

Converting Colors

$Y_{xy}(10.9030, 0.6027, 0.3107)$

Have a look what the booklet for
Yxy(10.9030, 0.6027, 0.3107)
contains.

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Color

Yxy(10.9097, 0.6033, 0.3111)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	BC0328
RGB	188, 3, 40
RGB Percent	74%, 1%, 16%
CMY	0.2627, 0.9883, 0.8430
CMYK	0.00, 0.98, 0.79, 0.26
HSL	348°, 97%, 37%
HSV	348°, 98%, 74%
XYZ	21.1566, 10.9097, 3.0018
YIQ	62.5330, 98.3830, 50.7270

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

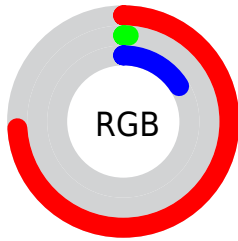
Format	Color
RYB	188, 3, 40
Decimal	12321576
CIELab	39.43, 64.11, 35.15
CIELCh	39, 73.110, 28.734
Yxy	10.9097, 0.6033, 0.3111
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4290511656 (0xFFBC0328)
YUV	62.5330, -11.1088, 110.0346
Hunter-Lab	33.0298, 56.5325, 17.7325

Details

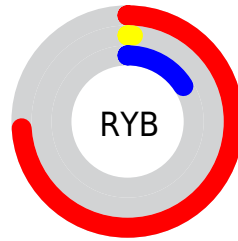
The Yxy color **10.9097, 0.6033, 0.3111** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **CC0033**. A complement of this color would be **38.2213, 0.2428, 0.3932**, and the grayscale version is **4.9032, 0.3127, 0.3290**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **27.5378, 0.5345, 0.3280**, and **4.4356, 0.6401, 0.3300** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **10.8301, 0.6077, 0.3121**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **11.5342, 0.5721, 0.3039**.

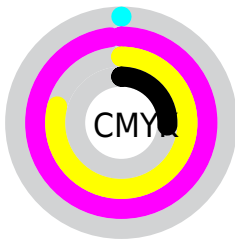
Distribution



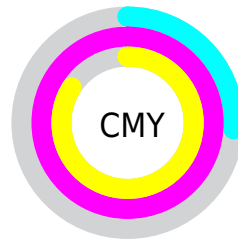
- Red (74%)
- Green (1%)
- Blue (16%)



- Red (74%)
- Yellow (1%)
- Blue (16%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (98%)
- Yellow (79%)
- Black (26%)




- Cyan (26%)
- Magenta (99%)
- Yellow (84%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the Yxy color 10.9097, 0.6033, 0.3111 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Yxy color 10.9097, 0.6033, 0.3111 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 10.9097, 0.6033,
0.3111


