

Converting Colors

$Y_{xy}(10.7563, 0.3326, 0.4072)$

Have a look what the booklet for
Yxy(10.7563, 0.3326, 0.4072)
contains.

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Color

$Y_{xy}(10.7485, 0.3316, 0.4065)$

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	526143
RGB	82, 97, 67
RGB Percent	32%, 38%, 26%
CMY	0.6784, 0.6196, 0.7372
CMYK	0.15, 0.00, 0.31, 0.62
HSL	90°, 18%, 32%
HSV	90°, 31%, 38%
XYZ	8.7680, 10.7485, 6.9250
YIQ	89.0950, 0.6900, -12.5100

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

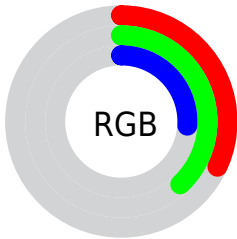
Format	Color
RYB	67, 97, 82
Decimal	5398851
CIELab	39.15, -11.81, 15.26
CIElCh	39, 19.295, 127.737
Yxy	10.7485, 0.3316, 0.4065
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4283588931 (0xFF526143)
YUV	89.0950, -10.8928, -6.2223
Hunter-Lab	32.7849, -9.6354, 10.4258

Details

The Yxy color **10.7485, 0.3316, 0.4065** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **666633**. A complement of this color would be **6.6737, 0.2884, 0.2517**, and the grayscale version is **10.0372, 0.3127, 0.3290**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **27.3231, 0.3277, 0.3860**, and **2.8269, 0.3386, 0.4532** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **10.4322, 0.3369, 0.4342**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **11.1006, 0.3257, 0.3798**.

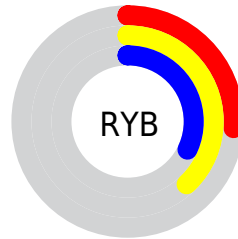
Distribution



Red (32%)

Green (38%)

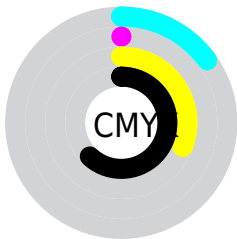
Blue (26%)



Red (26%)

Yellow (38%)

Blue (32%)

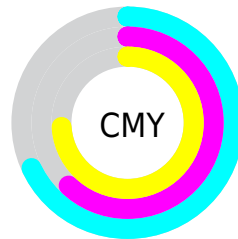


Cyan (15%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (31%)

Black (62%)



Cyan (68%)

Magenta (62%)

Yellow (74%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Yxy color 10.7485, 0.3316, 0.4065 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Yxy color 10.7485, 0.3316, 0.4065 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

10.7485, 0.3316,
0.4065

10.7485, 0.3316,
0.4065

195.9339, 0.3207,
0.3572

5.8980, 0.3347,
0.4249

27.1942, 0.3273,
0.3849

2.7831, 0.3385,
0.4543

39.5581, 0.3258,
0.3781

1.0196, 0.3899,
0.5890

55.1953, 0.3245,
0.3727

0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

74.4901, 0.3235,
0.3684

97.8270, 0.3226,
0.3649

125.5903, 0.3219,

0.3619

158.1645, 0.3212,
0.3594

■ 10.7485, 0.3316,
0.4065

■ 10.7485, 0.3316,
0.4065

■ 10.4322, 0.3369,
0.4342

■ 11.1006, 0.3257,
0.3798

■ 10.1491, 0.3413,
0.4621

■ 11.4884, 0.3195,
0.3545

■ 9.8981, 0.3444,
0.4891


■ 11.9134, 0.3133,
0.3310

■ 9.6779, 0.3459,
0.5141


■ 12.3768, 0.3071,
0.3095

■ 9.4868, 0.3455,
0.5357

■ 12.8795, 0.3011,
0.2900


 9.3228, 0.3432,
0.5531

 13.4227, 0.2955,
0.2724

 9.1897, 0.3408,
0.5676

 14.0071, 0.2901,
0.2565

 14.6338, 0.2850,
0.2423

 15.3037, 0.2803,
0.2295

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



10.7485, 0.3716, 0.4041



10.7485, 0.3316, 0.4065



10.7485, 0.2883, 0.3834

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



10.7485, 0.3316, 0.4065



10.7485, 0.2345, 0.2710



10.7485, 0.3745, 0.3124

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



10.7485, 0.3316, 0.4065



6.6737, 0.2884, 0.2517

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



10.7485, 0.3336, 0.2824



10.7485, 0.3316, 0.4065



10.7485, 0.2538, 0.2585

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



10.7485, 0.3316, 0.4065



10.7485, 0.2342, 0.3007



10.7485, 0.2892, 0.2631



10.7485, 0.3982, 0.3476

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



10.7485, 0.3316, 0.4065



10.7485, 0.2633, 0.3571



10.7485, 0.2892, 0.2631



10.7485, 0.3622, 0.3016

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



10.7490, 0.3316, 0.4065



19.8078, 0.3185, 0.3505



8.9827, 0.3655, 0.3664



4.8997, 0.3192, 0.3531



52.2522, 0.3127, 0.3290



5.0876, 0.3127, 0.3290

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



10.7490, 0.3316, 0.4065



18.0296, 0.3355, 0.4263



10.1488, 0.3088, 0.4122



2.9113, 0.3183, 0.3496



12.4756, 0.3396, 0.5686



66.1230, 0.3355, 0.5718

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



6.6737, 0.2884, 0.2517



9.8464, 0.2812, 0.2320



7.4207, 0.3161, 0.2579



2.5707, 0.3068, 0.3085



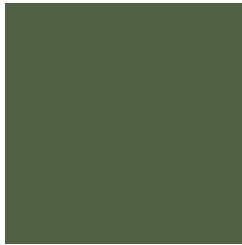
2.0185, 0.2067, 0.0912



10.2589, 0.2008, 0.0880

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 10.7485, 0.3316, 0.4065 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 10.7485, 0.3316, 0.4065 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

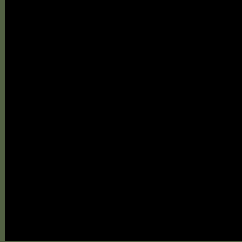
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

Yxy 10.7485, 0.3316, 0.4065

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Yxy color 10.7485, 0.3316, 0.4065.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Yxy color 10.7485, 0.3316, 0.4065.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

10.7485, 0.3316, 0.4065

Protanopia

10.6886, 0.3655, 0.3936

Deuteranopia

10.6603, 0.3795, 0.3721



Tritanopia

10.7750, 0.2939, 0.3121

Trichromacy



Original Color

10.7485, 0.3316, 0.4065

Protanomaly

10.7259, 0.3525, 0.3980

Deuteranomaly

10.5522, 0.3616, 0.3842

Tritanomaly

10.6413, 0.3074, 0.3440

Monochromacy



Original Color

10.7485, 0.3316, 0.4065

Achromatopsia

9.9899, 0.3127, 0.3290

Achromatomaly

10.2268, 0.3193, 0.3569

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Yxy 10.7485, 0.3316, 0.4065 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(82, 97, 67)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(82, 97, 67)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(82, 97, 67) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(82, 97, 67) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Yxy 10.7485, 0.3316, 0.4065 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(82, 97, 67) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(82, 97, 67) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(82, 97, 67) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(82, 97, 67); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(82, 97, 67);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(82, 97, 67)  
}
```


Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Yxy 10.7485, 0.3316, 0.4065 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(82, 97, 67) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(82, 97,  
67) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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