

Converting Colors

$Y_{xy}(10.8637, 0.3845, 0.4198)$

Have a look what the booklet for
Yxy(10.8637, 0.3845, 0.4198)
contains.

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Color

Yxy(10.8617, 0.3845, 0.4198)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	655D36
RGB	101, 93, 54
RGB Percent	40%, 36%, 21%
CMY	0.6039, 0.6353, 0.7882
CMYK	0.00, 0.08, 0.47, 0.60
HSL	50°, 30%, 30%
HSV	50°, 47%, 40%
XYZ	9.9484, 10.8617, 5.0634
YIQ	90.9460, 17.2870, -10.4330

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

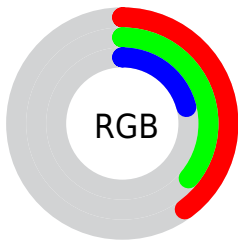
Format	Color
RYB	64, 101, 54
Decimal	6642998
CIELab	39.35, -2.93, 23.50
CIElCh	39, 23.685, 97.099
Yxy	10.8617, 0.3845, 0.4198
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4284833078 (0xFF655D36)
YUV	90.9460, -18.2144, 8.8174
Hunter-Lab	32.9571, -3.7932, 13.9608

Details

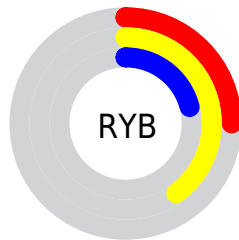
The Yxy color **10.8617, 0.3845, 0.4198** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **666633**. A complement of this color would be **5.1727, 0.2352, 0.2175**, and the grayscale version is **10.4889, 0.3127, 0.3290**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **27.3568, 0.3672, 0.3969**, and **2.8118, 0.4199, 0.4650** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **10.4779, 0.4002, 0.4374**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **11.2731, 0.3684, 0.4007**.

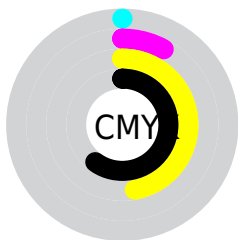
Distribution



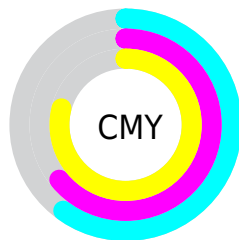
- Red (40%)
- Green (36%)
- Blue (21%)



- Red (25%)
- Yellow (40%)
- Blue (21%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (8%)
- Yellow (47%)
- Black (60%)





- Cyan (60%)
- Magenta (64%)
- Yellow (79%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the Yxy color 10.8617, 0.3845, 0.4198 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Yxy color 10.8617, 0.3845, 0.4198 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 10.8617, 0.3845,
0.4198


