

Converting Colors

$Y_{xy}(10.7606, 0.4251, 0.4537)$

Have a look what the booklet for
Yxy(10.7606, 0.4251, 0.4537)
contains.

Yxy(10.7069, 0.4261, 0.4538)	3
Conversions	4
Details	6
Harmonies	12
Previews	24
Color Blindness Simulation	27
CSS Examples	30

Color

Yxy(10.7069, 0.4261, 0.4538)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	6B5B1F
RGB	107, 91, 31
RGB Percent	42%, 36%, 12%
CMY	0.5803, 0.6431, 0.8784
CMYK	0.00, 0.15, 0.71, 0.58
HSL	47°, 55%, 27%
HSV	47°, 71%, 42%
XYZ	10.0533, 10.7069, 2.8336
YIQ	88.9440, 28.7960, -15.2680

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

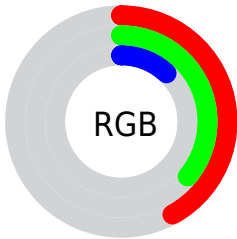
Format	Color
R_{YB}	51, 107, 31
Decimal	7035679
CIE _{Lab}	39.08, -0.96, 35.70
CIE _{LCh}	39, 35.714, 91.544
Yxy	10.7069, 0.4261, 0.4538
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4285225759 (0xFF6B5B1F)
YUV	88.9440, -28.5664, 15.8351
Hunter-Lab	32.7214, -2.4200, 17.7706

Details

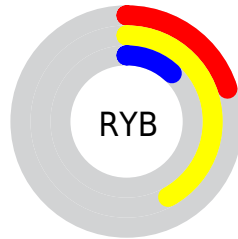
The Yxy color **10.7069, 0.4261, 0.4538** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **666633**. A complement of this color would be **3.3886, 0.1929, 0.1542**, and the grayscale version is **10.0374, 0.3127, 0.3290**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **27.1913, 0.3998, 0.4241**, and **2.8238, 0.4521, 0.4792** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **10.2802, 0.4395, 0.4636**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **11.1650, 0.4108, 0.4404**.

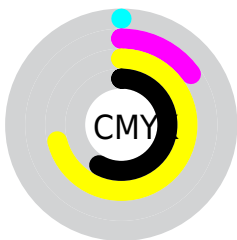
Distribution



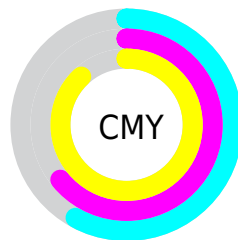
- Red (42%)
- Green (36%)
- Blue (12%)



- Red (20%)
- Yellow (42%)
- Blue (12%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (15%)
- Yellow (71%)
- Black (58%)





- Cyan (58%)
- Magenta (64%)
- Yellow (88%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the Yxy color 10.7069, 0.4261, 0.4538 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Yxy color 10.7069, 0.4261, 0.4538 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 10.7069, 0.4261,
0.4538


 10.7069, 0.4261,
0.4538


195.6455, 0.3594,
0.3799


 5.8701, 0.4441,
0.4743

 27.1169, 0.3999,
0.4245


 2.7663, 0.4825,
0.5175


 39.4589, 0.3905,
0.4141

 1.0110, 0.4806,
0.5194

 55.0714, 0.3829,
0.4057

 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

 74.3388, 0.3766,
0.3987

 97.6455, 0.3712,
0.3929

 125.3760, 0.3667,

0.3879

157.9145, 0.3628,
0.3836

10.7069, 0.4261,
0.4538

10.7069, 0.4261,
0.4538

10.2802, 0.4395,
0.4636

11.1650, 0.4108,
0.4404

9.8813, 0.4506,
0.4694

11.6547, 0.3944,
0.4244

9.5393, 0.4598,
0.4731

12.1781, 0.3775,
0.4064

12.7367, 0.3606,
0.3875

13.3318, 0.3443,
0.3682

■ 13.9646, 0.3287,
0.3492

■ 14.6364, 0.3141,
0.3308

■ 15.3482, 0.3007,
0.3134

■ 16.1012, 0.2884,
0.2970

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



10.7069, 0.4686, 0.4006



10.7069, 0.4261, 0.4538



10.7069, 0.3565, 0.4796

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



10.7069, 0.4261, 0.4538



10.7069, 0.1801, 0.2860



10.7069, 0.3313, 0.2401

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



10.7069, 0.4261, 0.4538



3.3886, 0.1929, 0.1542

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



10.7069, 0.2538, 0.2128



10.7069, 0.4261, 0.4538



10.7069, 0.1758, 0.2312

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



10.7069, 0.4261, 0.4538



10.7069, 0.2155, 0.3697



10.7069, 0.2005, 0.2084



10.7069, 0.4131, 0.2855

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



10.7069, 0.4261, 0.4538



10.7069, 0.3046, 0.4668



10.7069, 0.2005, 0.2084



10.7069, 0.3036, 0.2287

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



10.7074, 0.4261, 0.4538



23.8024, 0.3452, 0.3693



4.3164, 0.4850, 0.2957



5.7075, 0.3485, 0.3732



57.0482, 0.3127, 0.3290



6.3724, 0.3127, 0.3290

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



10.7074, 0.4261, 0.4538



17.9414, 0.4469, 0.4678



12.5716, 0.3704, 0.5008



3.4807, 0.3256, 0.3453



11.5575, 0.4603, 0.4727



57.6076, 0.4631, 0.4705

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



3.3886, 0.1929, 0.1542



4.0274, 0.1706, 0.1136



2.7869, 0.2126, 0.1291



3.1191, 0.2997, 0.3121



1.9749, 0.1576, 0.0872



9.0003, 0.1553, 0.0792

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 10.7069, 0.4261, 0.4538 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 10.7069, 0.4261, 0.4538 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

Yxy 10.7069, 0.4261, 0.4538

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Yxy color 10.7069, 0.4261, 0.4538.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Yxy color 10.7069, 0.4261, 0.4538.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

10.7069, 0.4261, 0.4538

Protanopia

10.6368, 0.4177, 0.4596

Deuteranopia

10.7286, 0.4432, 0.4394



Tritanopia

10.7145, 0.3474, 0.3138

Trichromacy



Original Color

10.7069, 0.4261, 0.4538

Protanomaly

10.6963, 0.4194, 0.4586

Deuteranomaly

10.6938, 0.4366, 0.4440

Tritanomaly

10.5736, 0.3803, 0.3674

Monochromacy



Original Color

10.7069, 0.4261, 0.4538

Achromatopsia

9.9899, 0.3127, 0.3290

Achromatomaly

10.2165, 0.3570, 0.3829

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Yxy 10.7069, 0.4261, 0.4538 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(107, 91, 31)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
  color:rgb(107, 91, 31)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(107, 91, 31) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(107, 91, 31) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Yxy 10.7069, 0.4261, 0.4538 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(107, 91, 31) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(107, 91, 31) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(107, 91, 31) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(107, 91, 31); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(107, 91, 31);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(107, 91,  
31) }
```


Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Yxy 10.7069, 0.4261, 0.4538 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(107, 91, 31) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(107, 91,  
31) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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