

# Converting Colors

$Y_{xy}(10.6738, 0.5781, 0.3413)$

Have a look what the booklet for  
Yxy(10.6738, 0.5781, 0.3413)  
contains.

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**Color**

**Yxy(10.6445, 0.5772, 0.3412)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	AB2D21
RGB	171, 45, 33
RGB Percent	67%, 18%, 13%
CMY	0.3294, 0.8235, 0.8705
CMYK	0.00, 0.74, 0.81, 0.33
HSL	5°, 68%, 40%
HSV	5°, 81%, 67%
XYZ	18.0070, 10.6445, 2.5457
YIQ	81.3060, 78.9480, 22.9800

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

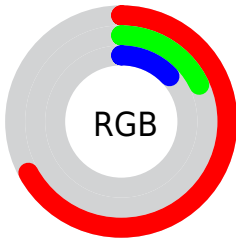
Format	Color
<b>RYB</b>	171, 46, 33
Decimal	11218209
CIELab	38.98, 50.21, 37.60
CIElCh	39, 62.723, 36.826
Yxy	10.6445, 0.5772, 0.3412
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4289408289 (0xFFAB2D21)
YUV	81.3060, -23.8149, 78.6616
Hunter-Lab	32.6259, 41.4232, 18.2119

# Details

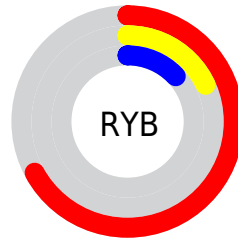
The Yxy color **10.6445, 0.5772, 0.3412** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **CC3333**. A complement of this color would be **28.0603, 0.2232, 0.3073**, and the grayscale version is **8.3302, 0.3127, 0.3290**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **27.0025, 0.5133, 0.3502**, and **3.3795, 0.6401, 0.3300** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **9.5931, 0.6114, 0.3383**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **12.1865, 0.5345, 0.3424**.

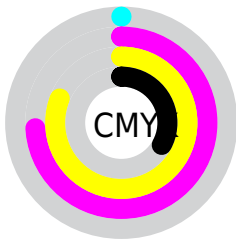
# Distribution



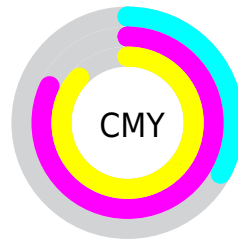
- Red (67%)
- Green (18%)
- Blue (13%)



- Red (67%)
- Yellow (18%)
- Blue (13%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (74%)
- Yellow (81%)
- Black (33%)



- Cyan (33%)
- Magenta (82%)
- Yellow (87%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Yxy color 10.6445, 0.5772, 0.3412 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Yxy color 10.6445, 0.5772, 0.3412 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 10.6445, 0.5772,  
0.3412


