

Converting Colors

$Y_{xy}(10.8100, 0.3276, 0.5779)$

Have a look what the booklet for
Yxy(10.8100, 0.3276, 0.5779)
contains.

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Color

Yxy(10.8003, 0.3272, 0.5784)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	2A6A00
RGB	42, 106, 0
RGB Percent	16%, 42%, 0%
CMY	0.8352, 0.5843, 1.0000
CMYK	0.60, 0.00, 1.00, 0.58
HSL	96°, 100%, 21%
HSV	96°, 100%, 42%
XYZ	6.1097, 10.8003, 1.7627
YIQ	74.7800, -4.1180, -46.5340

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

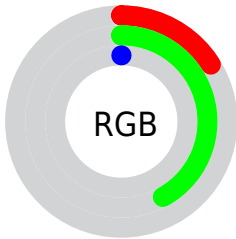
Format	Color
RYB	0, 106, 64
Decimal	2779648
CIELab	39.24, -37.82, 44.65
CIELCh	39, 58.515, 130.265
Yxy	10.8003, 0.3272, 0.5784
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4280969728 (0xFF2A6A00)
YUV	74.7800, -36.8665, -28.7481
Hunter-Lab	32.8638, -24.3267, 19.8246

Details

The Yxy color **10.8003, 0.3272, 0.5784** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **336600**. A complement of this color would be **2.1301, 0.2284, 0.1032**, and the grayscale version is **7.0642, 0.3127, 0.3290**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **27.2460, 0.3337, 0.5104**, and **3.0261, 0.3000, 0.6000** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **10.8006, 0.3272, 0.5784**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **10.9699, 0.3308, 0.5625**.

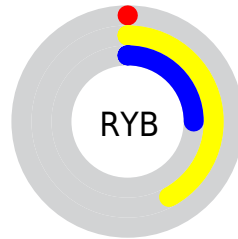
Distribution



Red (16%)

Green (42%)

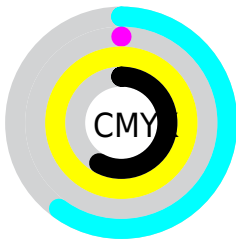
Blue (0%)



Red (0%)

Yellow (42%)

Blue (25%)

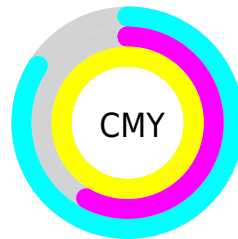


Cyan (60%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (100%)

Black (58%)



Cyan (84%)


Magenta (58%)


Yellow (100%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the Yxy color 10.8003, 0.3272, 0.5784 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Yxy color 10.8003, 0.3272, 0.5784 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 10.8003, 0.3272,
0.5784


