

Converting Colors

$Y_{xy}(10.7217, 0.2147, 0.2742)$

Have a look what the booklet for
Yxy(10.7217, 0.2147, 0.2742)
contains.

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Color

Yxy(10.6789, 0.2144, 0.2732)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	15647A
RGB	21, 100, 122
RGB Percent	8%, 39%, 48%
CMY	0.9172, 0.6079, 0.5216
CMYK	0.83, 0.18, 0.00, 0.52
HSL	193°, 70%, 28%
HSV	193°, 83%, 48%
XYZ	8.3805, 10.6789, 20.0288
YIQ	78.8870, -54.1460, -9.9060

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

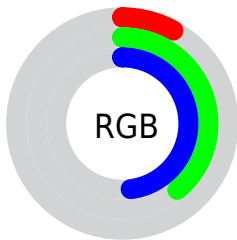
Format	Color
R _Y B	21, 65, 122
Decimal	1401978
CIE Lab	39.03, -14.67, -18.86
CIE LCh	39, 23.894, 232.112
Yxy	10.6789, 0.2144, 0.2732
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4279592058 (0xFF15647A)
YUV	78.8870, 21.2547, -50.7669
Hunter-Lab	32.6786, -11.4107, -13.4640

Details

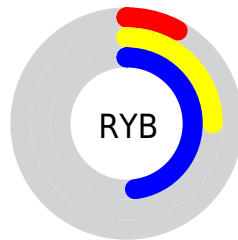
The Yxy color **10.6789, 0.2144, 0.2732** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **336666**. A complement of this color would be **5.9274, 0.5526, 0.3628**, and the grayscale version is **7.7688, 0.3127, 0.3290**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **27.0740, 0.2391, 0.2895**, and **3.0272, 0.2019, 0.2469** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **10.0742, 0.2090, 0.2655**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **11.3658, 0.2216, 0.2809**.

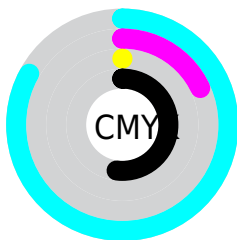
Distribution



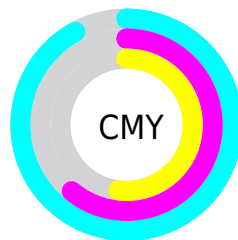
- Red (8%)
- Green (39%)
- Blue (48%)



- Red (8%)
- Yellow (25%)
- Blue (48%)



- Cyan (83%)
- Magenta (18%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (52%)





- Cyan (92%)
- Magenta (61%)
- Yellow (52%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the Yxy color 10.6789, 0.2144, 0.2732 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Yxy color 10.6789, 0.2144, 0.2732 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 10.6789, 0.2144,
0.2732


