

Converting Colors

$Y_{xy}(10.8567, 0.4610, 0.3747)$

Have a look what the booklet for
Yxy(10.8567, 0.4610, 0.3747)
contains.

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Color

Yxy(10.8567, 0.4610, 0.3747)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	874E35
RGB	135, 78, 53
RGB Percent	53%, 31%, 21%
CMY	0.4706, 0.6941, 0.7921
CMYK	0.00, 0.42, 0.61, 0.47
HSL	18°, 44%, 37%
HSV	18°, 61%, 53%
XYZ	13.3572, 10.8567, 4.7605
YIQ	92.1930, 41.9970, 4.3090

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

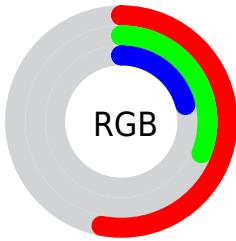
Format	Color
R _Y B	135, 89, 53
Decimal	8867381
CIE Lab	39.34, 21.43, 24.95
CIE LCh	39, 32.890, 49.347
Yxy	10.8567, 0.4610, 0.3747
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4287057461 (0xFF874E35)
YUV	92.1930, -19.3221, 37.5417
Hunter-Lab	32.9495, 14.6993, 14.4985

Details

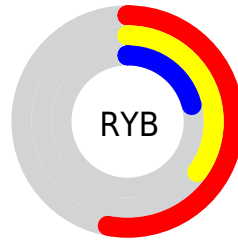
The Yxy color **10.8567, 0.4610, 0.3747** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **996633**. A complement of this color would be **13.6540, 0.2282, 0.2730**, and the grayscale version is **10.7881, 0.3127, 0.3290**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **27.4348, 0.4221, 0.3676**, and **2.8021, 0.5385, 0.3811** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **9.5105, 0.4964, 0.3786**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **12.4293, 0.4278, 0.3685**.

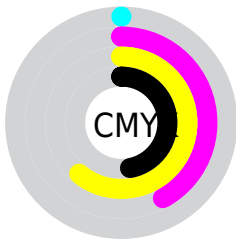
Distribution



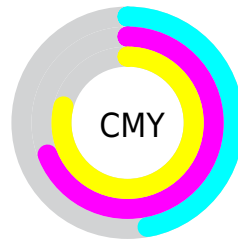
- Red (53%)
- Green (31%)
- Blue (21%)



- Red (53%)
- Yellow (35%)
- Blue (21%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (42%)
- Yellow (61%)
- Black (47%)



- Cyan (47%)
- Magenta (69%)
- Yellow (79%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the Yxy color 10.8567, 0.4610, 0.3747 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Yxy color 10.8567, 0.4610, 0.3747 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 10.8567, 0.4610,
0.3747


 10.8567, 0.4610,
0.3747


196.6818, 0.3694,
0.3513


 5.9706, 0.4915,
0.3785

 27.3949, 0.4224,
0.3669


 2.8272, 0.5388,
0.3820

 39.8157, 0.4096,
0.3636


 1.0422, 0.6193,
0.3807

 55.5169, 0.3994,
0.3608

 0.0000, 1.0000,
0.0000

 74.8828, 0.3912,
0.3584

 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

 98.2978, 0.3843,
0.3563

 126.1464, 0.3785,

0.3544

158.8129, 0.3736,
0.3528

■ 10.8567, 0.4610,
0.3747

■ 10.8567, 0.4610,
0.3747

■ 9.5105, 0.4964,
0.3786

■ 12.4293, 0.4278,
0.3685

■ 8.3779, 0.5317,
0.3790

■ 14.2368, 0.3979,
0.3610

■ 7.4474, 0.5638,
0.3751

■ 16.2892, 0.3717,
0.3529

■ 6.7475, 0.5905,
0.3693

■ 18.5957, 0.3492,
0.3448

■ 21.1647, 0.3300,
0.3369

■ 24.0043, 0.3138,
0.3295

■ 27.1223, 0.3000,
0.3227

■ 30.5260, 0.2884,
0.3164

■ 34.2228, 0.2784,
0.3106

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



10.8567, 0.4385, 0.3196



10.8567, 0.4610, 0.3747



10.8567, 0.4381, 0.4274

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



10.8567, 0.4610, 0.3747



10.8567, 0.2449, 0.3988



10.8567, 0.2352, 0.2164

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



10.8567, 0.4610, 0.3747



13.6540, 0.2282, 0.2730

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



10.8567, 0.1958, 0.2226



10.8567, 0.4610, 0.3747



10.8567, 0.1998, 0.3193

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



10.8567, 0.4610, 0.3747



10.8567, 0.3116, 0.4566



10.8567, 0.1836, 0.2562



10.8567, 0.2993, 0.2336

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



10.8567, 0.4610, 0.3747



10.8567, 0.4035, 0.4544



10.8567, 0.1836, 0.2562



10.8567, 0.2191, 0.2157

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



10.8573, 0.4610, 0.3747



34.3374, 0.3445, 0.3429



8.8310, 0.3638, 0.2279



7.6880, 0.3497, 0.3450



69.2071, 0.3127, 0.3290



10.0482, 0.3127, 0.3290

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



10.8573, 0.4610, 0.3747



16.1987, 0.5103, 0.3792



18.5033, 0.4118, 0.4435



4.9033, 0.3272, 0.3357



6.2449, 0.5899, 0.3698



0.0333, 0.5174, 0.4274

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



13.6540, 0.2282, 0.2730



21.5763, 0.2141, 0.2575



6.8120, 0.2070, 0.1764



5.0455, 0.2992, 0.3222



8.9904, 0.1971, 0.2295



0.0441, 0.2112, 0.2802

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 10.8567, 0.4610, 0.3747 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 10.8567, 0.4610, 0.3747 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

Yxy 10.8567, 0.4610, 0.3747

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Yxy color 10.8567, 0.4610, 0.3747.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Yxy color 10.8567, 0.4610, 0.3747.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

10.8567, 0.4610, 0.3747

Protanopia

10.9692, 0.3790, 0.4082

Deuteranopia

10.9612, 0.4156, 0.4100



Tritanopia

10.9297, 0.4181, 0.3200

Trichromacy



Original Color

10.8567, 0.4610, 0.3747

Protanomaly

10.8523, 0.4076, 0.3961

Deuteranomaly

10.8825, 0.4325, 0.3957

Tritanomaly

10.8453, 0.4347, 0.3405

Monochromacy



Original Color

10.8567, 0.4610, 0.3747

Achromatopsia

10.7023, 0.3127, 0.3290

Achromatomaly

10.5546, 0.3633, 0.3496

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Yxy 10.8567, 0.4610, 0.3747 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(135, 78, 53)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(135, 78, 53)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(135, 78, 53) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(135, 78, 53) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Yxy 10.8567, 0.4610, 0.3747 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(135, 78, 53) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(135, 78, 53) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(135, 78, 53) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(135, 78, 53); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(135, 78, 53);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(135, 78,  
53) }
```


Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Yxy 10.8567, 0.4610, 0.3747 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(135, 78, 53) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(135, 78,  
53) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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