0.3996



10.6681, 0.1474, 0.1551

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



10.6681, 0.4655, 0.2558



10.6681, 0.5564, 0.3795



10.6681, 0.1656, 0.3996



10.6681, 0.1150, 0.2008

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



10.6687, 0.4655, 0.2558



47.5277, 0.3414, 0.3023



7.4468, 0.2354, 0.1221



9.9499, 0.3466, 0.2983



86.8899, 0.3127, 0.3290



16.2647, 0.3127, 0.3290

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



10.6687, 0.4655, 0.2558



16.7163, 0.5134, 0.2631



10.4223, 0.5780, 0.3362



8.0709, 0.3221, 0.3192



6.9113, 0.5202, 0.2639



0.2034, 0.4451, 0.2226

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



10.6687, 0.4655, 0.2558



16.7163, 0.5134, 0.2631



29.9167, 0.2261, 0.3168



8.0709, 0.3221, 0.3192



6.9113, 0.5202, 0.2639



0.2034, 0.4451, 0.2226

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 10.6681, 0.4655, 0.2558 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 10.6681, 0.4655, 0.2558 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

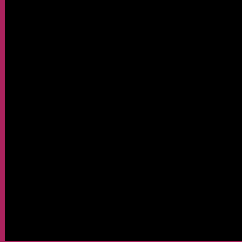
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

Yxy 10.6681, 0.4655, 0.2558

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Yxy color 10.6681, 0.4655, 0.2558.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Yxy color 10.6681, 0.4655, 0.2558.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

10.6681, 0.4655, 0.2558

Protanopia

11.0518, 0.2549, 0.2495

Deuteranopia

10.9435, 0.3403, 0.3360



Tritanopia

10.6690, 0.5456, 0.3274

Trichromacy



Original Color

10.6681, 0.4655, 0.2558

Protanomaly

9.4123, 0.3153, 0.2379

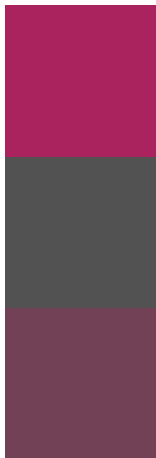
Deuteranomaly

9.7077, 0.3861, 0.2897

Tritanomaly

10.5561, 0.5203, 0.3016

Monochromacy



Original Color

10.6681, 0.4655, 0.2558

Achromatopsia

8.4376, 0.3127, 0.3290

Achromatomaly

8.0299, 0.3708, 0.2833

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Yxy 10.6681, 0.4655, 0.2558 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(171, 35, 94)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(171, 35, 94)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(171, 35, 94) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(171, 35, 94) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Yxy 10.6681, 0.4655, 0.2558 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(171, 35, 94) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(171, 35, 94) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(171, 35, 94) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(171, 35, 94); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(171, 35, 94);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(171, 35,  
94) }
```


Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Yxy 10.6681, 0.4655, 0.2558 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(171, 35, 94) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(171, 35,  
94) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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