

# Converting Colors

$Y_{xy}(100.0000, 0.2043, 0.3866)$

Have a look what the booklet for  
Yxy(100.0000, 0.2043, 0.3866)  
contains.

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# Color

**Yxy(78.3596, 0.2267, 0.3360)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	01FFF9
RGB	1, 255, 249
RGB Percent	0%, 100%, 98%
CMY	0.9968, 0.0000, 0.0234
CMYK	1.00, 0.00, 0.02, 0.00
HSL	179°, 100%, 50%
HSV	179°, 100%, 100%
XYZ	52.8694, 78.3596, 101.9841
YIQ	178.3700, -149.4580, -55.7140

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

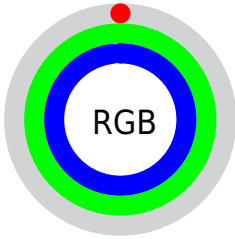
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
R <sub>Y</sub> B	1, 130, 255
Decimal	131065
CIE Lab	90.94, -49.76, -11.30
CIE LCh	91, 51.026, 192.792
Yxy	78.3596, 0.2267, 0.3360
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278321145 (0xFF01FFF9)
YUV	178.3700, 34.8206, -155.5535
Hunter-Lab	88.5210, -48.3020, -6.3427

# Details

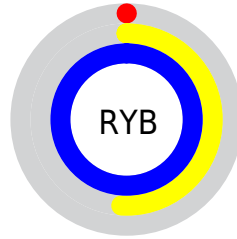
The Yxy color **78.3596, 0.2267, 0.3360** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **00FFFF**. The color can be described as light saturated cyan. A complement of this color would be **21.2915, 0.6380, 0.3291**, and the grayscale version is **44.5681, 0.3127, 0.3290**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **82.8049, 0.2450, 0.3288**, and **43.7828, 0.2264, 0.3349** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **78.3560, 0.2267, 0.3360**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **78.6185, 0.2277, 0.3353**.

# Distribution



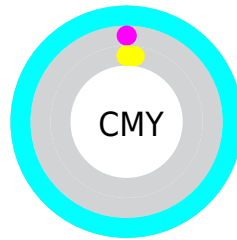
- Red (0%)
- Green (100%)
- Blue (98%)



- Red (0%)
- Yellow (51%)
- Blue (100%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (2%)
- Black (0%)




- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (2%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Yxy color 78.3596, 0.2267, 0.3360 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Yxy color 78.3596, 0.2267, 0.3360 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 78.3596, 0.2267,  
0.3360