 10.6445, 0.5772,  
0.3412


195.2121, 0.4181,  
0.3489


 5.8283, 0.6229,  
0.3284

 27.0009, 0.5136,  
0.3504


 2.7410, 0.6924,  
0.3076

 39.3099, 0.4912,  
0.3515


 0.9980, 0.7498,  
0.2502

 54.8853, 0.4731,  
0.3518

 0.0000, 1.0000,  
0.0000


 74.1115, 0.4581,  
0.3515

 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

 97.3729, 0.4456,  
0.3510


 125.0538, 0.4350,


0.3503


 157.5388, 0.4260,  
0.3496

 10.6445, 0.5772,  
0.3412


 10.6445, 0.5772,  
0.3412


 9.5931, 0.6114,  
0.3383


 12.1865, 0.5345,  
0.3424

 8.9953, 0.6329,  
0.3356

 14.2673, 0.4895,  
0.3421

 16.9313, 0.4471,  
0.3407

 20.2180, 0.4097,  
0.3385

 24.1632, 0.3782,  
0.3361

■ 28.8002, 0.3522,  
0.3337

■ 34.1599, 0.3310,  
0.3313

■ 40.2714, 0.3138,  
0.3291

■ 47.1621, 0.2998,  
0.3271

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



10.6445, 0.5083, 0.2656



10.6445, 0.5772, 0.3412



10.6445, 0.5463, 0.4270

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



10.6445, 0.5772, 0.3412



10.6445, 0.2223, 0.5399



10.6445, 0.1491, 0.1429

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



10.6445, 0.5772, 0.3412



28.0603, 0.2232, 0.3073

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



10.6445, 0.1100, 0.1609



10.6445, 0.5772, 0.3412



10.6445, 0.1386, 0.3640

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



10.6445, 0.5772, 0.3412



10.6445, 0.3371, 0.5955



10.6445, 0.1050, 0.2257



10.6445, 0.2319, 0.1568



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



10.6445, 0.5772, 0.3412



10.6445, 0.4908, 0.4943



10.6445, 0.1050, 0.2257



10.6445, 0.1318, 0.1450

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



10.6451, 0.5772, 0.3412



48.3329, 0.3613, 0.3346



12.2667, 0.3374, 0.1751



10.1409, 0.3704, 0.3355



86.8899, 0.3127, 0.3290



16.2647, 0.3127, 0.3290



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



10.6451, 0.5772, 0.3412



16.2314, 0.6293, 0.3352



20.6906, 0.4804, 0.4316



8.1231, 0.3284, 0.3310



6.8167, 0.6320, 0.3364



0.2249, 0.6006, 0.3613



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



28.0603, 0.2232, 0.3073



48.0881, 0.2176, 0.3021



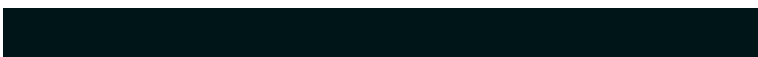
10.6623, 0.1874, 0.1711



8.9512, 0.2986, 0.3270



20.2135, 0.2172, 0.3020

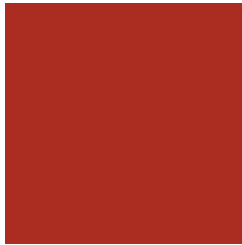


0.5963, 0.2197, 0.3108



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 10.6445, 0.5772, 0.3412 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**Yxy 10.6445, 0.5772, 0.3412**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Yxy color 10.6445, 0.5772, 0.3412.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Yxy color 10.6445, 0.5772, 0.3412.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

10.6445, 0.5772, 0.3412

### Protanopia

10.9095, 0.3989, 0.4351

### Deuteranopia

10.8155, 0.4568, 0.4507



## Tritanopia

10.5751, 0.5618, 0.3277

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

10.6445, 0.5772, 0.3412

## Protanomaly

9.9182, 0.4719, 0.3937

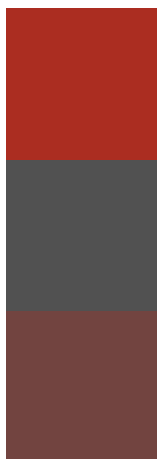
## Deuteranomaly

10.0233, 0.5121, 0.4007

## Tritanomaly

10.6194, 0.5671, 0.3328

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

10.6445, 0.5772, 0.3412

## Achromatopsia

8.2283, 0.3127, 0.3290

## Achromatomaly

8.0818, 0.4156, 0.3381

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Yxy 10.6445, 0.5772, 0.3412 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(171, 45, 33)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
  color:rgb(171, 45, 33)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(171, 45, 33) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(171, 45, 33) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Yxy 10.6445, 0.5772, 0.3412 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(171, 45, 33) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(171, 45, 33) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(171, 45, 33) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(171, 45, 33); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(171, 45, 33);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(171, 45,  
33) }
```



# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Yxy 10.6445, 0.5772, 0.3412 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(171, 45, 33) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(171, 45,  
33) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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