 10.8003, 0.3272,
0.5784


 196.2923, 0.3295,
0.4180


 5.9327, 0.3179,
0.6387

 27.2903, 0.3339,
0.5096


 2.8042, 0.2871,
0.7129


 39.6815, 0.3341,
0.4870

 1.0304, 0.0456,
0.9544

 55.3493, 0.3337,
0.4692

 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000


 74.6783, 0.3329,
0.4548

 98.0526, 0.3321,
0.4431


 125.8568, 0.3312,


0.4333


 158.4752, 0.3304,
0.4250


 10.8003, 0.3272,
0.5784


 10.8003, 0.3272,
0.5784


 10.8006, 0.3272,
0.5784

 10.9699, 0.3308,
0.5625

 11.1701, 0.3338,
0.5438

 11.4103, 0.3352,
0.5203

 11.6933, 0.3349,
0.4934

 12.0215, 0.3332,
0.4645

■ 12.3972, 0.3303,
0.4350

■ 12.8223, 0.3265,
0.4060

■ 13.2988, 0.3221,
0.3784

■ 13.8285, 0.3175,
0.3526

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



10.8003, 0.4382, 0.5274



10.8003, 0.3272, 0.5784



10.8003, 0.2187, 0.5066

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



10.8003, 0.3272, 0.5784



10.8003, 0.1219, 0.1663



10.8003, 0.5071, 0.2786

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



10.8003, 0.3272, 0.5784



2.1301, 0.2284, 0.1032

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



10.8003, 0.3782, 0.2132



10.8003, 0.3272, 0.5784



10.8003, 0.1643, 0.1520

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



10.8003, 0.3272, 0.5784



10.8003, 0.1138, 0.2233



10.8003, 0.2495, 0.1687



10.8003, 0.5624, 0.3533

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



10.8003, 0.3272, 0.5784



10.8003, 0.1627, 0.3990



10.8003, 0.2495, 0.1687



10.8003, 0.4691, 0.2553

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



10.8008, 0.3272, 0.5784



22.4380, 0.3268, 0.4084



6.6863, 0.5061, 0.4363



5.2014, 0.3280, 0.4171



55.4222, 0.3127, 0.3290



5.9254, 0.3127, 0.3290

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



10.8008, 0.3272, 0.5784



18.8917, 0.3253, 0.5799



10.3312, 0.2967, 0.5881



3.4979, 0.3170, 0.3501



13.3852, 0.3264, 0.5790



67.7279, 0.3225, 0.5821

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



2.1301, 0.2284, 0.1032



3.6703, 0.2260, 0.1019



3.8978, 0.3464, 0.1682



3.1070, 0.3081, 0.3081



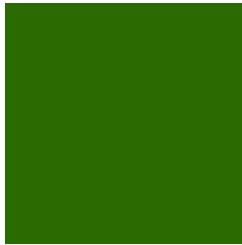
2.6234, 0.2274, 0.1026



12.8531, 0.2224, 0.0999

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 10.8003, 0.3272, 0.5784 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

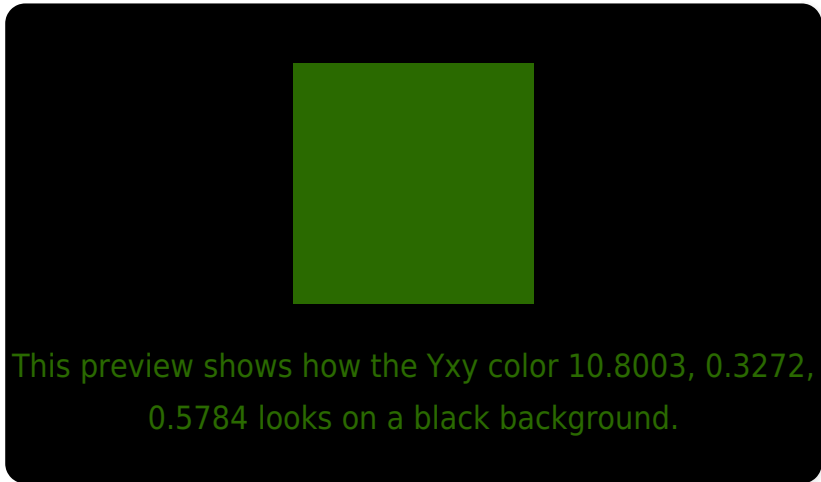
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

Yxy 10.8003, 0.3272, 0.5784

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Yxy color 10.8003, 0.3272, 0.5784.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Yxy color 10.8003, 0.3272, 0.5784.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

10.8003, 0.3272, 0.5784

Protanopia

10.5973, 0.4399, 0.4889

Deuteranopia

10.5873, 0.4562, 0.4490



Tritanopia

10.8941, 0.2531, 0.3110

Trichromacy



Original Color

10.8003, 0.3272, 0.5784

Protanomaly

10.2987, 0.3922, 0.5268

Deuteranomaly

10.1610, 0.4039, 0.5004

Tritanomaly

10.6649, 0.2906, 0.4286

Monochromacy



Original Color

10.8003, 0.3272, 0.5784

Achromatopsia

7.0360, 0.3127, 0.3290

Achromatomaly

7.9257, 0.3311, 0.4440

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Yxy 10.8003, 0.3272, 0.5784 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(42, 106, 0)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(42, 106, 0)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(42, 106, 0) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(42, 106, 0) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Yxy 10.8003, 0.3272, 0.5784 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(42, 106, 0) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(42, 106, 0) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(42, 106, 0)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(42, 106, 0); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(42, 106, 0);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(42, 106, 0)  
}
```


Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Yxy 10.8003, 0.3272, 0.5784 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(42, 106, 0) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(42, 106,  
0) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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