

Converting Colors

$Y_{xy}(10.7849, 0.2673, 0.4486)$

Have a look what the booklet for
Yxy(10.7849, 0.2673, 0.4486)
contains.

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Color

Yxy(10.8836, 0.2672, 0.4481)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	176A42
RGB	23, 106, 66
RGB Percent	9%, 42%, 26%
CMY	0.9101, 0.5843, 0.7411
CMYK	0.78, 0.00, 0.38, 0.58
HSL	151°, 64%, 25%
HSV	151°, 78%, 42%
XYZ	6.4898, 10.8836, 6.9149
YIQ	76.6230, -36.6280, -30.0360

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

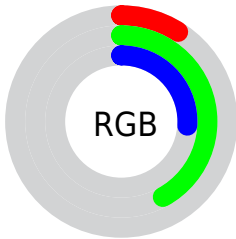
Format	Color
R_{YB}	23, 78, 106
Decimal	1534530
CIE _{Lab}	39.38, -34.36, 15.69
CIE _{LCh}	39, 37.775, 155.450
Yxy	10.8836, 0.2672, 0.4481
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4279724610 (0xFF176A42)
YUV	76.6230, -5.2371, -47.0274
Hunter-Lab	32.9903, -22.6186, 10.6658

Details

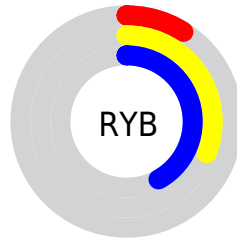
The Yxy color **10.8836, 0.2672, 0.4481** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **006633**. A complement of this color would be **4.0325, 0.4391, 0.2478**, and the grayscale version is **7.3596, 0.3127, 0.3290**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **27.4180, 0.2814, 0.4135**, and **2.9842, 0.2752, 0.5108** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **10.7257, 0.2671, 0.4658**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **11.0978, 0.2690, 0.4302**.

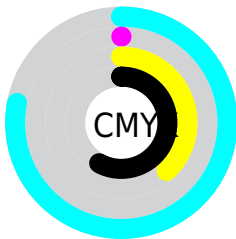
Distribution



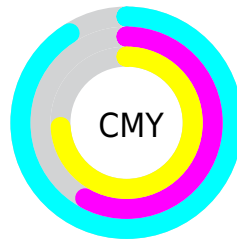
- Red (9%)
- Green (42%)
- Blue (26%)



- Red (9%)
- Yellow (31%)
- Blue (42%)



- Cyan (78%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (38%)
- Black (58%)





- Cyan (91%)
- Magenta (58%)
- Yellow (74%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the Yxy color 10.8836, 0.2672, 0.4481 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Yxy color 10.8836, 0.2672, 0.4481 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 10.8836, 0.2672,
0.4481


