

Converting Colors

$Y_{xy}(10.8967, 0.5736, 0.3150)$

Have a look what the booklet for
Yxy(10.8967, 0.5736, 0.3150)
contains.

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Color

Yxy(10.8967, 0.5736, 0.3150)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	B41F30
RGB	180, 31, 48
RGB Percent	71%, 12%, 19%
CMY	0.2942, 0.8782, 0.8118
CMYK	0.00, 0.83, 0.73, 0.29
HSL	353°, 71%, 41%
HSV	353°, 83%, 71%
XYZ	19.8424, 10.8967, 3.8536
YIQ	77.4890, 83.3470, 36.8750

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

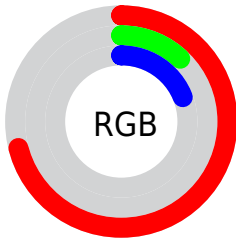
Format	Color
R_{YB}	180, 31, 48
Decimal	11804464
CIE Lab	39.41, 57.79, 29.86
CIE LCh	39, 65.052, 27.326
Yxy	10.8967, 0.5736, 0.3150
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4289994544 (0xFFB41F30)
YUV	77.4890, -14.5381, 89.9021
Hunter-Lab	33.0101, 49.5284, 16.1856

Details

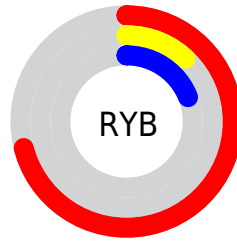
The Yxy color **10.8967, 0.5736, 0.3150** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **CC3333**. A complement of this color would be **35.5722, 0.2365, 0.3580**, and the grayscale version is **7.5393, 0.3127, 0.3290**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **27.5171, 0.5098, 0.3277**, and **3.9285, 0.6356, 0.3275** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **10.0948, 0.6079, 0.3192**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **12.2720, 0.5313, 0.3128**.

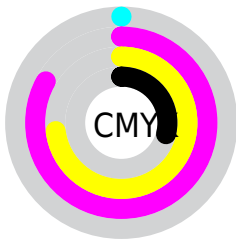
Distribution



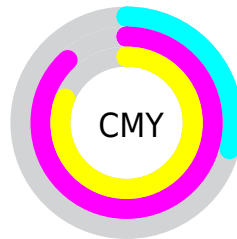
- Red (71%)
- Green (12%)
- Blue (19%)



- Red (71%)
- Yellow (12%)
- Blue (19%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (83%)
- Yellow (73%)
- Black (29%)




- Cyan (29%)
- Magenta (88%)
- Yellow (81%)
- Black (0%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the Yxy color 10.8967, 0.5736, 0.3150 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Yxy color 10.8967, 0.5736, 0.3150 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 10.8967, 0.5736,
0.3150