 10.8617, 0.3845,
0.4198


196.7163, 0.3411,
0.3640


 5.9739, 0.3983,
0.4384

 27.4041, 0.3666,
0.3963


 2.8292, 0.4190,
0.4672


 39.8276, 0.3605,
0.3885

 1.0432, 0.4670,
0.5330

 55.5317, 0.3557,
0.3823

 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

 74.9009, 0.3517,
0.3773

 98.3196, 0.3484,
0.3731

 126.1721, 0.3456,

0.3696

158.8428, 0.3432,
0.3666

■ 10.8617, 0.3845,
0.4198

■ 10.8617, 0.3845,
0.4198

■ 10.4779, 0.4002,
0.4374

■ 11.2731, 0.3684,
0.4007

■ 10.1188, 0.4148,
0.4526

■ 11.7116, 0.3523,
0.3808

■ 9.7836, 0.4278,
0.4647

■ 12.1790, 0.3367,
0.3609

■ 9.4707, 0.4387,
0.4731

■ 12.6762, 0.3219,
0.3414

■ 9.1755, 0.4477,
0.4783

■ 13.2041, 0.3080,
0.3226

■ 9.0749, 0.4509,
0.4802

■ 13.7637, 0.2951,
0.3049

■ 14.3559, 0.2833,
0.2883

■ 14.9814, 0.2725,
0.2729

■ 15.6410, 0.2628,
0.2587

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



10.8617, 0.4152, 0.3899



10.8617, 0.3845, 0.4198



10.8617, 0.3358, 0.4253

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



10.8617, 0.3845, 0.4198



10.8617, 0.2185, 0.2944



10.8617, 0.3366, 0.2724

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



10.8617, 0.3845, 0.4198



5.1727, 0.2352, 0.2175

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



10.8617, 0.2827, 0.2498



10.8617, 0.3845, 0.4198



10.8617, 0.2186, 0.2588

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



10.8617, 0.3845, 0.4198



10.8617, 0.2411, 0.3462



10.8617, 0.2408, 0.2443



10.8617, 0.3875, 0.3075

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



10.8617, 0.3845, 0.4198



10.8617, 0.3004, 0.4103



10.8617, 0.2408, 0.2443



10.8617, 0.3180, 0.2632

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



10.8622, 0.3845, 0.4198



21.0806, 0.3335, 0.3567



5.7616, 0.4051, 0.3081



5.1543, 0.3359, 0.3598



53.8236, 0.3127, 0.3290



5.4972, 0.3127, 0.3290

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



10.8622, 0.3845, 0.4198



17.9170, 0.4017, 0.4391



11.5611, 0.3531, 0.4451



3.1926, 0.3254, 0.3460



11.8446, 0.4514, 0.4797



60.6637, 0.4537, 0.4780

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



5.1727, 0.2352, 0.2175



6.8252, 0.2149, 0.1857



4.8406, 0.2561, 0.2027



2.8322, 0.2999, 0.3114



1.7174, 0.1557, 0.0805



8.0337, 0.1537, 0.0732

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 10.8617, 0.3845, 0.4198 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

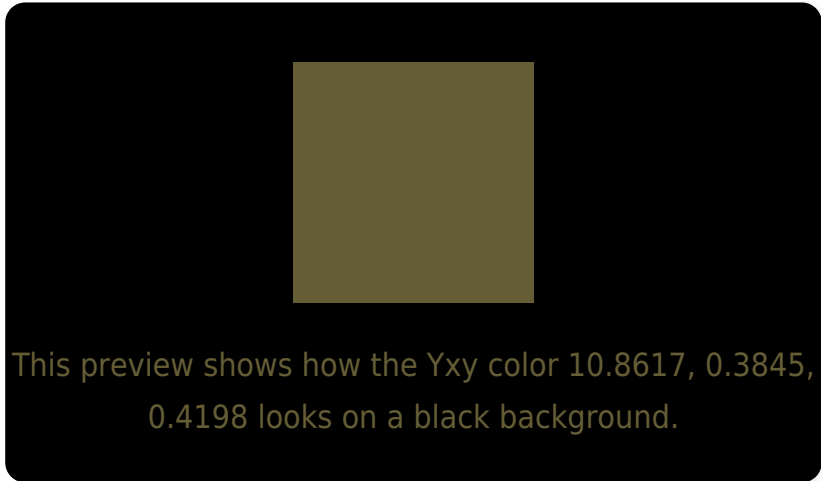
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

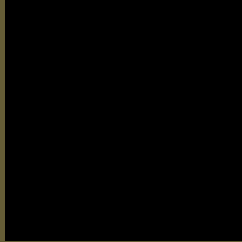
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

Yxy 10.8617, 0.3845, 0.4198

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Yxy color 10.8617, 0.3845, 0.4198.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Yxy color 10.8617, 0.3845, 0.4198.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

10.8617, 0.3845, 0.4198

Protanopia

10.9198, 0.3862, 0.4192

Deuteranopia

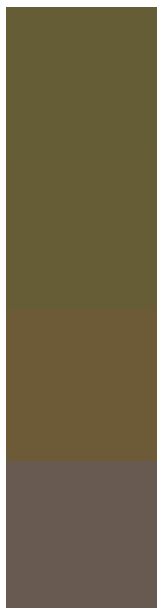
10.9313, 0.4079, 0.4027



Tritanopia

10.8089, 0.3299, 0.3133

Trichromacy



Original Color

10.8617, 0.3845, 0.4198

Protanomaly

10.9198, 0.3862, 0.4192

Deuteranomaly

10.8394, 0.3999, 0.4069

Tritanomaly

10.8346, 0.3515, 0.3522

Monochromacy



Original Color

10.8617, 0.3845, 0.4198

Achromatopsia

10.4616, 0.3127, 0.3290

Achromatomaly

10.6372, 0.3387, 0.3631

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Yxy 10.8617, 0.3845, 0.4198 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(101, 93, 54)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(101, 93, 54)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(101, 93, 54) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(101, 93, 54) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Yxy 10.8617, 0.3845, 0.4198 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(101, 93, 54) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(101, 93, 54) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(101, 93, 54)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(101, 93, 54); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(101, 93, 54);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(101, 93,  
54) }
```


Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Yxy 10.8617, 0.3845, 0.4198 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(101, 93, 54) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(101, 93,  
54) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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