 10.8836, 0.2672,
0.4481


196.8672, 0.2973,
0.3705


 5.9886, 0.2549,
0.4788

 27.4447, 0.2809,
0.4133


 2.8382, 0.2341,
0.5296


 39.8797, 0.2851,
0.4025

 1.0478, 0.1208,
0.8517

 55.5967, 0.2883,
0.3941

 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

 74.9802, 0.2908,
0.3874

 98.4146, 0.2929,
0.3820

 126.2844, 0.2946,

0.3775

158.9738, 0.2961,
0.3737

10.8836, 0.2672,
0.4481

10.8836, 0.2672,
0.4481

10.7257, 0.2671,
0.4658

11.0978, 0.2690,
0.4302

10.6040, 0.2682,
0.4833

11.3724, 0.2725,
0.4126

10.5848, 0.2684,
0.4861

11.7128, 0.2774,
0.3957

12.1232, 0.2835,
0.3796

12.6074, 0.2905,
0.3647

■ 13.1693, 0.2980,
0.3510

■ 13.8120, 0.3059,
0.3385

■ 14.5389, 0.3140,
0.3273

■ 15.3528, 0.3222,
0.3172

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



10.8836, 0.3472, 0.4876



10.8836, 0.2672, 0.4481



10.8836, 0.2041, 0.3591

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



10.8836, 0.2672, 0.4481



10.8836, 0.2011, 0.2023



10.8836, 0.4772, 0.3490

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



10.8836, 0.2672, 0.4481



4.0325, 0.4391, 0.2478

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



10.8836, 0.4279, 0.2903



10.8836, 0.2672, 0.4481



10.8836, 0.2602, 0.2103

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



10.8836, 0.2672, 0.4481



10.8836, 0.1717, 0.2216



10.8836, 0.3435, 0.2415



10.8836, 0.4723, 0.4105

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



10.8836, 0.2672, 0.4481



10.8836, 0.1791, 0.2992



10.8836, 0.3435, 0.2415



10.8836, 0.4665, 0.3288

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



10.8840, 0.2672, 0.4481



22.4732, 0.2932, 0.3595



11.4303, 0.3438, 0.5336



5.2061, 0.2912, 0.3631



55.4222, 0.3127, 0.3290



5.9254, 0.3127, 0.3290

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



10.8840, 0.2672, 0.4481



18.6577, 0.2684, 0.4800



11.2481, 0.2302, 0.3251



3.4685, 0.3054, 0.3392



13.1277, 0.2689, 0.4879



66.7150, 0.2715, 0.4973

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



4.0325, 0.4391, 0.2478



6.0065, 0.4835, 0.2494



3.7924, 0.5630, 0.3320



3.1388, 0.3206, 0.3190



4.0928, 0.4952, 0.2502



20.6808, 0.5077, 0.2570

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 10.8836, 0.2672, 0.4481 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

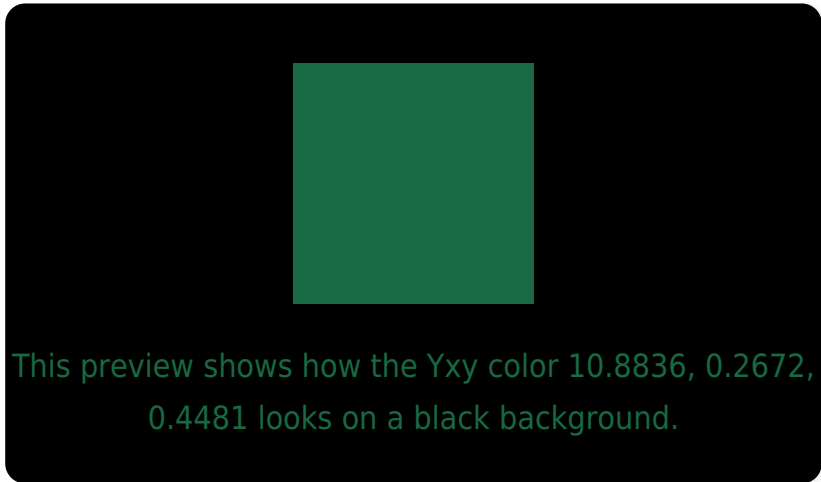
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

Yxy 10.8836, 0.2672, 0.4481

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Yxy color 10.8836, 0.2672, 0.4481.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Yxy color 10.8836, 0.2672, 0.4481.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

10.8836, 0.2672, 0.4481

Protanopia

10.6899, 0.3749, 0.4048

Deuteranopia

10.8382, 0.3771, 0.3721



Tritanopia

10.9251, 0.2371, 0.3080

Trichromacy



Original Color

10.8836, 0.2672, 0.4481

Protanomaly

10.2749, 0.3227, 0.4242

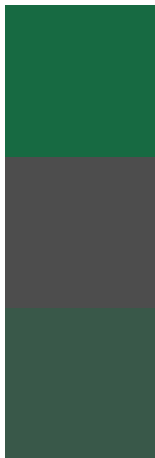
Deuteranomaly

10.2338, 0.3232, 0.3981

Tritanomaly

10.8659, 0.2479, 0.3566

Monochromacy



Original Color

10.8836, 0.2672, 0.4481

Achromatopsia

7.4214, 0.3127, 0.3290

Achromatomaly

8.3303, 0.2863, 0.3738

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Yxy 10.8836, 0.2672, 0.4481 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(23, 106, 66)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(23, 106, 66)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(23, 106, 66) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(23, 106, 66) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Yxy 10.8836, 0.2672, 0.4481 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(23, 106, 66) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(23, 106, 66) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(23, 106, 66)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(23, 106, 66); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(23, 106, 66);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(23, 106,  
66) }
```


Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Yxy 10.8836, 0.2672, 0.4481 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(23, 106, 66) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(23, 106,  
66) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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