 10.6789, 0.2144,
0.2732


 195.4512, 0.2732,
0.3087

 5.8514, 0.1955,
0.2603

 27.0649, 0.2387,
0.2886


 2.7549, 0.1682,
0.2404


 39.3920, 0.2469,
0.2936

 1.0052, 0.1223,
0.2075

 54.9879, 0.2534,
0.2975

 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

 74.2369, 0.2588,
0.3006

 97.5232, 0.2633,
0.3032

 125.2315, 0.2671,

0.3053

157.7460, 0.2704,
0.3071

■ 10.6789, 0.2144,
0.2732

■ 10.6789, 0.2144,
0.2732

■ 10.0742, 0.2090,
0.2655

■ 11.3658, 0.2216,
0.2809

■ 9.6601, 0.2055,
0.2599

■ 12.1423, 0.2305,
0.2885

■ 13.0160, 0.2410,
0.2960

■ 13.9934, 0.2529,
0.3031

■ 15.0802, 0.2659,
0.3099

■ 16.2817, 0.2798,
0.3163

■ 17.6029, 0.2941,
0.3222

■ 19.0482, 0.3088,
0.3276

■ 20.6221, 0.3234,
0.3325

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



10.6789, 0.2258, 0.3188



10.6789, 0.2144, 0.2732



10.6789, 0.2259, 0.2478

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



10.6789, 0.2144, 0.2732



10.6789, 0.3644, 0.2882



10.6789, 0.3622, 0.4279

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



10.6789, 0.2144, 0.2732



5.9274, 0.5526, 0.3628

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



10.6789, 0.4041, 0.4080



10.6789, 0.2144, 0.2732



10.6789, 0.4073, 0.3279

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



10.6789, 0.2144, 0.2732



10.6789, 0.3088, 0.2583



10.6789, 0.4218, 0.3706



10.6789, 0.3090, 0.4168

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



10.6789, 0.2144, 0.2732



10.6789, 0.2457, 0.2428



10.6789, 0.4218, 0.3706



10.6789, 0.3781, 0.4241

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



10.6793, 0.2144, 0.2732



28.0117, 0.2757, 0.3145



14.2518, 0.2899, 0.5361



6.2684, 0.2718, 0.3127



62.0916, 0.3127, 0.3290



7.8288, 0.3127, 0.3290

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



10.6793, 0.2144, 0.2732



16.8906, 0.2055, 0.2589



3.8211, 0.1790, 0.1382



4.3712, 0.2994, 0.3242



10.1598, 0.2055, 0.2597



47.1737, 0.2044, 0.2557

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



5.5976, 0.3683, 0.1946



8.7681, 0.3834, 0.1891



12.0924, 0.4551, 0.4543



4.0633, 0.3167, 0.3124



5.2325, 0.3827, 0.1882



24.8294, 0.3866, 0.1903

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 10.6789, 0.2144, 0.2732 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 10.6789, 0.2144, 0.2732 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

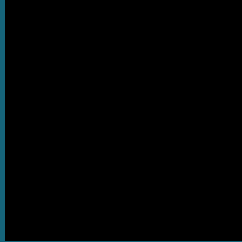
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

Yxy 10.6789, 0.2144, 0.2732

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Yxy color 10.6789, 0.2144, 0.2732.

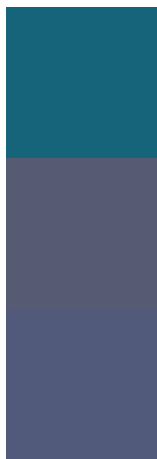


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Yxy color 10.6789, 0.2144, 0.2732.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

10.6789, 0.2144, 0.2732

Protanopia

10.6984, 0.2730, 0.2737

Deuteranopia

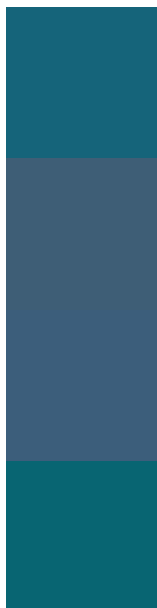
10.5614, 0.2573, 0.2522



Tritanopia

10.6285, 0.2187, 0.3072

Trichromacy



Original Color

10.6789, 0.2144, 0.2732

Protanomaly

10.3375, 0.2421, 0.2703

Deuteranomaly

10.3961, 0.2355, 0.2593

Tritanomaly

10.5739, 0.2169, 0.2944

Monochromacy



Original Color

10.6789, 0.2144, 0.2732

Achromatopsia

7.8187, 0.3127, 0.3290

Achromatomaly

8.5422, 0.2591, 0.3067

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Yxy 10.6789, 0.2144, 0.2732 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(21, 100, 122)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(21, 100, 122)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(21, 100, 122) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(21, 100, 122) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Yxy 10.6789, 0.2144, 0.2732 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(21, 100, 122) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(21, 100, 122) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(21, 100, 122)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(21, 100, 122); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(21, 100, 122);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(21, 100,  
122) }
```


Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Yxy 10.6789, 0.2144, 0.2732 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(21, 100, 122) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(21, 100,  
122) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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