

Converting Colors

$Y_{xy}(10.8740, 0.1762, 0.3470)$

Have a look what the booklet for
Yxy(10.8740, 0.1762, 0.3470)
contains.

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Color

$Y_{xy}(12.1513, 0.2291, 0.3448)$

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	006E68
RGB	0, 110, 104
RGB Percent	0%, 43%, 41%
CMY	1.0000, 0.5686, 0.5922
CMYK	1.00, 0.00, 0.05, 0.57
HSL	177°, 100%, 22%
HSV	177°, 100%, 43%
XYZ	8.0738, 12.1513, 15.0164
YIQ	76.4260, -63.6340, -25.1860

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

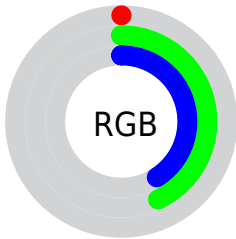
Format	Color
RYB	0, 57, 110
Decimal	28264
CIELab	41.46, -27.86, -4.27
CIELCh	41, 28.184, 188.714
Yxy	12.1513, 0.2291, 0.3448
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278218344 (0xFF006E68)
YUV	76.4260, 13.5940, -67.0256
Hunter-Lab	34.8587, -19.6592, -1.1399

Details

The Yxy color **12.1513, 0.2291, 0.3448** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **006666**. A complement of this color would be **3.3284, 0.6296, 0.3242**, and the grayscale version is **7.2933, 0.3127, 0.3290**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **29.7031, 0.2498, 0.3413**, and **3.7407, 0.2308, 0.3507** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **12.1522, 0.2291, 0.3448**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **12.2356, 0.2312, 0.3431**.

Distribution



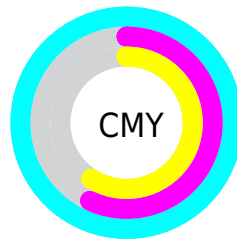
- Red (0%)
- Green (43%)
- Blue (41%)



- Red (0%)
- Yellow (22%)
- Blue (43%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (5%)
- Black (57%)





- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (57%)
- Yellow (59%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the Yxy color 12.1513, 0.2291, 0.3448 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Yxy color 12.1513, 0.2291, 0.3448 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 12.1513, 0.2291,
0.3448


 12.1513, 0.2291,
0.3448


205.4044, 0.2792,
0.3361


 6.8468, 0.2126,
0.3471


 29.7704, 0.2499,
0.3415

 3.3665, 0.1884,
0.3499

 42.8537, 0.2569,
0.3403


 1.3259, 0.1411,
0.3562

 59.2988, 0.2625,
0.3393

 0.1611, 0.0000,
0.2537

 79.4901, 0.2670,
0.3384


 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000


 103.8119, 0.2708,
0.3377


 132.6486, 0.2741,


0.3371

 166.3846, 0.2768,
0.3365


 12.1513, 0.2291,
0.3448

 12.1513, 0.2291,
0.3448

 12.1522, 0.2291,
0.3448

 12.2356, 0.2312,
0.3431

 12.3474, 0.2341,
0.3414

 12.5125, 0.2387,
0.3396

 12.7372, 0.2451,
0.3379

 13.0266, 0.2531,
0.3363

■ 13.3853, 0.2627,
0.3346

■ 13.8176, 0.2737,
0.3331

■ 14.3275, 0.2859,
0.3316

■ 14.9184, 0.2990,
0.3303

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



12.1513, 0.2756, 0.4058



12.1513, 0.2291, 0.3448



12.1513, 0.2055, 0.2858

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



12.1513, 0.2291, 0.3448



12.1513, 0.2812, 0.2407



12.1513, 0.4284, 0.3991

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



12.1513, 0.2291, 0.3448



3.3284, 0.6296, 0.3242

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



12.1513, 0.4332, 0.3531



12.1513, 0.2291, 0.3448



12.1513, 0.3431, 0.2668

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



12.1513, 0.2291, 0.3448



12.1513, 0.2332, 0.2331



12.1513, 0.4011, 0.3065



12.1513, 0.3911, 0.4336

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



12.1513, 0.2291, 0.3448



12.1513, 0.2039, 0.2575



12.1513, 0.4011, 0.3065



12.1513, 0.4341, 0.3844

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



12.1522, 0.2291, 0.3448



24.1991, 0.2728, 0.3332



11.2000, 0.3026, 0.5979



5.5735, 0.2692, 0.3337



57.0482, 0.3127, 0.3290



6.3724, 0.3127, 0.3290

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



12.1522, 0.2291, 0.3448



21.3344, 0.2292, 0.3452



4.6077, 0.1854, 0.1876



3.8122, 0.3003, 0.3301



14.5961, 0.2292, 0.3450



72.6677, 0.2294, 0.3459

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



3.3284, 0.6296, 0.3242



5.8389, 0.6323, 0.3257



5.4021, 0.5526, 0.3994



3.4042, 0.3266, 0.3279



3.9967, 0.6306, 0.3247



19.8682, 0.6360, 0.3277

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 12.1513, 0.2291, 0.3448 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 12.1513, 0.2291, 0.3448 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

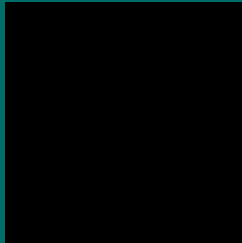
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

Yxy 12.1513, 0.2291, 0.3448

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Yxy color 12.1513, 0.2291, 0.3448.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Yxy color 12.1513, 0.2291, 0.3448.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

12.1513, 0.2291, 0.3448

Protanopia

12.1032, 0.3187, 0.3313

Deuteranopia

12.1295, 0.3080, 0.3027



Tritanopia

12.2162, 0.2249, 0.3061

Trichromacy



Original Color

12.1513, 0.2291, 0.3448

Protanomaly

11.4936, 0.2670, 0.3365

Deuteranomaly

11.3132, 0.2610, 0.3139

Tritanomaly

12.2173, 0.2262, 0.3210

Monochromacy



Original Color

12.1513, 0.2291, 0.3448

Achromatopsia

7.2272, 0.3127, 0.3290

Achromatomaly

8.2797, 0.2583, 0.3348

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Yxy 12.1513, 0.2291, 0.3448 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(0, 110, 104)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(0, 110, 104)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(0, 110, 104) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(0, 110, 104) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Yxy 12.1513, 0.2291, 0.3448 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(0, 110, 104) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(0, 110, 104) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(0, 110, 104)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(0, 110, 104); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 110, 104);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 110,  
104) }
```


Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Yxy 12.1513, 0.2291, 0.3448 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(0, 110, 104) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(0, 110,  
104) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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