

# Converting Colors

$Y_{xy}(10.7860, 0.6387, 0.3292)$

Have a look what the booklet for  
Yxy(10.7860, 0.6387, 0.3292)  
contains.

<b>Yxy(10.8254, 0.6384, 0.3291)</b> .....	3
<b>Conversions</b> .....	4
<b>Details</b> .....	6
<b>Harmonies</b> .....	12
<b>Previews</b> .....	24
<b>Color Blindness Simulation</b> .....	27
<b>CSS Examples</b> .....	30

**Color**

**Yxy(10.8254, 0.6384, 0.3291)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	BD0003
RGB	189, 0, 3
RGB Percent	74%, 0%, 1%
CMY	0.2589, 0.9995, 0.9882
CMYK	0.00, 1.00, 0.98, 0.26
HSL	359°, 100%, 37%
HSV	359°, 100%, 74%
XYZ	20.9995, 10.8254, 1.0691
YIQ	56.8530, 111.6810, 41.0010

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

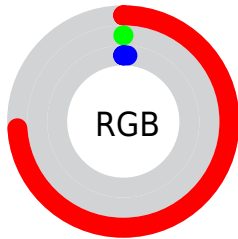
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	189, 0, 3
Decimal	12386307
CIELab	39.28, 63.97, 52.49
CIELCh	39, 82.752, 39.371
Yxy	10.8254, 0.6384, 0.3291
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4290576387 (0xFFBD0003)
YUV	56.8530, -26.5495, 115.8929
Hunter-Lab	32.9020, 56.3482, 21.1049

# Details

The Yxy color **10.8254, 0.6384, 0.3291** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **CC0000**. A complement of this color would be **39.9383, 0.2259, 0.3334**, and the grayscale version is **4.1064, 0.3127, 0.3290**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **27.3625, 0.5695, 0.3499**, and **4.3600, 0.6401, 0.3300** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **10.8228, 0.6385, 0.3291**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **11.3400, 0.6190, 0.3287**.

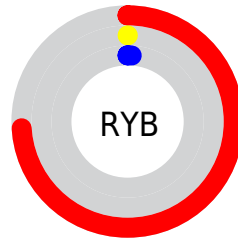
# Distribution



Red (74%)

Green (0%)

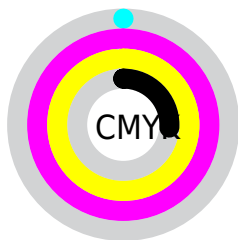
Blue (1%)



Red (74%)

Yellow (0%)

Blue (1%)

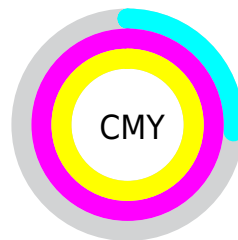


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (100%)

Yellow (98%)

Black (26%)



Cyan (26%)

Magenta (100%)


Yellow (99%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Yxy color 10.8254, 0.6384, 0.3291 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Yxy color 10.8254, 0.6384, 0.3291 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



 10.8254, 0.6384,  
0.3291


 10.8254, 0.6384,  
0.3291


 196.4657, 0.4528,  
0.3558


 5.9496, 0.6899,  
0.3101

 27.3368, 0.5700,  
0.3496


 2.8144, 0.7315,  
0.2685

 39.7412, 0.5440,  
0.3537


 1.0356, 0.7916,  
0.2084

 55.4239, 0.5221,  
0.3558

 0.0000, 1.0000,  
0.0000

 74.7693, 0.5037,  
0.3568

 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

 98.1618, 0.4880,  
0.3570

 125.9858, 0.4746,

0.3569

 158.6256, 0.4630,  
0.3564

 10.8254, 0.6384,  
0.3291


 10.8254, 0.6384,  
0.3291

 10.8228, 0.6385,  
0.3291

 11.3400, 0.6190,  
0.3287

 12.3534, 0.5857,  
0.3280

 14.0405, 0.5418,  
0.3276

 16.4908, 0.4944,  
0.3274

 19.7802, 0.4496,  
0.3275

■ 23.9754, 0.4103,  
0.3277

■ 29.1364, 0.3776,  
0.3280

■ 35.3181, 0.3510,  
0.3283

■ 42.5712, 0.3297,  
0.3287

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



10.8254, 0.5766, 0.2506



10.8254, 0.6384, 0.3291



10.8254, 0.5733, 0.4267

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



10.8254, 0.6384, 0.3291



10.8254, 0.1765, 0.6037



10.8254, 0.1233, 0.1100

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



10.8254, 0.6384, 0.3291



39.9383, 0.2259, 0.3334

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



10.8254, 0.0791, 0.1231



10.8254, 0.6384, 0.3291



10.8254, 0.0935, 0.3462

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



10.8254, 0.6384, 0.3291



10.8254, 0.3055, 0.6780



10.8254, 0.0685, 0.1841



10.8254, 0.2212, 0.1281



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



10.8254, 0.6384, 0.3291



10.8254, 0.4902, 0.5098



10.8254, 0.0685, 0.1841



10.8254, 0.1040, 0.1106

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



10.8261, 0.6384, 0.3291



51.6354, 0.3793, 0.3280



14.0947, 0.3168, 0.1519



10.2281, 0.3924, 0.3278



95.5105, 0.3127, 0.3290



19.5994, 0.3127, 0.3290



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



10.8261, 0.6384, 0.3291



19.3847, 0.6389, 0.3293



18.3698, 0.5457, 0.4049



9.5387, 0.3286, 0.3287



7.2845, 0.6381, 0.3289



0.2862, 0.6306, 0.3248



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



10.8261, 0.6384, 0.3291



19.3847, 0.6389, 0.3293



12.3551, 0.1787, 0.1632



9.5387, 0.3286, 0.3287



7.2845, 0.6381, 0.3289



0.2862, 0.6306, 0.3248



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 10.8254, 0.6384, 0.3291 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**Yxy 10.8254, 0.6384, 0.3291**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Yxy color 10.8254, 0.6384, 0.3291.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Yxy color 10.8254, 0.6384, 0.3291.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

10.8254, 0.6384, 0.3291

### Protanopia

11.5617, 0.4239, 0.4703

### Deuteranopia

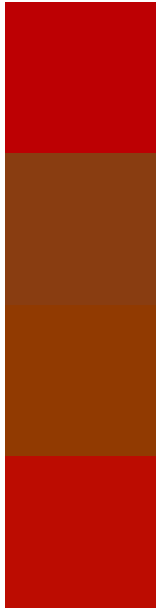
11.4752, 0.4675, 0.4670



## Tritanopia

11.1240, 0.6327, 0.3358

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

10.8254, 0.6384, 0.3291

## Protanomaly

8.6963, 0.5407, 0.3890

## Deuteranomaly

9.0480, 0.5658, 0.3879

## Tritanomaly

10.9565, 0.6350, 0.3333

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

10.8254, 0.6384, 0.3291

## Achromatopsia

4.0915, 0.3127, 0.3290

## Achromatomaly

4.3986, 0.5056, 0.3275

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Yxy 10.8254, 0.6384, 0.3291 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(189, 0, 3)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(189, 0, 3)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(189, 0, 3) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(189, 0, 3) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Yxy 10.8254, 0.6384, 0.3291 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(189, 0, 3) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(189, 0, 3) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(189, 0, 3)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(189, 0, 3); -webkit-box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(189, 0, 3); box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(189, 0, 3) }
```



# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Yxy 10.8254, 0.6384, 0.3291 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(189, 0, 3) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(189, 0,  
3) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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