

Converting Colors

$Y_{xy}(10.6902, 0.2880, 0.3002)$

Have a look what the booklet for
Yxy(10.6902, 0.2880, 0.3002)
contains.

Yxy(10.6800, 0.2885, 0.3004)	3
Conversions	4
Details	6
Harmonies	12
Previews	24
Color Blindness Simulation	27
CSS Examples	30

Color

$Y_{xy}(10.6800, 0.2885, 0.3004)$

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	575C68
RGB	87, 92, 104
RGB Percent	34%, 36%, 41%
CMY	0.6588, 0.6392, 0.5922
CMYK	0.16, 0.12, 0.00, 0.59
HSL	222°, 9%, 37%
HSV	222°, 16%, 41%
XYZ	10.2569, 10.6800, 14.6157
YIQ	91.8730, -6.8320, 2.6720

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

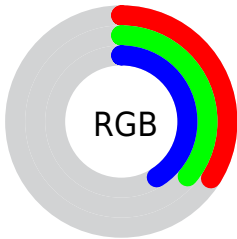
Format	Color
R _Y B	87, 91, 104
Decimal	5725288
CIE Lab	39.04, 0.82, -7.51
CIE LCh	39, 7.559, 276.244
Yxy	10.6800, 0.2885, 0.3004
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4283915368 (0xFF575C68)
YUV	91.8730, 5.9786, -4.2736
Hunter-Lab	32.6803, -1.1670, -3.6402

Details

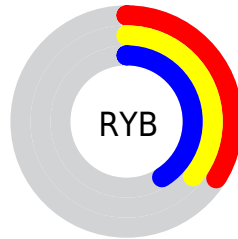
The Yxy color **10.6800, 0.2885, 0.3004** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **666666**. A complement of this color would be **12.5563, 0.3372, 0.3561**, and the grayscale version is **10.6595, 0.3127, 0.3290**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **27.0309, 0.2951, 0.3079**, and **2.7208, 0.2737, 0.2832** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **9.0037, 0.2724, 0.2803**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **12.5528, 0.3037, 0.3185**.

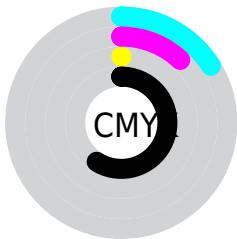
Distribution



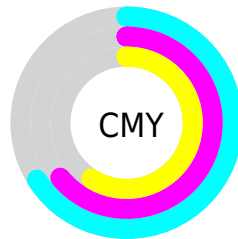
- Red (34%)
- Green (36%)
- Blue (41%)



- Red (34%)
- Yellow (36%)
- Blue (41%)



- Cyan (16%)
- Magenta (12%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (59%)



- Cyan (66%)
- Magenta (64%)
- Yellow (59%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Yxy color 10.6800, 0.2885, 0.3004 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Yxy color 10.6800, 0.2885, 0.3004 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 10.6800, 0.2885,
0.3004

