

Converting Colors

$Y_{xy}(10.8744, 0.2954, 0.3146)$

Have a look what the booklet for
Yxy(10.8744, 0.2954, 0.3146)
contains.

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Color

Yxy(10.8043, 0.2967, 0.3146)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	585D63
RGB	88, 93, 99
RGB Percent	35%, 36%, 39%
CMY	0.6549, 0.6353, 0.6118
CMYK	0.11, 0.06, 0.00, 0.61
HSL	213°, 6%, 37%
HSV	213°, 11%, 39%
XYZ	10.1896, 10.8043, 13.3491
YIQ	92.1890, -4.9060, 0.8060

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

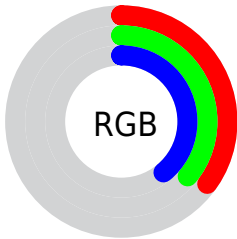
Format	Color
R_{YB}	88, 91, 99
Decimal	5791075
CIE Lab	39.25, -0.62, -4.10
CIE LCh	39, 4.145, 261.442
Yxy	10.8043, 0.2967, 0.3146
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4283981155 (0xFF585D63)
YUV	92.1890, 3.3578, -3.6738
Hunter-Lab	32.8699, -2.1879, -1.0699

Details

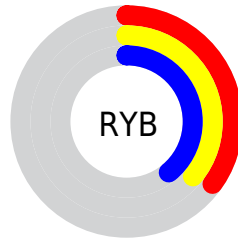
The Yxy color **10.8043, 0.2967, 0.3146** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **666666**. A complement of this color would be **11.3558, 0.3294, 0.3430**, and the grayscale version is **10.7410, 0.3127, 0.3290**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **27.2502, 0.3008, 0.3176**, and **2.8037, 0.2877, 0.3038** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **9.4424, 0.2816, 0.3002**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **12.2992, 0.3112, 0.3276**.

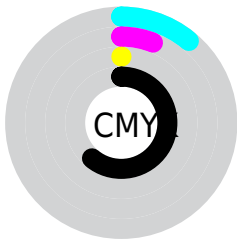
Distribution



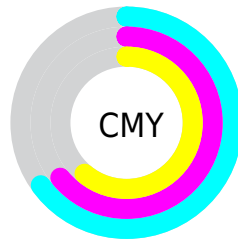
- Red (35%)
- Green (36%)
- Blue (39%)



- Red (35%)
- Yellow (36%)
- Blue (39%)



- Cyan (11%)
- Magenta (6%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (61%)



- Cyan (65%)
- Magenta (64%)
- Yellow (61%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Yxy color 10.8043, 0.2967, 0.3146 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Yxy color 10.8043, 0.2967, 0.3146 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 10.8043, 0.2967,
0.3146

