

Converting Colors

$Y_{xy}(10.8727, 0.2330, 0.2728)$

Have a look what the booklet for
 $Y_{xy}(10.8727, 0.2330, 0.2728)$
contains.

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Color

Yxy(10.8727, 0.2330, 0.2728)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	356279
RGB	53, 98, 121
RGB Percent	21%, 38%, 47%
CMY	0.7922, 0.6157, 0.5255
CMYK	0.56, 0.19, 0.00, 0.53
HSL	200°, 39%, 34%
HSV	200°, 56%, 47%
XYZ	9.2864, 10.8727, 19.6968
YIQ	87.1670, -34.2030, -2.3870

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

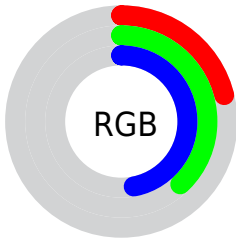
Format	Color
R_{YB}	53, 80, 121
Decimal	3498617
CIE _{Lab}	39.37, -8.35, -17.65
CIE _{LCh}	39, 19.531, 244.677
Yxy	10.8727, 0.2330, 0.2728
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4281688697 (0xFF356279)
YUV	87.1670, 16.6797, -29.9645
Hunter-Lab	32.9738, -7.4330, -12.3351

Details

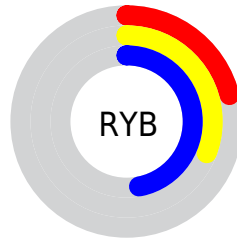
The Yxy color **10.8727, 0.2330, 0.2728** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **336666**. A complement of this color would be **9.4885, 0.4407, 0.3763**, and the grayscale version is **9.5375, 0.3127, 0.3290**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **27.5153, 0.2533, 0.2890**, and **2.9239, 0.2016, 0.2459** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **9.8395, 0.2214, 0.2607**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **12.0287, 0.2459, 0.2844**.

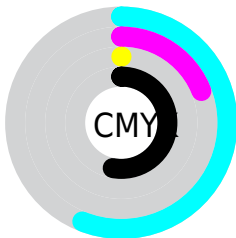
Distribution



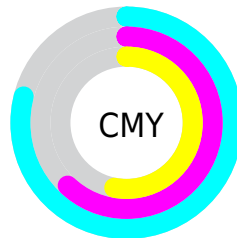
- Red (21%)
- Green (38%)
- Blue (47%)



- Red (21%)
- Yellow (31%)
- Blue (47%)



- Cyan (56%)
- Magenta (19%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (53%)



- Cyan (79%)
- Magenta (62%)
- Yellow (53%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Yxy color 10.8727, 0.2330, 0.2728 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Yxy color 10.8727, 0.2330, 0.2728 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 10.8727, 0.2330,
0.2728

