

Converting Colors

$Y_{xy}(10.8360, 0.2005, 0.2325)$

Have a look what the booklet for
Yxy(10.8360, 0.2005, 0.2325)
contains.

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Color

$\text{Yxy}(10.9105, 0.2007, 0.2336)$

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	0E638C
RGB	14, 99, 140
RGB Percent	5%, 39%, 55%
CMY	0.9459, 0.6117, 0.4510
CMYK	0.90, 0.29, 0.00, 0.45
HSL	199°, 82%, 30%
HSV	199°, 90%, 55%
XYZ	9.3739, 10.9105, 26.4215
YIQ	78.2590, -63.8210, -5.2690

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

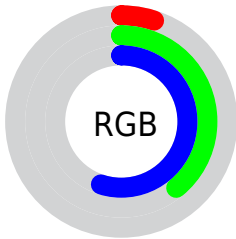
Format	Color
R_{YB}	14, 65, 140
Decimal	942988
CIE _{Lab}	39.43, -7.91, -29.18
CIE _{LCh}	39, 30.232, 254.833
Yxy	10.9105, 0.2007, 0.2336
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4279133068 (0xFF0E638C)
YUV	78.2590, 30.4383, -56.3551
Hunter-Lab	33.0310, -7.1478, -24.3043

Details

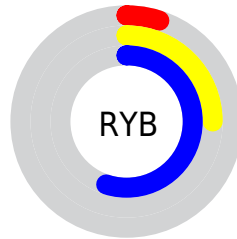
The Yxy color **10.9105, 0.2007, 0.2336** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **006699**. A complement of this color would be **8.3183, 0.5584, 0.3792**, and the grayscale version is **7.6097, 0.3127, 0.3290**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **27.6390, 0.2277, 0.2580**, and **3.2844, 0.1885, 0.1985** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **9.9933, 0.1950, 0.2218**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **11.9492, 0.2079, 0.2456**.

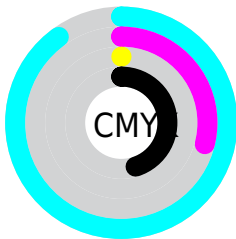
Distribution



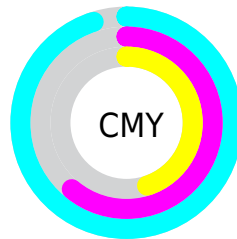
- Red (5%)
- Green (39%)
- Blue (55%)



- Red (5%)
- Yellow (25%)
- Blue (55%)



- Cyan (90%)
- Magenta (29%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (45%)



- Cyan (95%)
- Magenta (61%)
- Yellow (45%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Yxy color 10.9105, 0.2007, 0.2336 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Yxy color 10.9105, 0.2007, 0.2336 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 10.9105, 0.2007,
0.2336

■ 10.9105, 0.2007,
0.2336

■ 197.0525, 0.2668,
0.2916

■ 6.0067, 0.1804,
0.2148

■ 27.4945, 0.2274,
0.2577

■ 2.8491, 0.1522,
0.1878

■ 39.9436, 0.2366,
0.2657

■ 1.0535, 0.1117,
0.1473

■ 55.6764, 0.2441,
0.2722

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 75.0776, 0.2502,
0.2775

■ 98.5313, 0.2554,
0.2819

■ 126.4222, 0.2597,

0.2856

159.1344, 0.2635,
0.2888

■ 10.9105, 0.2007,
0.2336

■ 10.9105, 0.2007,
0.2336

■ 9.9933, 0.1950,
0.2218

■ 11.9492, 0.2079,
0.2456

■ 13.1285, 0.2170,
0.2577

■ 14.4609, 0.2278,
0.2696

■ 15.9567, 0.2401,
0.2811

■ 17.6253, 0.2536,
0.2921

■ 19.4751, 0.2679,
0.3025

■ 21.5139, 0.2827,
0.3121

■ 23.7490, 0.2976,
0.3209

■ 26.1873, 0.3125,
0.3289

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



10.9105, 0.1933, 0.2696



10.9105, 0.2007, 0.2336



10.9105, 0.2340, 0.2237

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



10.9105, 0.2007, 0.2336



10.9105, 0.4214, 0.3136



10.9105, 0.3226, 0.4492

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



10.9105, 0.2007, 0.2336



8.3183, 0.5584, 0.3792

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



10.9105, 0.3869, 0.4494



10.9105, 0.2007, 0.2336



10.9105, 0.4488, 0.3649

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



10.9105, 0.2007, 0.2336



10.9105, 0.3605, 0.2684



10.9105, 0.4343, 0.4144



10.9105, 0.2589, 0.4027

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



10.9105, 0.2007, 0.2336



10.9105, 0.2695, 0.2300



10.9105, 0.4343, 0.4144



10.9105, 0.3448, 0.4544

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



10.9109, 0.2007, 0.2336



35.2302, 0.2717, 0.3050



19.1112, 0.2843, 0.5318



7.8809, 0.2673, 0.3021



71.0566, 0.3127, 0.3290



10.6539, 0.3127, 0.3290

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



10.9109, 0.2007, 0.2336



17.3187, 0.1943, 0.2194



3.3042, 0.1637, 0.0971



5.4194, 0.2991, 0.3217



8.9165, 0.1951, 0.2224



0.0859, 0.2101, 0.2764

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



6.7849, 0.4077, 0.2092



11.2411, 0.4239, 0.2109



18.2965, 0.4470, 0.4744



5.1018, 0.3183, 0.3143



5.6843, 0.4207, 0.2091



0.0405, 0.3668, 0.1794

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 10.9105, 0.2007, 0.2336 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 10.9105, 0.2007, 0.2336 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

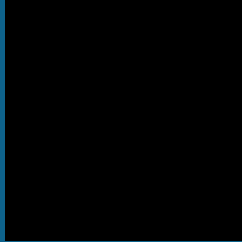
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

Yxy 10.9105, 0.2007, 0.2336

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Yxy color 10.9105, 0.2007, 0.2336.

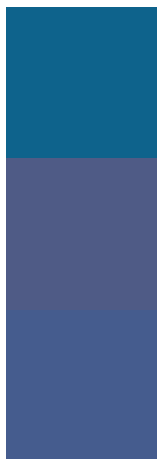


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Yxy color 10.9105, 0.2007, 0.2336.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

10.9105, 0.2007, 0.2336

Protanopia

10.8657, 0.2440, 0.2352

Deuteranopia

10.8725, 0.2272, 0.2213



Tritanopia

10.8482, 0.2187, 0.3074

Trichromacy



Original Color

10.9105, 0.2007, 0.2336

Protanomaly

10.5952, 0.2206, 0.2332

Deuteranomaly

10.7605, 0.2133, 0.2257

Tritanomaly

10.9401, 0.2116, 0.2780

Monochromacy



Original Color

10.9105, 0.2007, 0.2336

Achromatopsia

7.6185, 0.3127, 0.3290

Achromatomaly

8.4074, 0.2483, 0.2878

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Yxy 10.9105, 0.2007, 0.2336 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(14, 99, 140)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
  color:rgb(14, 99, 140)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(14, 99, 140) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(14, 99, 140) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Yxy 10.9105, 0.2007, 0.2336 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(14, 99, 140) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(14, 99, 140) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(14, 99, 140) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(14, 99, 140); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(14, 99, 140);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(14, 99,  
140) }
```


Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Yxy 10.9105, 0.2007, 0.2336 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(14, 99, 140) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(14, 99,  
140) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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