

Converting Colors

$Y_{xy}(10.9210, 0.2974, 0.4572)$

Have a look what the booklet for
Yxy(10.9210, 0.2974, 0.4572)
contains.

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Color

$Y_{xy}(10.9202, 0.2973, 0.4570)$

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	33683B
RGB	51, 104, 59
RGB Percent	20%, 41%, 23%
CMY	0.8001, 0.5921, 0.7686
CMYK	0.51, 0.00, 0.43, 0.59
HSL	129°, 34%, 30%
HSV	129°, 51%, 41%
XYZ	7.1041, 10.9202, 5.8711
YIQ	83.0230, -17.1430, -25.2310

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

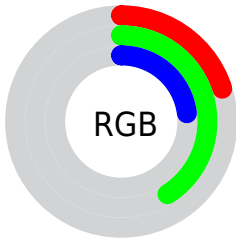
Format	Color
RYB	51, 97, 104
Decimal	3369019
CIELab	39.45, -28.37, 20.04
CIElCh	39, 34.735, 144.770
Yxy	10.9202, 0.2973, 0.4570
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4281559099 (0xFF33683B)
YUV	83.0230, -11.8433, -28.0842
Hunter-Lab	33.0457, -19.4564, 12.5982

Details

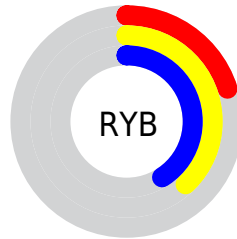
The Yxy color **10.9202, 0.2973, 0.4570** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **336633**. A complement of this color would be **6.1532, 0.3343, 0.2285**, and the grayscale version is **8.6814, 0.3127, 0.3290**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **27.6052, 0.3030, 0.4201**, and **2.8628, 0.2837, 0.5413** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **10.5962, 0.2953, 0.4868**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **11.3210, 0.2999, 0.4278**.

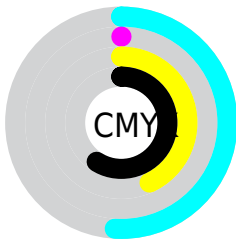
Distribution



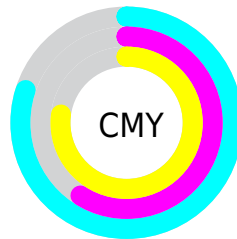
- Red (20%)
- Green (41%)
- Blue (23%)



- Red (20%)
- Yellow (38%)
- Blue (41%)



- Cyan (51%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (43%)
- Black (59%)





- Cyan (80%)
- Magenta (59%)
- Yellow (77%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the Yxy color 10.9202, 0.2973, 0.4570 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Yxy color 10.9202, 0.2973, 0.4570 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 10.9202, 0.2973,
0.4570


