

Converting Colors

$Y_{xy}(10.7469, 0.0955, 0.2925)$

Have a look what the booklet for
Yxy(10.7469, 0.0955, 0.2925)
contains.

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Color

$Y_{xy}(14.3076, 0.2168, 0.3005)$

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	007581
RGB	0, 117, 129
RGB Percent	0%, 46%, 51%
CMY	1.0000, 0.5412, 0.4942
CMYK	1.00, 0.09, 0.00, 0.49
HSL	186°, 100%, 25%
HSV	186°, 100%, 51%
XYZ	10.3224, 14.3076, 22.9826
YIQ	83.3850, -73.5840, -21.0720

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

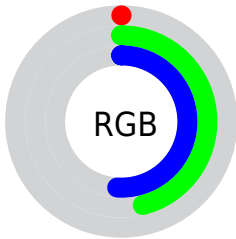
Format	Color
RYB	0, 61, 129
Decimal	30081
CIELab	44.67, -22.96, -14.48
CIELCh	45, 27.142, 212.232
Yxy	14.3076, 0.2168, 0.3005
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278220161 (0xFF007581)
YUV	83.3850, 22.4882, -73.1286
Hunter-Lab	37.8254, -17.4824, -9.5467

Details

The Yxy color **14.3076, 0.2168, 0.3005** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **006666**. A complement of this color would be **4.9289, 0.6299, 0.3381**, and the grayscale version is **8.6976, 0.3127, 0.3290**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **33.5027, 0.2390, 0.3077**, and **4.7134, 0.2125, 0.2849** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **14.3085, 0.2168, 0.3005**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **14.6744, 0.2199, 0.3036**.

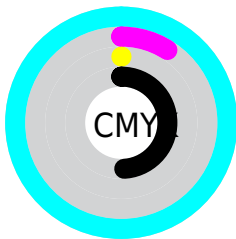
Distribution



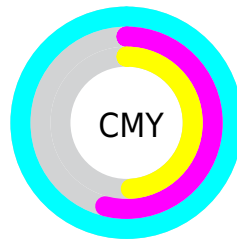
- Red (0%)
- Green (46%)
- Blue (51%)



- Red (0%)
- Yellow (24%)
- Blue (51%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (9%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (49%)




- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (54%)
- Yellow (49%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the Yxy color 14.3076, 0.2168, 0.3005 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Yxy color 14.3076, 0.2168, 0.3005 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 14.3076, 0.2168,
0.3005


 14.3076, 0.2168,
0.3005


219.1361, 0.2722,
0.3190


 8.3349, 0.2000,
0.2936


 33.6338, 0.2390,
0.3087


 4.3100, 0.1764,
0.2828

 47.7562, 0.2467,
0.3113

 1.8484, 0.1416,
0.2641

 65.3638, 0.2530,
0.3133

 0.5171, 0.0000,
0.2319

 86.8412, 0.2581,
0.3149

 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

 112.5728, 0.2625,
0.3162

 142.9428, 0.2662,

0.3173

178.3358, 0.2694,
0.3182

■ 14.3076, 0.2168,
0.3005

■ 14.3076, 0.2168,
0.3005

■ 14.3085, 0.2168,
0.3005

■ 14.6744, 0.2199,
0.3036

■ 15.0913, 0.2241,
0.3066

■ 15.5880, 0.2300,
0.3097

■ 16.1739, 0.2377,
0.3128

■ 16.8567, 0.2472,
0.3158

■ 17.6434, 0.2581,
0.3188

■ 18.5404, 0.2704,
0.3216

■ 19.5534, 0.2838,
0.3242

■ 20.6879, 0.2980,
0.3267

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



14.3076, 0.2438, 0.3563



14.3076, 0.2168, 0.3005



14.3076, 0.2131, 0.2602

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



14.3076, 0.2168, 0.3005



14.3076, 0.3281, 0.2652



14.3076, 0.3943, 0.4199

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



14.3076, 0.2168, 0.3005



4.9289, 0.6299, 0.3381

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



14.3076, 0.4223, 0.3857



14.3076, 0.2168, 0.3005



14.3076, 0.3833, 0.2999

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



14.3076, 0.2168, 0.3005



14.3076, 0.2730, 0.2444



14.3076, 0.4190, 0.3425



14.3076, 0.3455, 0.4312

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



14.3076, 0.2168, 0.3005



14.3076, 0.2236, 0.2455



14.3076, 0.4190, 0.3425



14.3076, 0.4066, 0.4103

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



14.3085, 0.2168, 0.3005



33.0878, 0.2695, 0.3214



15.7214, 0.2978, 0.5920



7.3576, 0.2651, 0.3204



65.5931, 0.3127, 0.3290



8.8982, 0.3127, 0.3290

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



14.3085, 0.2168, 0.3005



25.5107, 0.2166, 0.2998



4.1994, 0.1713, 0.1365



4.8208, 0.2993, 0.3269



13.9565, 0.2168, 0.3005



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



5.9508, 0.3450, 0.1674



10.6466, 0.3456, 0.1677



9.7316, 0.5129, 0.4309



4.4057, 0.3150, 0.3097



5.8034, 0.3449, 0.1674



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 14.3076, 0.2168, 0.3005 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 14.3076, 0.2168, 0.3005 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

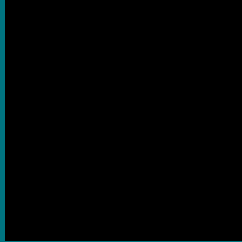
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

Yxy 14.3076, 0.2168, 0.3005

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Yxy color 14.3076, 0.2168, 0.3005.

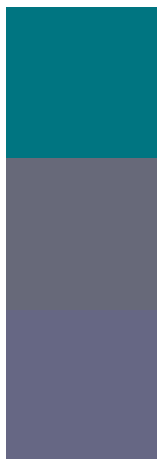


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Yxy color 14.3076, 0.2168, 0.3005.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

14.3076, 0.2168, 0.3005

Protanopia

14.3672, 0.2901, 0.2957

Deuteranopia

14.1912, 0.2761, 0.2704



Tritanopia

14.2549, 0.2181, 0.3050

Trichromacy



Original Color

14.3076, 0.2168, 0.3005

Protanomaly

13.5508, 0.2469, 0.2946

Deuteranomaly

13.4876, 0.2395, 0.2776

Tritanomaly

14.2811, 0.2174, 0.3027

Monochromacy



Original Color

14.3076, 0.2168, 0.3005

Achromatopsia

8.6500, 0.3127, 0.3290

Achromatomaly

9.8614, 0.2514, 0.3154

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Yxy 14.3076, 0.2168, 0.3005 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(0, 117, 129)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(0, 117, 129)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(0, 117, 129) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(0, 117, 129) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Yxy 14.3076, 0.2168, 0.3005 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(0, 117, 129) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(0, 117, 129) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(0, 117, 129)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(0, 117, 129); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 117, 129);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 117,  
129) }
```


Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Yxy 14.3076, 0.2168, 0.3005 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(0, 117, 129) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(0, 117,  
129) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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