 10.9097, 0.6033,
0.3111


197.0470, 0.4293,
0.3373


 6.0061, 0.6528,
0.2937

 27.4931, 0.5340,
0.3274

 2.8488, 0.7312,
0.2688

 39.9417, 0.5096,
0.3312


 1.0533, 0.7910,
0.2090

 55.6741, 0.4897,
0.3336

 0.0000, 1.0000,
0.0000


 75.0747, 0.4733,
0.3352


 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000


 98.5279, 0.4596,
0.3361


 126.4181, 0.4479,


0.3367

 159.1296, 0.4379,
0.3371


 10.9097, 0.6033,
0.3111

 10.9097, 0.6033,
0.3111


 10.8301, 0.6077,
0.3121

 11.5342, 0.5721,
0.3039

 12.6927, 0.5338,
0.2994

 14.5175, 0.4927,
0.2984

 17.0902, 0.4530,
0.3003

 20.4808, 0.4175,
0.3041

■ 24.7511, 0.3871,
0.3090

■ 29.9569, 0.3618,
0.3143

■ 36.1494, 0.3411,
0.3197

■ 43.3762, 0.3243,
0.3249

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



10.9097, 0.4967, 0.2346



10.9097, 0.6033, 0.3111



10.9097, 0.5883, 0.3977

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



10.9097, 0.6033, 0.3111



10.9097, 0.2360, 0.6168



10.9097, 0.1176, 0.1263

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



10.9097, 0.6033, 0.3111



38.2213, 0.2428, 0.3932

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



10.9097, 0.0871, 0.1540



10.9097, 0.6033, 0.3111



10.9097, 0.1351, 0.4251

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



10.9097, 0.6033, 0.3111



10.9097, 0.3652, 0.6194



10.9097, 0.0895, 0.2405



10.9097, 0.1910, 0.1331

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



10.9097, 0.6033, 0.3111



10.9097, 0.5308, 0.4692



10.9097, 0.0895, 0.2405



10.9097, 0.1036, 0.1311

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



10.9104, 0.6033, 0.3111



52.1867, 0.3666, 0.3132



9.9840, 0.2674, 0.1253



10.3543, 0.3771, 0.3109



95.5105, 0.3127, 0.3290



19.5994, 0.3127, 0.3290

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



10.9104, 0.6033, 0.3111



19.5986, 0.6110, 0.3140



13.4695, 0.5963, 0.3628



9.5668, 0.3258, 0.3244



7.3817, 0.6049, 0.3106



0.2986, 0.5392, 0.2744

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



10.9104, 0.6033, 0.3111



19.5986, 0.6110, 0.3140



21.1412, 0.1991, 0.2356



9.5668, 0.3258, 0.3244



7.3817, 0.6049, 0.3106



0.2986, 0.5392, 0.2744

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 10.9097, 0.6033, 0.3111 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

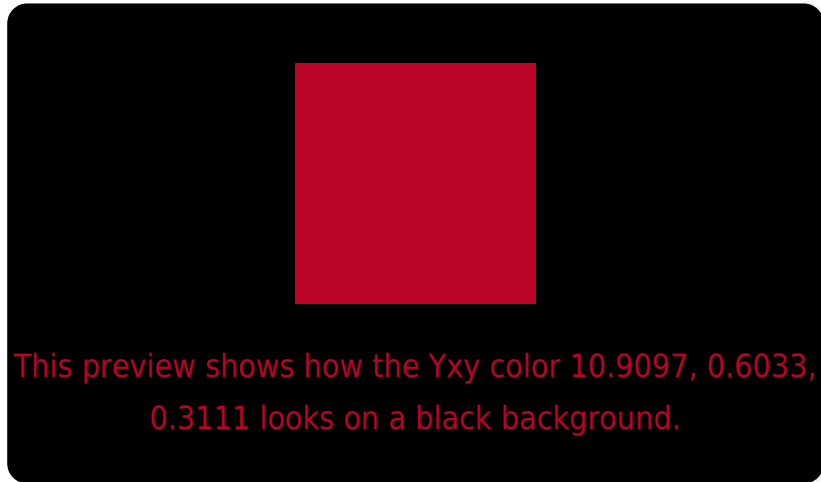
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

Yxy 10.9097, 0.6033, 0.3111

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Yxy color 10.9097, 0.6033, 0.3111.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Yxy color 10.9097, 0.6033, 0.3111.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

10.9097, 0.6033, 0.3111

Protanopia

11.4644, 0.3778, 0.4069

Deuteranopia

11.3845, 0.4530, 0.4446



Tritanopia

11.1054, 0.6300, 0.3336

Trichromacy



Original Color

10.9097, 0.6033, 0.3111

Protanomaly

8.8532, 0.4820, 0.3453

Deuteranomaly

9.1501, 0.5375, 0.3656

Tritanomaly

10.9980, 0.6250, 0.3276

Monochromacy



Original Color

10.9097, 0.6033, 0.3111

Achromatopsia

4.9707, 0.3127, 0.3290

Achromatomaly

5.0499, 0.4536, 0.2988

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Yxy 10.9097, 0.6033, 0.3111 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(188, 3, 40)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
  color:rgb(188, 3, 40)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(188, 3, 40) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(188, 3, 40) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Yxy 10.9097, 0.6033, 0.3111 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(188, 3, 40) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(188, 3, 40) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(188, 3, 40)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(188, 3, 40); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(188, 3, 40);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(188, 3, 40)  
}
```


Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Yxy 10.9097, 0.6033, 0.3111 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(188, 3, 40) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(188, 3,  
40) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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