 10.8967, 0.5736,
0.3150


196.9575, 0.4152,
0.3353


 5.9974, 0.6216,
0.3009

 27.4690, 0.5091,
0.3278


 2.8435, 0.6959,
0.2794

 39.9108, 0.4868,
0.3307


 1.0506, 0.7722,
0.2278

 55.6355, 0.4689,
0.3325

 0.0000, 1.0000,
0.0000

 75.0276, 0.4543,
0.3337

 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

 98.4715, 0.4420,
0.3344

 126.3515, 0.4317,

0.3349

159.0520, 0.4228,
0.3351

■ 10.8967, 0.5736,
0.3150

■ 10.8967, 0.5736,
0.3150

■ 10.0948, 0.6079,
0.3192

■ 12.2720, 0.5313,
0.3128

■ 9.7530, 0.6260,
0.3222

■ 14.2996, 0.4871,
0.3127

■ 17.0483, 0.4455,
0.3141

■ 20.5773, 0.4090,
0.3165

■ 24.9399, 0.3784,
0.3194

■ 30.1847, 0.3533,
0.3225

■ 36.3565, 0.3330,
0.3255

■ 43.4971, 0.3166,
0.3283

■ 51.6457, 0.3034,
0.3309

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



10.8967, 0.4712, 0.2408



10.8967, 0.5736, 0.3150



10.8967, 0.5694, 0.3970

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



10.8967, 0.5736, 0.3150



10.8967, 0.2544, 0.5846



10.8967, 0.1292, 0.1412

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



10.8967, 0.5736, 0.3150



35.5722, 0.2365, 0.3580

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



10.8967, 0.1012, 0.1715



10.8967, 0.5736, 0.3150



10.8967, 0.1557, 0.4246

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



10.8967, 0.5736, 0.3150



10.8967, 0.3741, 0.5876



10.8967, 0.1068, 0.2580



10.8967, 0.1974, 0.1459

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



10.8967, 0.5736, 0.3150



10.8967, 0.5237, 0.4630



10.8967, 0.1068, 0.2580



10.8967, 0.1160, 0.1468

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



10.8974, 0.5736, 0.3150



52.0283, 0.3595, 0.3217



12.0226, 0.2968, 0.1503



10.5276, 0.3681, 0.3206



91.1408, 0.3127, 0.3290



17.8868, 0.3127, 0.3290

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



10.8974, 0.5736, 0.3150



17.7326, 0.6265, 0.3232



16.8036, 0.5282, 0.3933



8.5205, 0.3270, 0.3264



6.8140, 0.6240, 0.3211



0.2194, 0.5710, 0.2919

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



10.8974, 0.5736, 0.3150



17.7326, 0.6265, 0.3232



17.7263, 0.2000, 0.2234



8.5205, 0.3270, 0.3264



6.8140, 0.6240, 0.3211



0.2194, 0.5710, 0.2919

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 10.8967, 0.5736, 0.3150 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

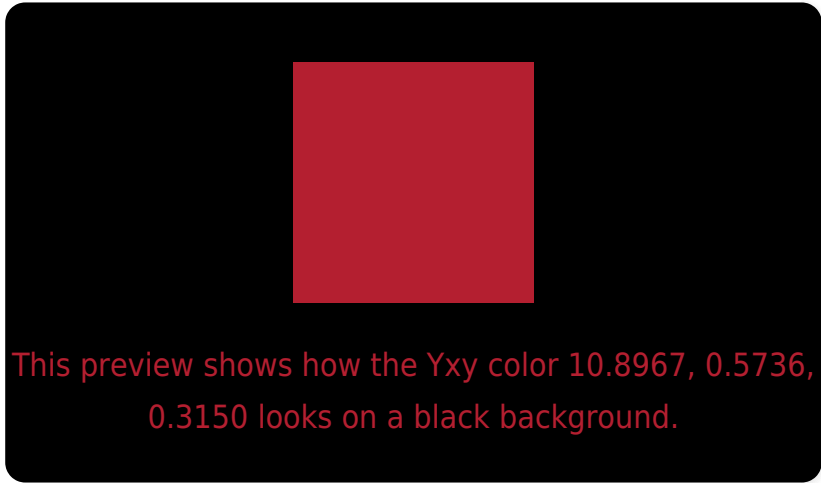
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

Yxy 10.8967, 0.5736, 0.3150

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Yxy color 10.8967, 0.5736, 0.3150.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Yxy color 10.8967, 0.5736, 0.3150.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

10.8967, 0.5736, 0.3150

Protanopia

11.2018, 0.3615, 0.3878

Deuteranopia

11.2407, 0.4354, 0.4308



Tritanopia

10.9572, 0.5935, 0.3306

Trichromacy



Original Color

10.8967, 0.5736, 0.3150

Protanomaly

9.5892, 0.4472, 0.3486

Deuteranomaly

9.9989, 0.4990, 0.3734

Tritanomaly

10.9310, 0.5876, 0.3258

Monochromacy



Original Color

10.8967, 0.5736, 0.3150

Achromatopsia

7.6185, 0.3127, 0.3290

Achromatomaly

7.3876, 0.4174, 0.3162

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Yxy 10.8967, 0.5736, 0.3150 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(180, 31, 48)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(180, 31, 48)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(180, 31, 48) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(180, 31, 48) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Yxy 10.8967, 0.5736, 0.3150 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(180, 31, 48) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(180, 31, 48) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(180, 31, 48) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(180, 31, 48); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(180, 31, 48);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(180, 31,  
48) }
```


Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Yxy 10.8967, 0.5736, 0.3150 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(180, 31, 48) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(180, 31,  
48) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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