■ 10.8727, 0.2330,
0.2728

■ 196.7921, 0.2810,
0.3078

■ 5.9813, 0.2172,
0.2605

■ 27.4245, 0.2530,
0.2878

■ 2.8337, 0.1940,
0.2417

■ 39.8537, 0.2597,
0.2927

■ 1.0455, 0.1571,
0.2101

■ 55.5644, 0.2650,
0.2965

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 74.9407, 0.2694,
0.2997

■ 98.3673, 0.2730,
0.3022

■ 126.2285, 0.2761,

0.3044

158.9086, 0.2788,
0.3062

■ 10.8727, 0.2330,
0.2728

■ 10.8727, 0.2330,
0.2728

■ 9.8395, 0.2214,
0.2607

■ 12.0287, 0.2459,
0.2844

■ 8.9209, 0.2114,
0.2483

■ 13.3125, 0.2597,
0.2955

■ 8.1094, 0.2031,
0.2359

■ 14.7303, 0.2741,
0.3058

■ 7.3904, 0.1966,
0.2235

■ 16.2874, 0.2889,
0.3153

■ 7.1303, 0.1941,
0.2188

■ 17.9889, 0.3036,
0.3240

■ 19.8393, 0.3182,
0.3319

■ 21.8433, 0.3325,
0.3390

■ 24.0050, 0.3462,
0.3453

■ 26.3286, 0.3594,
0.3508

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



10.8727, 0.2347, 0.3043



10.8727, 0.2330, 0.2728



10.8727, 0.2506, 0.2584

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



10.8727, 0.2330, 0.2728



10.8727, 0.3714, 0.3089



10.8727, 0.3362, 0.4081

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



10.8727, 0.2330, 0.2728



9.4885, 0.4407, 0.3763

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



10.8727, 0.3755, 0.4031



10.8727, 0.2330, 0.2728



10.8727, 0.3976, 0.3440

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



10.8727, 0.2330, 0.2728



10.8727, 0.3291, 0.2795



10.8727, 0.3987, 0.3783



10.8727, 0.2923, 0.3873

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



10.8727, 0.2330, 0.2728



10.8727, 0.2718, 0.2586



10.8727, 0.3987, 0.3783



10.8727, 0.3504, 0.4092

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



10.8731, 0.2330, 0.2728



28.8141, 0.2871, 0.3142



14.9475, 0.2848, 0.4435



6.4881, 0.2848, 0.3128



62.0916, 0.3127, 0.3290



7.8288, 0.3127, 0.3290

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



10.8731, 0.2330, 0.2728



17.1959, 0.2188, 0.2577



5.8409, 0.2151, 0.1856



4.2950, 0.2994, 0.3216



7.6206, 0.1940, 0.2184



34.7289, 0.1923, 0.2121

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



7.4921, 0.3635, 0.2397



11.1629, 0.3799, 0.2245



15.4007, 0.4011, 0.4392



4.0556, 0.3184, 0.3149



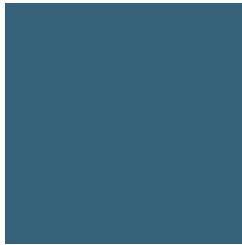
4.9762, 0.4249, 0.2115



23.5731, 0.4318, 0.2152

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 10.8727, 0.2330, 0.2728 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 10.8727, 0.2330, 0.2728 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

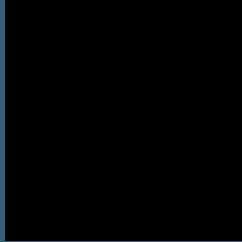
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

Yxy 10.8727, 0.2330, 0.2728

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Yxy color 10.8727, 0.2330, 0.2728.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Yxy color 10.8727, 0.2330, 0.2728.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

10.8727, 0.2330, 0.2728

Protanopia

10.7216, 0.2718, 0.2716

Deuteranopia

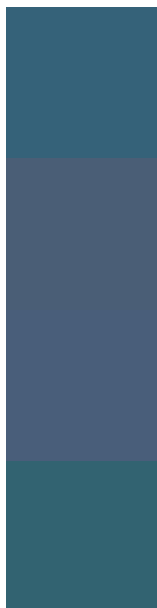
10.8435, 0.2624, 0.2572



Tritanopia

10.8254, 0.2414, 0.3081

Trichromacy



Original Color

10.8727, 0.2330, 0.2728

Protanomaly

10.7693, 0.2553, 0.2723

Deuteranomaly

10.8270, 0.2500, 0.2637

Tritanomaly

10.7940, 0.2380, 0.2933

Monochromacy



Original Color

10.8727, 0.2330, 0.2728

Achromatopsia

9.5307, 0.3127, 0.3290

Achromatomaly

9.8789, 0.2778, 0.3086

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Yxy 10.8727, 0.2330, 0.2728 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(53, 98, 121)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(53, 98, 121)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(53, 98, 121) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(53, 98, 121) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Yxy 10.8727, 0.2330, 0.2728 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(53, 98, 121) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(53, 98, 121) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(53, 98, 121)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(53, 98, 121); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(53, 98, 121);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(53, 98,  
121) }
```


Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Yxy 10.8727, 0.2330, 0.2728 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(53, 98, 121) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(53, 98,  
121) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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