■ 10.6800, 0.2885,
0.3004

■ 195.4588, 0.3035,
0.3180

■ 5.8521, 0.2832,
0.2942

■ 27.0669, 0.2949,
0.3079

■ 2.7554, 0.2749,
0.2846

■ 39.3947, 0.2970,
0.3104

■ 1.0054, 0.2604,
0.2678

■ 54.9912, 0.2986,
0.3123

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 74.2409, 0.3000,
0.3139

■ 97.5281, 0.3011,
0.3152

125.2372, 0.3020,

0.3163

157.7526, 0.3028,
0.3172

■ 10.6800, 0.2885,
0.3004

■ 10.6800, 0.2885,
0.3004

■ 9.0037, 0.2724,
0.2803

■ 12.5528, 0.3037,
0.3185

■ 7.5160, 0.2555,
0.2582

■ 14.6269, 0.3178,
0.3347

■ 6.2103, 0.2382,
0.2345

■ 16.9088, 0.3307,
0.3490

■ 5.0793, 0.2210,
0.2096

■ 19.4042, 0.3425,
0.3617

■ 4.1150, 0.2047,
0.1842

■ 22.1186, 0.3533,
0.3727

■ 3.3088, 0.1898,
0.1592

■ 25.0571, 0.3630,
0.3824

■ 2.6513, 0.1772,
0.1357

■ 28.2250, 0.3718,
0.3909

■ 2.1246, 0.1668,
0.1145

■ 31.6271, 0.3798,
0.3984

■ 1.9551, 0.1631,
0.1071

■ 35.2682, 0.3870,
0.4049

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



10.6800, 0.2805, 0.3068



10.6800, 0.2885, 0.3004



10.6800, 0.3030, 0.3014

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



10.6800, 0.2885, 0.3004



10.6800, 0.3456, 0.3370



10.6800, 0.3044, 0.3500

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



10.6800, 0.2885, 0.3004



12.5563, 0.3372, 0.3561

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



10.6800, 0.3218, 0.3584



10.6800, 0.2885, 0.3004



10.6800, 0.3459, 0.3502

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



10.6800, 0.2885, 0.3004



10.6800, 0.3362, 0.3221



10.6800, 0.3371, 0.3583



10.6800, 0.2896, 0.3355

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



10.6800, 0.2885, 0.3004



10.6800, 0.3146, 0.3060



10.6800, 0.3371, 0.3583



10.6800, 0.3101, 0.3537

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



10.6804, 0.2885, 0.3004



22.4388, 0.3054, 0.3206



12.8252, 0.2958, 0.3409



5.4305, 0.3047, 0.3197



55.4222, 0.3127, 0.3290



5.9254, 0.3127, 0.3290

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



10.6804, 0.2885, 0.3004



17.4529, 0.2818, 0.2921



10.0123, 0.2932, 0.2888



2.8825, 0.2999, 0.3141



2.3586, 0.1626, 0.1052



10.9485, 0.1599, 0.0955

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



10.5340, 0.3332, 0.3177



17.1761, 0.3397, 0.3146



13.3312, 0.3305, 0.3674



2.8585, 0.3231, 0.3230



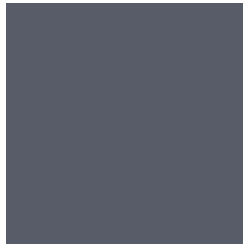
3.7416, 0.5680, 0.2903



19.3781, 0.5827, 0.2983

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 10.6800, 0.2885, 0.3004 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

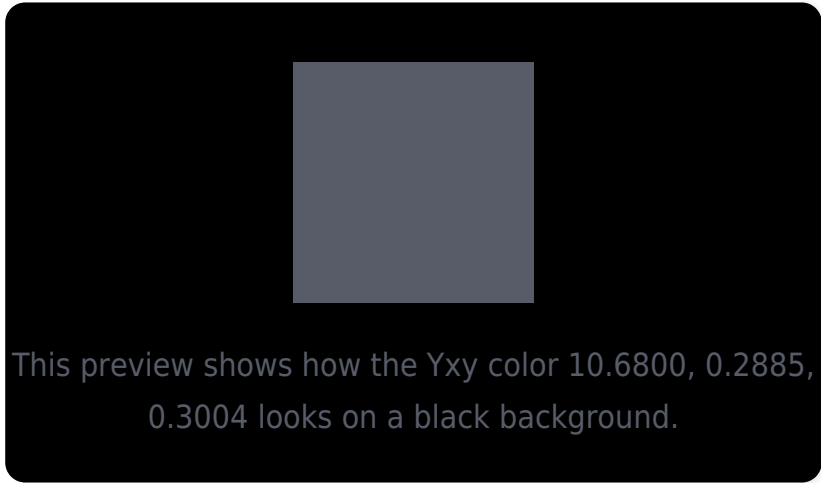
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

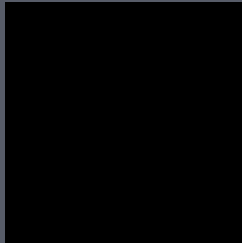
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

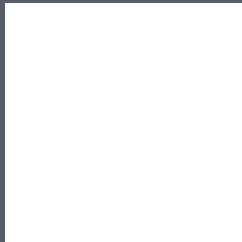
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

Yxy 10.6800, 0.2885, 0.3004

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Yxy color 10.6800, 0.2885, 0.3004.

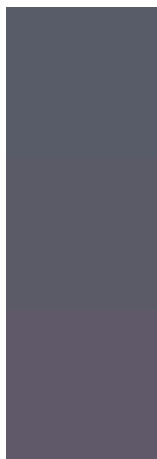


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Yxy color 10.6800, 0.2885, 0.3004.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

10.6800, 0.2885, 0.3004

Protanopia

10.6351, 0.2941, 0.3006

Deuteranopia

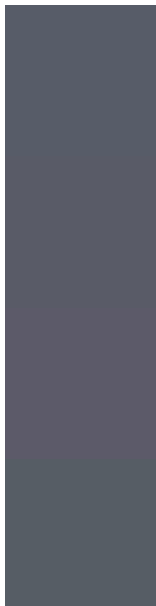
10.5976, 0.2988, 0.2921



Tritanopia

10.7272, 0.2924, 0.3120

Trichromacy



Original Color

10.6800, 0.2885, 0.3004

Protanomaly

10.5853, 0.2927, 0.3005

Deuteranomaly

10.6076, 0.2943, 0.2940

Tritanomaly

10.7467, 0.2911, 0.3097

Monochromacy



Original Color

10.6800, 0.2885, 0.3004

Achromatopsia

10.7023, 0.3127, 0.3290

Achromatomaly

10.6725, 0.3039, 0.3194

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Yxy 10.6800, 0.2885, 0.3004 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(87, 92, 104)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(87, 92, 104)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(87, 92, 104) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(87, 92, 104) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Yxy 10.6800, 0.2885, 0.3004 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(87, 92, 104) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(87, 92, 104) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(87, 92, 104) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(87, 92, 104); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(87, 92, 104);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(87, 92,  
104) }
```


Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Yxy 10.6800, 0.2885, 0.3004 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(87, 92, 104) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(87, 92,  
104) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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