

Converting Colors

$Y_{xy}(10.8174, 0.2480, 0.3450)$

Have a look what the booklet for
Yxy(10.8174, 0.2480, 0.3450)
contains.

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Color

Yxy(10.8187, 0.2482, 0.3452)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	296660
RGB	41, 102, 96
RGB Percent	16%, 40%, 38%
CMY	0.8390, 0.6000, 0.6236
CMYK	0.60, 0.00, 0.06, 0.60
HSL	174°, 43%, 28%
HSV	174°, 60%, 40%
XYZ	7.7787, 10.8187, 12.7430
YIQ	83.0770, -34.4300, -14.7980

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

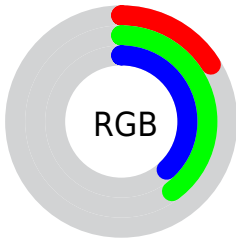
Format	Color
RYB	41, 73, 102
Decimal	2713184
CIELab	39.27, -21.16, -2.53
CIELCh	39, 21.315, 186.817
Yxy	10.8187, 0.2482, 0.3452
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4280903264 (0xFF296660)
YUV	83.0770, 6.3710, -36.9015
Hunter-Lab	32.8918, -15.3466, 0.0540

Details

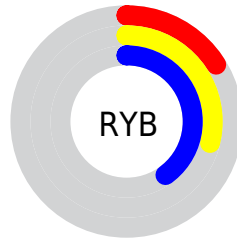
The Yxy color **10.8187, 0.2482, 0.3452** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **336666**. A complement of this color would be **4.6205, 0.4637, 0.3156**, and the grayscale version is **8.6620, 0.3127, 0.3290**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **27.1849, 0.2650, 0.3415**, and **2.9627, 0.2314, 0.3530** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **10.6172, 0.2420, 0.3483**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **11.0757, 0.2560, 0.3421**.

Distribution



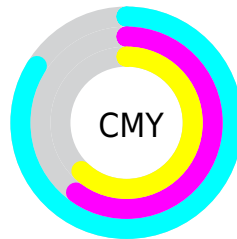
- Red (16%)
- Green (40%)
- Blue (38%)



- Red (16%)
- Yellow (29%)
- Blue (40%)



- Cyan (60%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (6%)
- Black (60%)





- Cyan (84%)
- Magenta (60%)
- Yellow (62%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the Yxy color 10.8187, 0.2482, 0.3452 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Yxy color 10.8187, 0.2482, 0.3452 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 10.8187, 0.2482,
0.3452

 10.8187, 0.2482,
0.3452


196.4195, 0.2877,
0.3356


 5.9451, 0.2345,
0.3482

 27.3244, 0.2650,
0.3413

 2.8117, 0.2137,
0.3525


 39.7253, 0.2705,
0.3400


 1.0342, 0.1624,
0.3658

 55.4040, 0.2748,
0.3389

 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

 74.7450, 0.2784,
0.3380

 98.1327, 0.2813,
0.3373

 125.9514, 0.2838,

0.3366

158.5855, 0.2859,
0.3361

■ 10.8187, 0.2482,
0.3452

■ 10.8187, 0.2482,
0.3452

■ 10.6172, 0.2420,
0.3483

■ 11.0757, 0.2560,
0.3421

■ 10.4657, 0.2376,
0.3515

■ 11.3907, 0.2653,
0.3392

■ 10.3595, 0.2348,
0.3547

■ 11.7677, 0.2758,
0.3363

■ 10.2760, 0.2328,
0.3579

■ 12.2100, 0.2875,
0.3337

■ 10.2738, 0.2328,
0.3580

■ 12.7204, 0.3000,
0.3312

■ 13.3018, 0.3131,
0.3289

■ 13.9568, 0.3265,
0.3269

■ 14.6880, 0.3401,
0.3250

■ 15.4977, 0.3538,
0.3234

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



10.8187, 0.2869, 0.3905



10.8187, 0.2482, 0.3452



10.8187, 0.2271, 0.2986

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



10.8187, 0.2482, 0.3452



10.8187, 0.2853, 0.2566



10.8187, 0.4055, 0.3846

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



10.8187, 0.2482, 0.3452



4.6205, 0.4637, 0.3156

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



10.8187, 0.4066, 0.3476



10.8187, 0.2482, 0.3452



10.8187, 0.3340, 0.2772

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



10.8187, 0.2482, 0.3452



10.8187, 0.2472, 0.2520



10.8187, 0.3797, 0.3095



10.8187, 0.3783, 0.4110

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



10.8187, 0.2482, 0.3452



10.8187, 0.2246, 0.2748



10.8187, 0.3797, 0.3095



10.8187, 0.4091, 0.3729

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



10.8191, 0.2482, 0.3452



21.5184, 0.2890, 0.3334



10.2706, 0.3111, 0.5046



5.0341, 0.2864, 0.3339



53.8236, 0.3127, 0.3290



5.4972, 0.3127, 0.3290

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



10.8191, 0.2482, 0.3452



18.4964, 0.2399, 0.3497



6.8273, 0.2277, 0.2585



3.1808, 0.3010, 0.3310



13.1928, 0.2329, 0.3584



68.7355, 0.2334, 0.3603

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



4.6205, 0.4637, 0.3156



6.4866, 0.5235, 0.3150



6.8159, 0.4424, 0.3868



2.8504, 0.3257, 0.3270



3.6528, 0.6223, 0.3202



18.9869, 0.6309, 0.3249

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 10.8187, 0.2482, 0.3452 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 10.8187, 0.2482, 0.3452 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

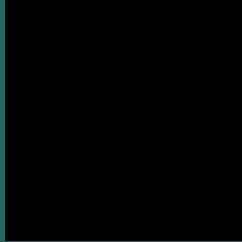
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

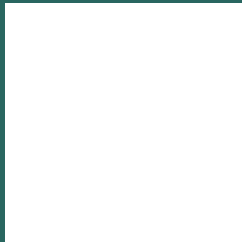
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

Yxy 10.8187, 0.2482, 0.3452

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Yxy color 10.8187, 0.2482, 0.3452.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Yxy color 10.8187, 0.2482, 0.3452.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

10.8187, 0.2482, 0.3452

Protanopia

10.7722, 0.3188, 0.3338

Deuteranopia

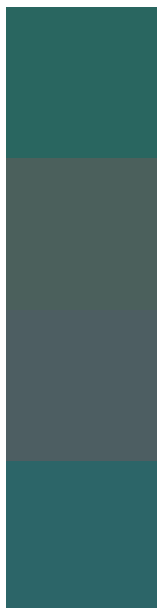
10.6423, 0.3122, 0.3059



Tritanopia

10.7779, 0.2398, 0.3080

Trichromacy



Original Color

10.8187, 0.2482, 0.3452

Protanomaly

10.6343, 0.2876, 0.3392

Deuteranomaly

10.4650, 0.2824, 0.3189

Tritanomaly

10.8423, 0.2424, 0.3209

Monochromacy



Original Color

10.8187, 0.2482, 0.3452

Achromatopsia

8.6500, 0.3127, 0.3290

Achromatomaly

9.2459, 0.2821, 0.3343

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Yxy 10.8187, 0.2482, 0.3452 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(41, 102, 96)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(41, 102, 96)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(41, 102, 96) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(41, 102, 96) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Yxy 10.8187, 0.2482, 0.3452 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(41, 102, 96) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(41, 102, 96) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(41, 102, 96) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(41, 102, 96); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(41, 102, 96);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(41, 102,  
96) }
```


Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Yxy 10.8187, 0.2482, 0.3452 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(41, 102, 96) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(41, 102,  
96) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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