

Converting Colors

$Y_{xy}(10.7037, 0.2944, 0.3078)$

Have a look what the booklet for
Yxy(10.7037, 0.2944, 0.3078)
contains.

Yxy(10.6686, 0.2939, 0.3074)	3
Conversions	4
Details	6
Harmonies	12
Previews	24
Color Blindness Simulation	27
CSS Examples	30

Color

Yxy(10.6686, 0.2939, 0.3074)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	585C65
RGB	88, 92, 101
RGB Percent	35%, 36%, 40%
CMY	0.6550, 0.6392, 0.6039
CMYK	0.13, 0.09, 0.00, 0.60
HSL	221°, 7%, 37%
HSV	221°, 13%, 40%
XYZ	10.2001, 10.6686, 13.8373
YIQ	91.8300, -5.2730, 1.9510

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

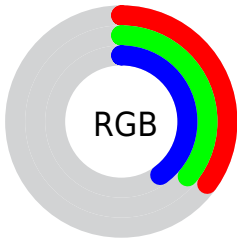
Format	Color
R_{YB}	88, 91, 101
Decimal	5790821
CIE _{Lab}	39.02, 0.47, -5.70
CIE _{LCh}	39, 5.715, 274.676
Yxy	10.6686, 0.2939, 0.3074
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4283980901 (0xFF585C65)
YUV	91.8300, 4.5208, -3.3589
Hunter-Lab	32.6628, -1.4173, -2.2536

Details

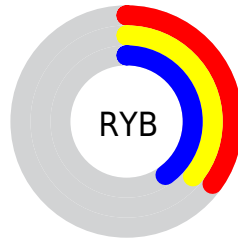
The Yxy color **10.6686, 0.2939, 0.3074** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **666666**. A complement of this color would be **12.0204, 0.3318, 0.3497**, and the grayscale version is **10.6516, 0.3127, 0.3290**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **27.0163, 0.2989, 0.3127**, and **2.7339, 0.2853, 0.2955** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **9.0548, 0.2782, 0.2885**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **12.4632, 0.3086, 0.3244**.

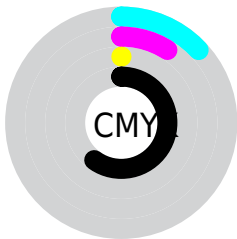
Distribution



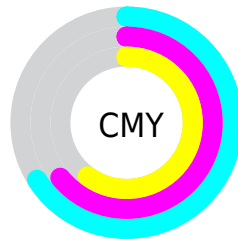
- Red (35%)
- Green (36%)
- Blue (40%)



- Red (35%)
- Yellow (36%)
- Blue (40%)



- Cyan (13%)
- Magenta (9%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (60%)



- Cyan (66%)
- Magenta (64%)
- Yellow (60%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Yxy color 10.6686, 0.2939, 0.3074 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Yxy color 10.6686, 0.2939, 0.3074 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 10.6686, 0.2939,
0.3074