■ 10.8043, 0.2967,
0.3146

■ 196.3200, 0.3066,
0.3235

■ 5.9354, 0.2932,
0.3114

■ 27.2977, 0.3009,
0.3184

■ 2.8058, 0.2877,
0.3064

■ 39.6910, 0.3023,
0.3197

■ 1.0312, 0.2780,
0.2976

■ 55.3612, 0.3034,
0.3207

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 74.6928, 0.3043,
0.3215

■ 98.0700, 0.3050,
0.3221

125.8774, 0.3056,

0.3227

158.4992, 0.3062,
0.3231

■ 10.8043, 0.2967,
0.3146

■ 10.8043, 0.2967,
0.3146

■ 9.4424, 0.2816,
0.3002

■ 12.2992, 0.3112,
0.3276

■ 8.2081, 0.2662,
0.2843

■ 13.9296, 0.3249,
0.3393

■ 7.0977, 0.2505,
0.2671

■ 15.6995, 0.3378,
0.3497

■ 6.1068, 0.2351,
0.2487

■ 17.6124, 0.3498,
0.3589

■ 5.2306, 0.2203,
0.2294

■ 19.6716, 0.3610,
0.3670

■ 4.4638, 0.2067,
0.2096

■ 21.8805, 0.3714,
0.3741

■ 3.8009, 0.1946,
0.1898

■ 24.2421, 0.3811,
0.3804

■ 3.2351, 0.1845,
0.1705

■ 26.7594, 0.3899,
0.3859

■ 2.7908, 0.1760,
0.1537

■ 29.4354, 0.3981,
0.3908

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



10.8043, 0.2945, 0.3201



10.8043, 0.2967, 0.3146



10.8043, 0.3032, 0.3130

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



10.8043, 0.2967, 0.3146



10.8043, 0.3286, 0.3295



10.8043, 0.3129, 0.3431

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



10.8043, 0.2967, 0.3146



11.3558, 0.3294, 0.3430

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



10.8043, 0.3222, 0.3455



10.8043, 0.2967, 0.3146



10.8043, 0.3313, 0.3375

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



10.8043, 0.2967, 0.3146



10.8043, 0.3216, 0.3215



10.8043, 0.3289, 0.3434



10.8043, 0.3038, 0.3367

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



10.8043, 0.2967, 0.3146



10.8043, 0.3091, 0.3142



10.8043, 0.3289, 0.3434



10.8043, 0.3161, 0.3444

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



10.8048, 0.2967, 0.3146



20.5803, 0.3084, 0.3252



11.8007, 0.3036, 0.3413



4.8507, 0.3074, 0.3243



52.2522, 0.3127, 0.3290



5.0876, 0.3127, 0.3290

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



10.8048, 0.2967, 0.3146



17.9925, 0.2933, 0.3115



9.9702, 0.2971, 0.3023



2.6836, 0.3000, 0.3177



3.5601, 0.1753, 0.1512



17.2955, 0.1724, 0.1407

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



10.4198, 0.3231, 0.3173



17.2227, 0.3254, 0.3148



12.2567, 0.3275, 0.3544



2.6073, 0.3208, 0.3197



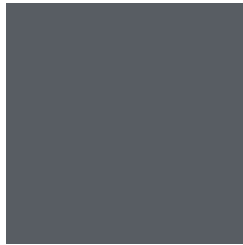
3.6987, 0.5044, 0.2552



19.5855, 0.5181, 0.2628

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 10.8043, 0.2967, 0.3146 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 10.8043, 0.2967, 0.3146 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

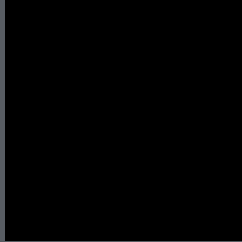
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

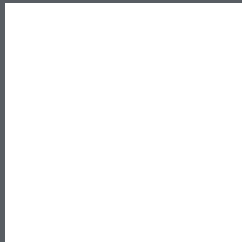
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

Yxy 10.8043, 0.2967, 0.3146

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Yxy color 10.8043, 0.2967, 0.3146.

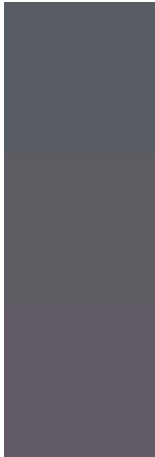


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Yxy color 10.8043, 0.2967, 0.3146.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

10.8043, 0.2967, 0.3146

Protanopia

10.8114, 0.3041, 0.3148

Deuteranopia

10.8291, 0.3106, 0.3060



Tritanopia

10.8235, 0.2953, 0.3122

Trichromacy



Original Color

10.8043, 0.2967, 0.3146

Protanomaly

10.7603, 0.3026, 0.3147

Deuteranomaly

10.7820, 0.3044, 0.3079

Tritanomaly

10.8235, 0.2953, 0.3122

Monochromacy



Original Color

10.8043, 0.2967, 0.3146

Achromatopsia

10.7023, 0.3127, 0.3290

Achromatomaly

10.7047, 0.3068, 0.3218

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Yxy 10.8043, 0.2967, 0.3146 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color rgb(88, 93, 99) looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
  color:rgb(88, 93, 99)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(88, 93, 99) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(88, 93, 99) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Yxy 10.8043, 0.2967, 0.3146 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(88, 93, 99) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(88, 93, 99) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(88, 93, 99)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(88, 93, 99); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(88, 93, 99);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(88, 93, 99)  
}
```


Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Yxy 10.8043, 0.2967, 0.3146 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(88, 93, 99) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(88, 93,  
99) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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