 10.9202, 0.2973,
0.4570


197.1193, 0.3092,
0.3738


 6.0132, 0.2909,
0.4894

 27.5125, 0.3034,
0.4198


 2.8531, 0.2783,
0.5424


 39.9666, 0.3051,
0.4082


 1.0555, 0.2220,
0.7780

 55.7052, 0.3063,
0.3993

 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

 75.1127, 0.3071,
0.3921

 98.5734, 0.3078,
0.3863

 126.4718, 0.3084,

0.3814

159.1923, 0.3088,
0.3773

■ 10.9202, 0.2973,
0.4570

■ 10.9202, 0.2973,
0.4570

■ 10.5962, 0.2953,
0.4868

■ 11.3210, 0.2999,
0.4278

■ 10.3429, 0.2941,
0.5157

■ 11.8018, 0.3028,
0.4001

■ 10.1552, 0.2938,
0.5421

■ 12.3671, 0.3060,
0.3745

■ 10.0268, 0.2944,
0.5644

■ 13.0206, 0.3092,
0.3514

■ 9.9383, 0.2946,
0.5807

■ 13.7660, 0.3124,
0.3309

■ 14.6066, 0.3155,
0.3128

■ 15.5457, 0.3184,
0.2969

■ 16.5863, 0.3211,
0.2831

■ 17.7313, 0.3236,
0.2710

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



10.9202, 0.3722, 0.4729



10.9202, 0.2973, 0.4570



10.9202, 0.2306, 0.3878

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



10.9202, 0.2973, 0.4570



10.9202, 0.1958, 0.2144



10.9202, 0.4532, 0.3287

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



10.9202, 0.2973, 0.4570



6.1532, 0.3343, 0.2285

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



10.9202, 0.3932, 0.2758



10.9202, 0.2973, 0.4570



10.9202, 0.2417, 0.2129

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



10.9202, 0.2973, 0.4570



10.9202, 0.1780, 0.2436



10.9202, 0.3125, 0.2349



10.9202, 0.4675, 0.3863

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



10.9202, 0.2973, 0.4570



10.9202, 0.1996, 0.3307



10.9202, 0.3125, 0.2349



10.9202, 0.4375, 0.3102

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



10.9207, 0.2973, 0.4570



22.3131, 0.3078, 0.3614



12.6300, 0.3702, 0.4506



5.4007, 0.3073, 0.3649



55.4222, 0.3127, 0.3290



5.9254, 0.3127, 0.3290

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



10.9207, 0.2973, 0.4570



18.5026, 0.2950, 0.4919



11.2678, 0.2686, 0.3796



3.1488, 0.3099, 0.3470



12.2461, 0.2951, 0.5822



63.7846, 0.2970, 0.5891

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



6.1532, 0.3343, 0.2285



9.1050, 0.3406, 0.2091



5.7454, 0.3965, 0.2853



2.8823, 0.3157, 0.3117



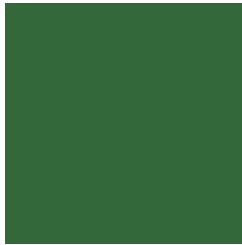
4.4982, 0.3613, 0.1764



23.3579, 0.3641, 0.1779

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 10.9202, 0.2973, 0.4570 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

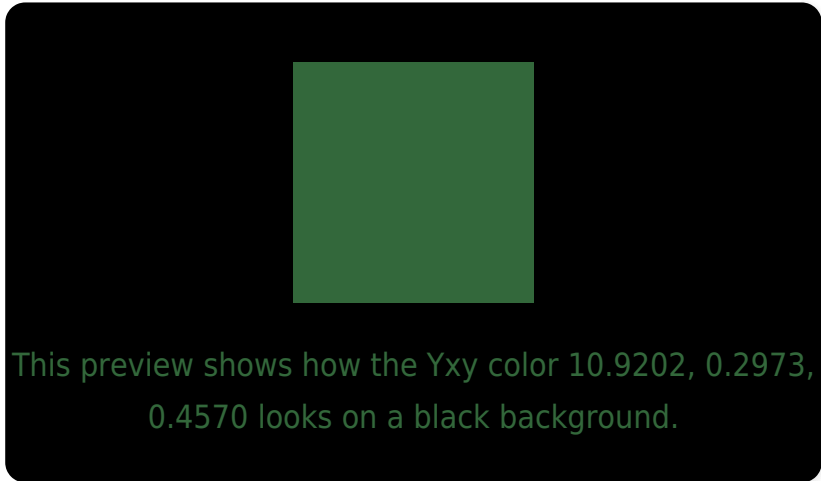
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

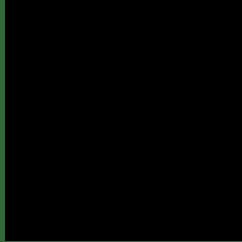
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

Yxy 10.9202, 0.2973, 0.4570

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Yxy color 10.9202, 0.2973, 0.4570.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Yxy color 10.9202, 0.2973, 0.4570.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

10.9202, 0.2973, 0.4570

Protanopia

10.8712, 0.3831, 0.4177

Deuteranopia

10.7178, 0.3928, 0.3848



Tritanopia

10.9884, 0.2562, 0.3111

Trichromacy



Original Color

10.9202, 0.2973, 0.4570

Protanomaly

10.6739, 0.3481, 0.4342

Deuteranomaly

10.4771, 0.3516, 0.4097

Tritanomaly

10.9282, 0.2711, 0.3612

Monochromacy



Original Color

10.9202, 0.2973, 0.4570

Achromatopsia

8.6500, 0.3127, 0.3290

Achromatomaly

9.3162, 0.3058, 0.3761

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Yxy 10.9202, 0.2973, 0.4570 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(51, 104, 59)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(51, 104, 59)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(51, 104, 59) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(51, 104, 59) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Yxy 10.9202, 0.2973, 0.4570 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(51, 104, 59) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(51, 104, 59) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(51, 104, 59)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(51, 104, 59); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(51, 104, 59);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(51, 104,  
59) }
```


Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Yxy 10.9202, 0.2973, 0.4570 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(51, 104, 59) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(51, 104,  
59) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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