

Converting Colors

$Y_{xy}(10.9810, 0.3065, 0.4903)$

Have a look what the booklet for
Yxy(10.9810, 0.3065, 0.4903)
contains.

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Color

Yxy(10.9695, 0.3062, 0.4903)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	316930
RGB	49, 105, 48
RGB Percent	19%, 41%, 19%
CMY	0.8080, 0.5882, 0.8117
CMYK	0.53, 0.00, 0.54, 0.59
HSL	119°, 37%, 30%
HSV	119°, 54%, 41%
XYZ	6.8506, 10.9695, 4.5529
YIQ	81.7580, -15.0790, -29.5990

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

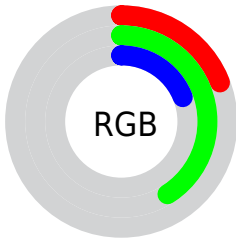
Format	Color
R_{YB}	48, 105, 104
Decimal	3238192
CIE _{Lab}	39.53, -31.27, 26.32
CIE _{LCh}	40, 40.872, 139.909
Yxy	10.9695, 0.3062, 0.4903
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4281428272 (0xFF316930)
YUV	81.7580, -16.6427, -28.7288
Hunter-Lab	33.1202, -21.0393, 15.0338

Details

The Yxy color **10.9695, 0.3062, 0.4903** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **336633**. A complement of this color would be **6.0799, 0.3165, 0.2065**, and the grayscale version is **8.4217, 0.3127, 0.3290**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **27.6678, 0.3109, 0.4429**, and **2.9284, 0.2989, 0.5960** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **10.6655, 0.3047, 0.5227**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **11.3537, 0.3077, 0.4567**.

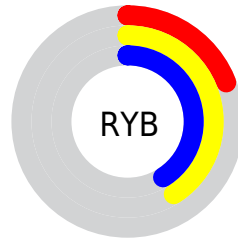
Distribution



Red (19%)

Green (41%)

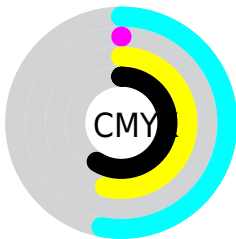
Blue (19%)



Red (19%)

Yellow (41%)

Blue (41%)

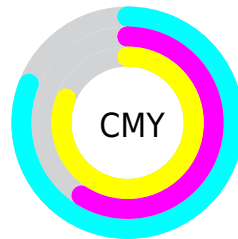


Cyan (53%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (54%)

Black (59%)



Cyan (81%)


Magenta (59%)


Yellow (81%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the Yxy color 10.9695, 0.3062, 0.4903 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Yxy color 10.9695, 0.3062, 0.4903 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 10.9695, 0.3062,
0.4903


