

Converting Colors

$Y_{xy}(10.9736, 0.4784, 0.2410)$

Have a look what the booklet for
Yxy(10.9736, 0.4784, 0.2410)
contains.

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Color

Yxy(10.9681, 0.4785, 0.2409)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	B70063
RGB	183, 0, 99
RGB Percent	72%, 0%, 39%
CMY	0.2822, 1.0000, 0.6117
CMYK	0.00, 1.00, 0.46, 0.28
HSL	328°, 100%, 36%
HSV	328°, 100%, 72%
XYZ	21.7860, 10.9681, 12.7756
YIQ	66.0030, 77.2890, 69.5850

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

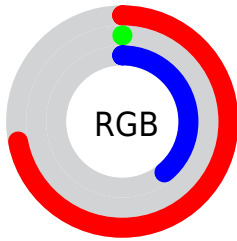
Format	Color
R_YB	183, 0, 99
Decimal	11993187
CIE Lab	39.53, 66.66, -2.18
CIE LCh	40, 66.693, 358.130
Yxy	10.9681, 0.4785, 0.2409
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4290183267 (0xFFB70063)
YUV	66.0030, 16.2675, 102.6064
Hunter-Lab	33.1181, 59.4652, 0.3110

Details

The Yxy color **10.9681, 0.4785, 0.2409** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **CC0066**. A complement of this color would be **34.5190, 0.2762, 0.5142**, and the grayscale version is **5.4153, 0.3127, 0.3290**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **27.6216, 0.4360, 0.2623**, and **4.5421, 0.5185, 0.2630** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **10.9718, 0.4785, 0.2409**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **11.5835, 0.4569, 0.2360**.

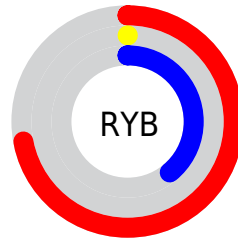
Distribution



Red (72%)

Green (0%)

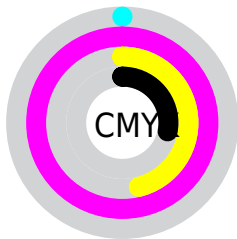
Blue (39%)



Red (72%)

Yellow (0%)

Blue (39%)

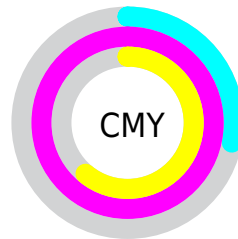


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (100%)

Yellow (46%)

Black (28%)



Cyan (28%)


Magenta (100%)

Yellow (61%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the Yxy color 10.9681, 0.4785, 0.2409 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Yxy color 10.9681, 0.4785, 0.2409 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 10.9681, 0.4785,
0.2409


 10.9681, 0.4785,
0.2409


197.4486, 0.3780,
0.2938


 6.0454, 0.5116,
0.2239


 27.6012, 0.4366,
0.2627


 2.8727, 0.5599,
0.1992

 40.0803, 0.4226,
0.2701


 1.0656, 0.6354,
0.1614

 55.8470, 0.4114,
0.2760

 0.0000, 0.9501,
0.0000

 75.2858, 0.4023,
0.2808

 0.0000, 1.0000,
0.0000

 98.7809, 0.3947,
0.2849

 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

 126.7168, 0.3883,

0.2883

159.4779, 0.3828,
0.2912

■ 10.9681, 0.4785,
0.2409

■ 10.9681, 0.4785,
0.2409

■ 10.9718, 0.4785,
0.2409

■ 11.5835, 0.4569,
0.2360

■ 12.6261, 0.4350,
0.2354

■ 14.2551, 0.4133,
0.2400

■ 16.5465, 0.3927,
0.2486

■ 19.5648, 0.3741,
0.2602

■ 23.3665, 0.3576,
0.2735

■ 28.0029, 0.3434,
0.2877

■ 33.5205, 0.3313,
0.3019

■ 39.9626, 0.3212,
0.3158

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



10.9681, 0.3219, 0.1791



10.9681, 0.4785, 0.2409



10.9681, 0.5801, 0.3157

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



10.9681, 0.4785, 0.2409



10.9681, 0.3703, 0.5944



10.9681, 0.0986, 0.1672

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



10.9681, 0.4785, 0.2409



34.5190, 0.2762, 0.5142

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



10.9681, 0.1030, 0.2525



10.9681, 0.4785, 0.2409



10.9681, 0.2490, 0.5890

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



10.9681, 0.4785, 0.2409



10.9681, 0.4917, 0.5035



10.9681, 0.1504, 0.4214



10.9681, 0.1277, 0.1381

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



10.9681, 0.4785, 0.2409



10.9681, 0.5857, 0.3694



10.9681, 0.1504, 0.4214



10.9681, 0.0962, 0.1877

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



10.9718, 0.4785, 0.2409



49.6879, 0.3440, 0.2870



5.2302, 0.1930, 0.0837



10.1697, 0.3498, 0.2810



93.3107, 0.3127, 0.3290



18.7317, 0.3127, 0.3290

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



10.9718, 0.4785, 0.2409



19.5964, 0.4817, 0.2427



10.0908, 0.6348, 0.3270



9.0913, 0.3206, 0.3167



7.6655, 0.4761, 0.2396



0.2826, 0.4258, 0.2119

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



10.9718, 0.4785, 0.2409



19.5964, 0.4817, 0.2427



36.9298, 0.2289, 0.3441



9.0913, 0.3206, 0.3167



7.6655, 0.4761, 0.2396



0.2826, 0.4258, 0.2119

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 10.9681, 0.4785, 0.2409 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 10.9681, 0.4785, 0.2409 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

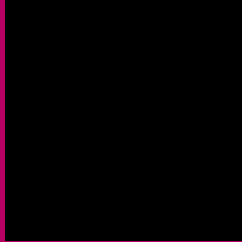
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

Yxy 10.9681, 0.4785, 0.2409

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Yxy color 10.9681, 0.4785, 0.2409.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Yxy color 10.9681, 0.4785, 0.2409.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

10.9681, 0.4785, 0.2409

Protanopia

11.6508, 0.2369, 0.2265

Deuteranopia

11.5354, 0.3383, 0.3313



Tritanopia

11.3075, 0.5798, 0.3289

Trichromacy



Original Color

10.9681, 0.4785, 0.2409

Protanomaly

8.5459, 0.3016, 0.2016

Deuteranomaly

9.0870, 0.3959, 0.2650

Tritanomaly

10.8559, 0.5540, 0.2971

Monochromacy



Original Color

10.9681, 0.4785, 0.2409

Achromatopsia

5.4480, 0.3127, 0.3290

Achromatomaly

5.4572, 0.3907, 0.2506

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Yxy 10.9681, 0.4785, 0.2409 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(183, 0, 99)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
  color:rgb(183, 0, 99)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(183, 0, 99) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(183, 0, 99) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Yxy 10.9681, 0.4785, 0.2409 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(183, 0, 99) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(183, 0, 99) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(183, 0, 99) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(183, 0, 99); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(183, 0, 99);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(183, 0, 99)  
}
```


Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Yxy 10.9681, 0.4785, 0.2409 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(183, 0, 99) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(183, 0,  
99) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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