 78.3596, 0.2267,  
0.3360


489.3872, 0.2648,  
0.3340

 58.3694, 0.2184,  
0.3362


 131.0569, 0.2396,  
0.3355


 42.1057, 0.2084,  
0.3363


 164.5329, 0.2447,  
0.3353

 29.1841, 0.1962,  
0.3361


 203.2728, 0.2491,  
0.3350

 19.2201, 0.1808,  
0.3356

 247.6613, 0.2530,  
0.3348

 11.8294, 0.1610,  
0.3343

298.0825, 0.2565,  
0.3346

 6.6276, 0.1350,  
0.3312


354.9210, 0.2596,


 3.2303, 0.1001,


0.3344


0.3241


418.5611, 0.2623,  
0.3342


 1.2531, 0.0000,  
0.3234


 0.1045, 0.0000,  
0.1036


 78.3596, 0.2267,  
0.3360


 78.3596, 0.2267,  
0.3360


 78.3560, 0.2267,  
0.3360

 78.6185, 0.2277,  
0.3353

 79.1575, 0.2301,  
0.3345

 80.0609, 0.2344,  
0.3337


 81.3805, 0.2406,  
0.3330

 83.1594, 0.2488,  
0.3322

 85.4356, 0.2589,  
0.3315

 88.2432, 0.2706,  
0.3308

 91.6129, 0.2838,  
0.3301

 95.5735, 0.2981,  
0.3295

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



78.3596, 0.2695, 0.3964



78.3596, 0.2267, 0.3360



78.3596, 0.2069, 0.2807

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



78.3596, 0.2267, 0.3360



78.3596, 0.2897, 0.2453



78.3596, 0.4221, 0.4032

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



78.3596, 0.2267, 0.3360



21.2915, 0.6380, 0.3291

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



78.3596, 0.4315, 0.3591



78.3596, 0.2267, 0.3360



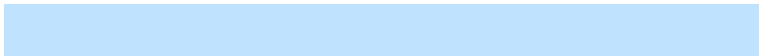
78.3596, 0.3507, 0.2729

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



78.3596, 0.2267, 0.3360



78.3596, 0.2404, 0.2352



78.3596, 0.4048, 0.3131



78.3596, 0.3826, 0.4336



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



78.3596, 0.2267, 0.3360



78.3596, 0.2075, 0.2551



78.3596, 0.4048, 0.3131



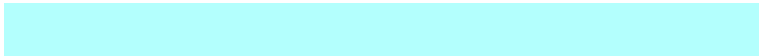
78.3596, 0.4291, 0.3893

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



78.3625, 0.2267, 0.3360



88.1492, 0.2702, 0.3308



71.5776, 0.3005, 0.5995



18.6015, 0.2651, 0.3311



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



21.4041, 0.3127, 0.3290



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



78.3625, 0.2267, 0.3360



78.3606, 0.2267, 0.3360



24.9405, 0.1796, 0.1664



20.4737, 0.2983, 0.3295



40.9485, 0.2266, 0.3359



3.9893, 0.2264, 0.3350



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



21.2915, 0.6380, 0.3291



21.2731, 0.6384, 0.3291



34.5581, 0.5529, 0.3990



17.9940, 0.3291, 0.3285



11.1186, 0.6377, 0.3287

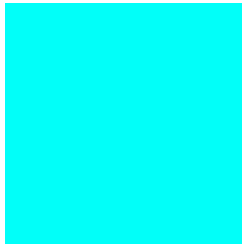


1.0849, 0.6320, 0.3255



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 78.3596, 0.2267, 0.3360 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

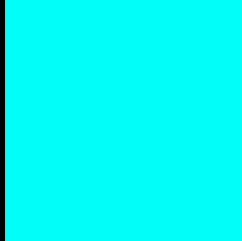
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 78.3596, 0.2267, 0.3360 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

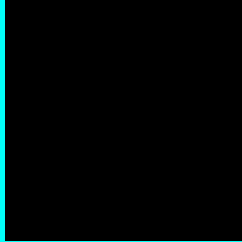
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**Yxy 78.3596, 0.2267, 0.3360**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Yxy color 78.3596, 0.2267, 0.3360.

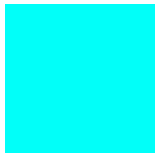


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Yxy color 78.3596, 0.2267, 0.3360.

# Color Blindness Simulation

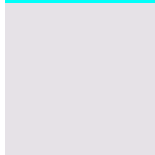
Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



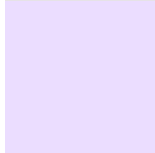
### Original Color

78.3660, 0.2267, 0.3360



### Protanopia

76.9852, 0.3123, 0.3238



### Deuteranopia

76.5951, 0.3006, 0.2946



## Tritanopia

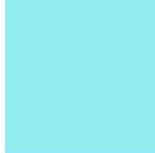
77.5943, 0.2556, 0.3142

# Trichromacy



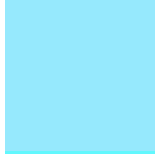
## Original Color

78.3660, 0.2267, 0.3360



## Protanomaly

72.9445, 0.2594, 0.3277



## Deuteranomaly

71.8537, 0.2530, 0.3058



## Tritanomaly

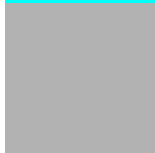
76.2100, 0.2365, 0.3217

# Monochromacy



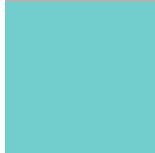
## Original Color

78.3660, 0.2267, 0.3360



## Achromatopsia

44.5201, 0.3127, 0.3290



## Achromatomaly

52.0797, 0.2541, 0.3316

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to  $Yxy$  78.3596, 0.2267, 0.3360 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(1, 255, 249)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(1, 255, 249)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(1, 255, 249) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(1, 255, 249) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Yxy 78.3596, 0.2267, 0.3360 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(1, 255, 249) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(1, 255, 249) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(1, 255, 249)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(1, 255, 249); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(1, 255, 249);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(1, 255,  
249) }
```



# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Yxy 78.3596, 0.2267, 0.3360 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(1, 255, 249) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(1, 255,  
249) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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