 10.9695, 0.3062,
0.4903


197.4582, 0.3140,
0.3852


 6.0463, 0.2997,
0.5307

 27.6038, 0.3113,
0.4434


 2.8733, 0.2890,
0.6032

 40.0836, 0.3124,
0.4288

 1.0659, 0.1834,
0.8166

 55.8512, 0.3130,
0.4174

 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

 75.2908, 0.3134,
0.4083

 98.7870, 0.3137,
0.4009

 126.7240, 0.3139,

0.3948

159.4862, 0.3140,
0.3896

■ 10.9695, 0.3062,
0.4903

■ 10.9695, 0.3062,
0.4903

■ 10.6655, 0.3047,
0.5227

■ 11.3537, 0.3077,
0.4567

■ 10.4349, 0.3032,
0.5515

■ 11.8219, 0.3091,
0.4236

■ 10.2719, 0.3020,
0.5745

■ 12.3790, 0.3103,
0.3926

■ 10.1670, 0.3011,
0.5908

■ 13.0294, 0.3114,
0.3642

■ 10.1158, 0.3007,
0.5994

■ 13.7770, 0.3124,
0.3389

■ 14.6257, 0.3132,
0.3166

■ 15.5789, 0.3138,
0.2972

■ 16.6401, 0.3144,
0.2803

■ 17.8124, 0.3149,
0.2657

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



10.9695, 0.3916, 0.4932



10.9695, 0.3062, 0.4903



10.9695, 0.2271, 0.4150

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



10.9695, 0.3062, 0.4903



10.9695, 0.1740, 0.2005



10.9695, 0.4694, 0.3159

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



10.9695, 0.3062, 0.4903



6.0799, 0.3165, 0.2065

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



10.9695, 0.3918, 0.2586



10.9695, 0.3062, 0.4903



10.9695, 0.2198, 0.1952

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



10.9695, 0.3062, 0.4903



10.9695, 0.1591, 0.2374



10.9695, 0.2967, 0.2160



10.9695, 0.4938, 0.3799

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



10.9695, 0.3062, 0.4903



10.9695, 0.1890, 0.3456



10.9695, 0.2967, 0.2160



10.9695, 0.4481, 0.2957

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



10.9700, 0.3062, 0.4903



23.0600, 0.3112, 0.3702



12.9386, 0.3888, 0.4483



5.3615, 0.3110, 0.3741



55.4222, 0.3127, 0.3290



5.9254, 0.3127, 0.3290

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



10.9700, 0.3062, 0.4903



18.9767, 0.3043, 0.5306



11.2354, 0.2776, 0.4143



3.4470, 0.3119, 0.3504



12.8054, 0.3006, 0.5995



65.2106, 0.3003, 0.5998

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



6.0799, 0.3165, 0.2065



9.2060, 0.3170, 0.1845



5.6738, 0.3779, 0.2592



3.1614, 0.3134, 0.3084



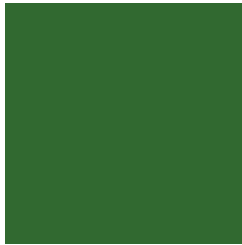
4.9577, 0.3169, 0.1519



25.2211, 0.3166, 0.1518

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 10.9695, 0.3062, 0.4903 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

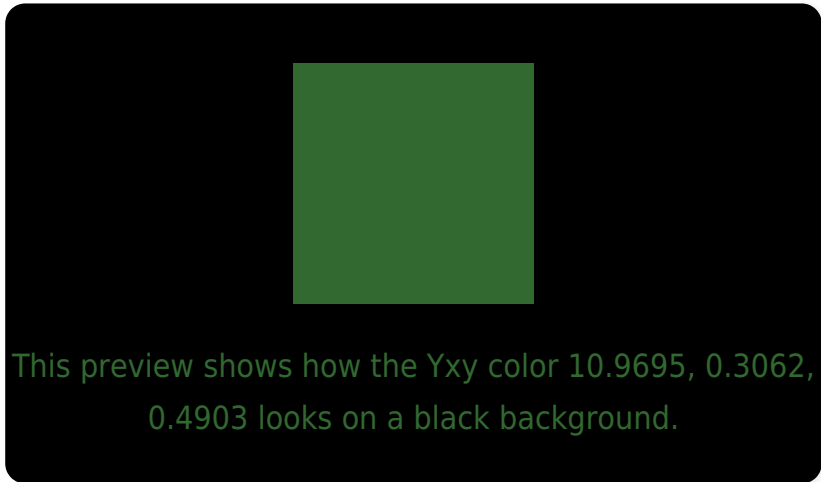
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

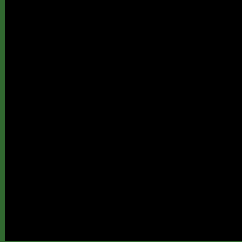
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

Yxy 10.9695, 0.3062, 0.4903

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Yxy color 10.9695, 0.3062, 0.4903.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Yxy color 10.9695, 0.3062, 0.4903.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

10.9695, 0.3062, 0.4903

Protanopia

10.8941, 0.4014, 0.4390

Deuteranopia

10.7381, 0.4136, 0.4067



Tritanopia

11.0094, 0.2552, 0.3087

Trichromacy



Original Color

10.9695, 0.3062, 0.4903

Protanomaly

10.5778, 0.3619, 0.4603

Deuteranomaly

10.4181, 0.3687, 0.4357

Tritanomaly

10.8491, 0.2733, 0.3697

Monochromacy



Original Color

10.9695, 0.3062, 0.4903

Achromatopsia

8.4376, 0.3127, 0.3290

Achromatomaly

9.0566, 0.3101, 0.3853

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Yxy 10.9695, 0.3062, 0.4903 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(49, 105, 48)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(49, 105, 48)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(49, 105, 48) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(49, 105, 48) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Yxy 10.9695, 0.3062, 0.4903 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(49, 105, 48) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(49, 105, 48) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(49, 105, 48)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(49, 105, 48); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(49, 105, 48);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(49, 105,  
48) }
```


Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Yxy 10.9695, 0.3062, 0.4903 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(49, 105, 48) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(49, 105,  
48) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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