■ 10.6686, 0.2939,
0.3074

■ 195.3796, 0.3056,
0.3208

■ 5.8445, 0.2898,
0.3027

■ 27.0457, 0.2989,
0.3131

■ 2.7507, 0.2833,
0.2953

■ 39.3675, 0.3005,
0.3150

■ 1.0030, 0.2718,
0.2823

■ 54.9572, 0.3018,
0.3164

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 74.1993, 0.3028,
0.3176

■ 97.4782, 0.3037,
0.3186

125.1783, 0.3044,

0.3194

157.6840, 0.3050,
0.3202

■ 10.6686, 0.2939,
0.3074

■ 10.6686, 0.2939,
0.3074

■ 9.0548, 0.2782,
0.2885

■ 12.4632, 0.3086,
0.3244

■ 7.6148, 0.2617,
0.2676

■ 14.4428, 0.3223,
0.3396

■ 6.3428, 0.2447,
0.2451

■ 16.6131, 0.3349,
0.3530

■ 5.2322, 0.2276,
0.2211

■ 18.9792, 0.3464,
0.3648

■ 4.2763, 0.2111,
0.1964

■ 21.5459, 0.3568,
0.3751

■ 3.4674, 0.1959,
0.1717

■ 24.3180, 0.3663,
0.3842

■ 2.7974, 0.1825,
0.1478

■ 27.3000, 0.3749,
0.3922

■ 2.2555, 0.1716,
0.1259

■ 30.4962, 0.3827,
0.3992

■ 1.9285, 0.1643,
0.1114

■ 33.9109, 0.3898,
0.4053

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



10.6686, 0.2881, 0.3127



10.6686, 0.2939, 0.3074



10.6686, 0.3047, 0.3078

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



10.6686, 0.2939, 0.3074



10.6686, 0.3373, 0.3346



10.6686, 0.3072, 0.3452

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



10.6686, 0.2939, 0.3074



12.0204, 0.3318, 0.3497

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



10.6686, 0.3203, 0.3513



10.6686, 0.2939, 0.3074



10.6686, 0.3379, 0.3448

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



10.6686, 0.2939, 0.3074



10.6686, 0.3299, 0.3233



10.6686, 0.3316, 0.3510



10.6686, 0.2957, 0.3346

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



10.6686, 0.2939, 0.3074



10.6686, 0.3135, 0.3111



10.6686, 0.3316, 0.3510



10.6686, 0.3115, 0.3479

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



10.6690, 0.2939, 0.3074



20.9994, 0.3069, 0.3225



12.2453, 0.2996, 0.3387



5.1208, 0.3061, 0.3215



53.8236, 0.3127, 0.3290



5.4972, 0.3127, 0.3290

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



10.6690, 0.2939, 0.3074



17.5835, 0.2900, 0.3028



10.1093, 0.2974, 0.2979



2.8886, 0.2999, 0.3144



2.4580, 0.1636, 0.1089



11.4228, 0.1608, 0.0990

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



10.5174, 0.3280, 0.3197



17.2931, 0.3314, 0.3178



12.6463, 0.3270, 0.3590



2.8591, 0.3229, 0.3227



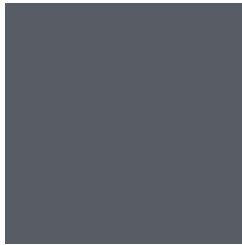
3.7517, 0.5627, 0.2873



19.4260, 0.5774, 0.2955

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 10.6686, 0.2939, 0.3074 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 10.6686, 0.2939, 0.3074 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

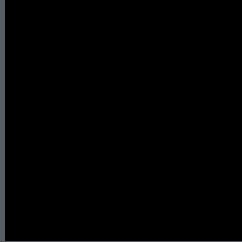
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

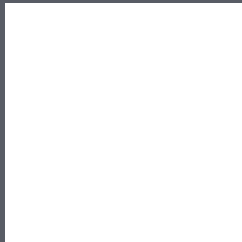
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

Yxy 10.6686, 0.2939, 0.3074

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Yxy color 10.6686, 0.2939, 0.3074.

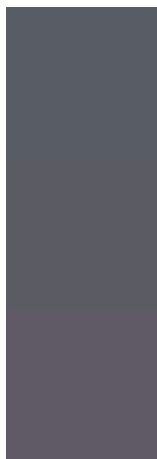


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Yxy color 10.6686, 0.2939, 0.3074.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

10.6686, 0.2939, 0.3074

Protanopia

10.6264, 0.2998, 0.3076

Deuteranopia

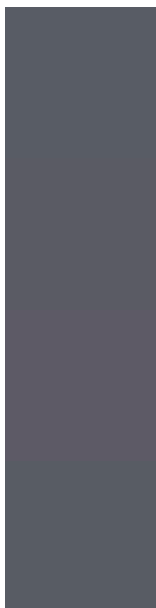
10.5909, 0.3047, 0.2989



Tritanopia

10.6491, 0.2953, 0.3098

Trichromacy



Original Color

10.6686, 0.2939, 0.3074

Protanomaly

10.5759, 0.2983, 0.3075

Deuteranomaly

10.5988, 0.3000, 0.3009

Tritanomaly

10.6491, 0.2953, 0.3098

Monochromacy



Original Color

10.6686, 0.2939, 0.3074

Achromatopsia

10.7023, 0.3127, 0.3290

Achromatomaly

10.7047, 0.3068, 0.3218

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Yxy 10.6686, 0.2939, 0.3074 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color rgb(88, 92, 101) looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(88, 92, 101)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(88, 92, 101) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(88, 92, 101) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Yxy 10.6686, 0.2939, 0.3074 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(88, 92, 101) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(88, 92, 101) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(88, 92, 101)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(88, 92, 101); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(88, 92, 101);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(88, 92,  
101) }
```


Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Yxy 10.6686, 0.2939, 0.3074 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(88, 92, 101) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(88, 92,  
101) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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