

Converting Colors

$Y_{xy}(10.8061, 0.2641, 0.3049)$

Have a look what the booklet for
Yxy(10.8061, 0.2641, 0.3049)
contains.

Yxy(10.8921, 0.2646, 0.3065)	3
Conversions	4
Details	6
Harmonies	12
Previews	24
Color Blindness Simulation	27
CSS Examples	30

Color

Yxy(10.8921, 0.2646, 0.3065)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	46616A
RGB	70, 97, 106
RGB Percent	27%, 38%, 42%
CMY	0.7254, 0.6196, 0.5843
CMYK	0.34, 0.08, 0.00, 0.58
HSL	195°, 20%, 35%
HSV	195°, 34%, 42%
XYZ	9.4031, 10.8921, 15.2418
YIQ	89.9530, -18.9810, -2.9250

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

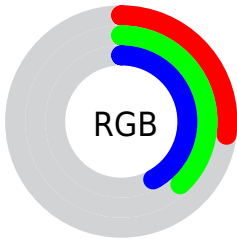
Format	Color
R_{YB}	70, 85, 106
Decimal	4612458
CIE Lab	39.40, -7.54, -8.33
CIE LCh	39, 11.234, 227.873
Yxy	10.8921, 0.2646, 0.3065
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4282802538 (0xFF46616A)
YUV	89.9530, 7.9112, -17.4988
Hunter-Lab	33.0032, -6.8983, -4.2796

Details

The Yxy color **10.8921, 0.2646, 0.3065** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **336666**. A complement of this color would be **9.1020, 0.3790, 0.3503**, and the grayscale version is **10.1996, 0.3127, 0.3290**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **27.6072, 0.2776, 0.3138**, and **2.8656, 0.2384, 0.2936** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **10.0504, 0.2516, 0.2987**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **11.8206, 0.2784, 0.3138**.

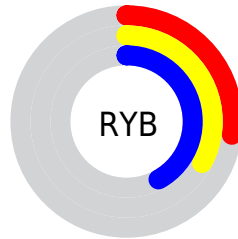
Distribution



Red (27%)

Green (38%)

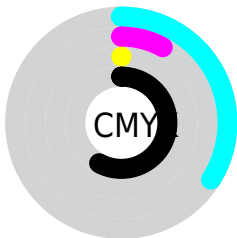
Blue (42%)



Red (27%)

Yellow (33%)

Blue (42%)

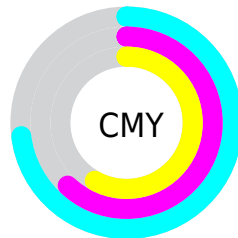


Cyan (34%)

Magenta (8%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (58%)



Cyan (73%)

Magenta (62%)

Yellow (58%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Yxy color 10.8921, 0.2646, 0.3065 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Yxy color 10.8921, 0.2646, 0.3065 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 10.8921, 0.2646,
0.3065

