

Converting Colors

$Y_{xy}(10.6999, 0.3093, 0.5926)$

Have a look what the booklet for
 $Y_{xy}(10.6999, 0.3093, 0.5926)$
contains.

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Color

Yxy(10.6748, 0.3091, 0.5928)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	156B00
RGB	21, 107, 0
RGB Percent	8%, 42%, 0%
CMY	0.9178, 0.5804, 1.0000
CMYK	0.80, 0.00, 1.00, 0.58
HSL	108°, 100%, 21%
HSV	108°, 100%, 42%
XYZ	5.5661, 10.6748, 1.7665
YIQ	69.0880, -16.9090, -51.5090

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

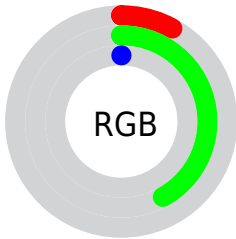
Format	Color
RYB	0, 107, 86
Decimal	1403648
CIELab	39.03, -43.02, 44.24
CIELCh	39, 61.711, 134.197
Yxy	10.6748, 0.3091, 0.5928
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4279593728 (0xFF156B00)
YUV	69.0880, -34.0604, -42.1732
Hunter-Lab	32.6723, -26.7671, 19.6649

Details

The Yxy color **10.6748, 0.3091, 0.5928** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **006600**. A complement of this color would be **3.0426, 0.2742, 0.1284**, and the grayscale version is **6.0233, 0.3127, 0.3290**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **26.8956, 0.3209, 0.5187**, and **3.0261, 0.3000, 0.6000** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **10.6753, 0.3091, 0.5928**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **10.8092, 0.3117, 0.5770**.

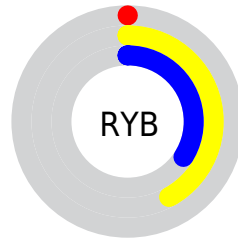
Distribution



Red (8%)

Green (42%)

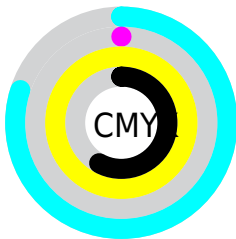
Blue (0%)



Red (0%)

Yellow (42%)

Blue (34%)

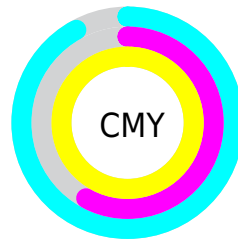


Cyan (80%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (100%)

Black (58%)



Cyan (92%)


Magenta (58%)


Yellow (100%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the Yxy color 10.6748, 0.3091, 0.5928 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Yxy color 10.6748, 0.3091, 0.5928 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 10.6748, 0.3091,
0.5928


 10.6748, 0.3091,
0.5928


 195.4227, 0.3232,
0.4211


 5.8486, 0.2953,
0.6590

 27.0572, 0.3210,
0.5183


 2.7532, 0.2579,
0.7421


 39.3823, 0.3229,
0.4940

 1.0043, 0.0000,
1.0000

 54.9757, 0.3237,
0.4751


 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000


 74.2219, 0.3240,
0.4599


 97.5053, 0.3240,
0.4475


 125.2103, 0.3238,


0.4372

 157.7213, 0.3235,
0.4285

 10.6748, 0.3091,
0.5928


 10.6748, 0.3091,
0.5928

 10.6753, 0.3091,
0.5928

 10.8092, 0.3117,
0.5770

 10.9872, 0.3146,
0.5574

 11.2200, 0.3168,
0.5320

 11.5121, 0.3181,
0.5026

 11.8673, 0.3186,
0.4711

■ 12.2891, 0.3183,
0.4392

■ 12.7807, 0.3174,
0.4084

■ 13.3452, 0.3161,
0.3794

■ 13.9855, 0.3145,
0.3529

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



10.6748, 0.4265, 0.5468



10.6748, 0.3091, 0.5928



10.6748, 0.1995, 0.4982

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



10.6748, 0.3091, 0.5928



10.6748, 0.1183, 0.1552



10.6748, 0.5313, 0.2847

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



10.6748, 0.3091, 0.5928



3.0426, 0.2742, 0.1284

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



10.6748, 0.4009, 0.2158



10.6748, 0.3091, 0.5928



10.6748, 0.1667, 0.1457

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



10.6748, 0.3091, 0.5928



10.6748, 0.1054, 0.2060



10.6748, 0.2612, 0.1667



10.6748, 0.5741, 0.3616

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



10.6748, 0.3091, 0.5928



10.6748, 0.1463, 0.3791



10.6748, 0.2612, 0.1667



10.6748, 0.4946, 0.2604

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



10.6753, 0.3091, 0.5928



22.8040, 0.3175, 0.4109



9.7186, 0.4575, 0.4750



5.4492, 0.3178, 0.4206



57.0482, 0.3127, 0.3290



6.3724, 0.3127, 0.3290

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



10.6753, 0.3091, 0.5928



19.0687, 0.3077, 0.5939



10.6212, 0.2864, 0.5511



3.4707, 0.3143, 0.3503



12.9744, 0.3086, 0.5932



65.8106, 0.3058, 0.5954

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



3.0426, 0.2742, 0.1284



5.3976, 0.2729, 0.1277



3.6328, 0.4091, 0.2027



3.1355, 0.3109, 0.3083



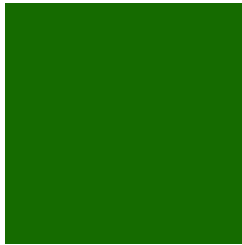
3.6888, 0.2737, 0.1281



18.4330, 0.2709, 0.1266

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 10.6748, 0.3091, 0.5928 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

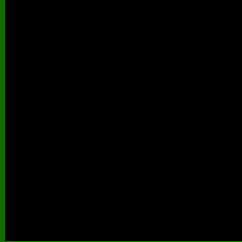
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

Yxy 10.6748, 0.3091, 0.5928

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Yxy color 10.6748, 0.3091, 0.5928.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Yxy color 10.6748, 0.3091, 0.5928.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

10.6748, 0.3091, 0.5928

Protanopia

10.5379, 0.4383, 0.4902

Deuteranopia

10.5231, 0.4537, 0.4490



Tritanopia

10.6594, 0.2417, 0.3055

Trichromacy



Original Color

10.6748, 0.3091, 0.5928

Protanomaly

9.9659, 0.3787, 0.5375

Deuteranomaly

9.7892, 0.3893, 0.5094

Tritanomaly

10.3637, 0.2741, 0.4264

Monochromacy



Original Color

10.6748, 0.3091, 0.5928

Achromatopsia

5.9511, 0.3127, 0.3290

Achromatomaly

7.0984, 0.3192, 0.4564

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Yxy 10.6748, 0.3091, 0.5928 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(21, 107, 0)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
  color:rgb(21, 107, 0)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(21, 107, 0) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(21, 107, 0) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Yxy 10.6748, 0.3091, 0.5928 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(21, 107, 0) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(21, 107, 0) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(21, 107, 0) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(21, 107, 0); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(21, 107, 0);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(21, 107, 0)  
}
```


Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Yxy 10.6748, 0.3091, 0.5928 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(21, 107, 0) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(21, 107,  
0) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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