■ 10.8921, 0.2646,
0.3065

■ 196.9258, 0.2940,
0.3208

■ 5.9943, 0.2545,
0.3012

■ 27.4605, 0.2770,
0.3127

■ 2.8416, 0.2391,
0.2928

■ 39.8999, 0.2811,
0.3147

■ 1.0496, 0.2128,
0.2775

■ 55.6219, 0.2844,
0.3163

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 75.0110, 0.2870,
0.3175

■ 98.4515, 0.2892,
0.3185

126.3279, 0.2911,

0.3194

159.0245, 0.2926,
0.3201

■ 10.8921, 0.2646,
0.3065

■ 10.8921, 0.2646,
0.3065

■ 10.0504, 0.2516,
0.2987

■ 11.8206, 0.2784,
0.3138

■ 9.2905, 0.2396,
0.2906

■ 12.8383, 0.2926,
0.3205

■ 8.6086, 0.2288,
0.2820

■ 13.9488, 0.3070,
0.3267

■ 8.0002, 0.2196,
0.2733

■ 15.1553, 0.3214,
0.3323

■ 7.4600, 0.2121,
0.2645

■ 16.4608, 0.3357,
0.3374

■ 6.9797, 0.2063,
0.2557

■ 17.8681, 0.3496,
0.3419

■ 6.7018, 0.2029,
0.2503

■ 19.3799, 0.3630,
0.3459

■ 20.9989, 0.3759,
0.3495

■ 22.7274, 0.3883,
0.3526

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



10.8921, 0.2726, 0.3290



10.8921, 0.2646, 0.3065



10.8921, 0.2688, 0.2914

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



10.8921, 0.2646, 0.3065



10.8921, 0.3337, 0.3068



10.8921, 0.3405, 0.3742

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



10.8921, 0.2646, 0.3065



9.1020, 0.3790, 0.3503

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



10.8921, 0.3581, 0.3658



10.8921, 0.2646, 0.3065



10.8921, 0.3543, 0.3269

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



10.8921, 0.2646, 0.3065



10.8921, 0.3080, 0.2923



10.8921, 0.3634, 0.3483



10.8921, 0.3158, 0.3696

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



10.8921, 0.2646, 0.3065



10.8921, 0.2781, 0.2870



10.8921, 0.3634, 0.3483



10.8921, 0.3474, 0.3727

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



10.8925, 0.2646, 0.3065



23.2269, 0.2979, 0.3229



12.1755, 0.2977, 0.3987



5.3954, 0.2964, 0.3222



55.4222, 0.3127, 0.3290



5.9254, 0.3127, 0.3290

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



10.8925, 0.2646, 0.3065



17.8954, 0.2539, 0.3002



7.9380, 0.2589, 0.2593



3.3701, 0.2997, 0.3237



8.2631, 0.2026, 0.2493



40.6759, 0.2012, 0.2443

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



8.3104, 0.3323, 0.2683



12.7433, 0.3385, 0.2537



12.0568, 0.3664, 0.3901



3.1516, 0.3170, 0.3135



4.5065, 0.3929, 0.1938



22.8185, 0.3979, 0.1966

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 10.8921, 0.2646, 0.3065 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 10.8921, 0.2646, 0.3065 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

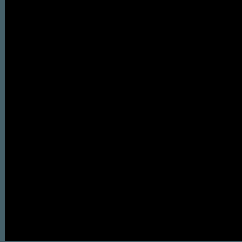
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

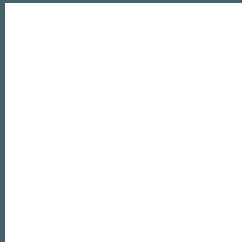
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

Yxy 10.8921, 0.2646, 0.3065

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Yxy color 10.8921, 0.2646, 0.3065.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Yxy color 10.8921, 0.2646, 0.3065.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

10.8921, 0.2646, 0.3065

Protanopia

10.8577, 0.2957, 0.3031

Deuteranopia

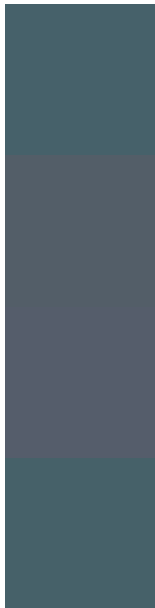
10.7535, 0.2946, 0.2899



Tritanopia

10.8714, 0.2657, 0.3089

Trichromacy



Original Color

10.8921, 0.2646, 0.3065

Protanomaly

10.8439, 0.2831, 0.3048

Deuteranomaly

10.8215, 0.2819, 0.2957

Tritanomaly

10.8714, 0.2657, 0.3089

Monochromacy



Original Color

10.8921, 0.2646, 0.3065

Achromatopsia

10.2242, 0.3127, 0.3290

Achromatomaly

10.5122, 0.2934, 0.3215

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Yxy 10.8921, 0.2646, 0.3065 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(70, 97, 106)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(70, 97, 106)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(70, 97, 106) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(70, 97, 106) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Yxy 10.8921, 0.2646, 0.3065 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(70, 97, 106) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(70, 97, 106) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(70, 97, 106)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(70, 97, 106); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(70, 97, 106);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(70, 97,  
106) }
```


Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Yxy 10.8921, 0.2646, 0.3065 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(70, 97, 106) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(70, 97,  
106) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor