

Converting Colors

$Y_{xy}(100.0000, 0.2184, 0.2743)$

Have a look what the booklet for
Yxy(100.0000, 0.2184, 0.2743)
contains.

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Color

Yxy(81.3367, 0.2379, 0.3288)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	62FFFF
RGB	98, 255, 255
RGB Percent	38%, 100%, 100%
CMY	0.6154, 0.0000, 0.0001
CMYK	0.62, 0.00, 0.00, 0.00
HSL	180°, 100%, 69%
HSV	180°, 62%, 100%
XYZ	58.8504, 81.3367, 107.1873
YIQ	208.0570, -93.5720, -33.2840

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

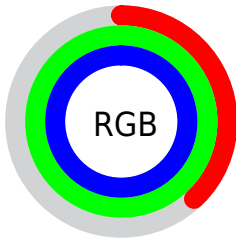
Format	Color
RYB	98, 177, 255
Decimal	6488063
CIELab	92.28, -40.57, -12.26
CIElCh	92, 42.382, 196.821
Yxy	81.3367, 0.2379, 0.3288
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4284678143 (0xFF62FFFF)
YUV	208.0570, 23.1429, -96.5200
Hunter-Lab	90.1869, -41.3489, -7.3355

Details

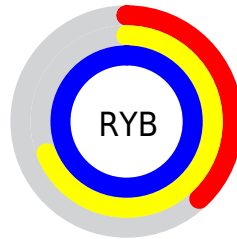
The Yxy color **81.3367, 0.2379, 0.3288** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **66FFFF**. A complement of this color would be **30.8950, 0.5102, 0.3296**, and the grayscale version is **63.0232, 0.3127, 0.3290**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **86.6325, 0.2624, 0.3289**, and **44.4654, 0.2247, 0.3287** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **80.1385, 0.2319, 0.3288**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **82.9928, 0.2459, 0.3288**.

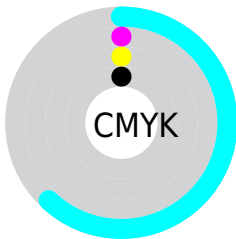
Distribution



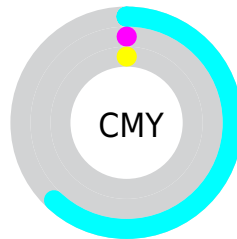
- Red (38%)
- Green (100%)
- Blue (100%)



- Red (38%)
- Yellow (69%)
- Blue (100%)



- Cyan (62%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (0%)




- Cyan (62%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (0%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the Yxy color 81.3367, 0.2379, 0.3288 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Yxy color 81.3367, 0.2379, 0.3288 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 81.3367, 0.2379,
0.3288

 81.3367, 0.2379,
0.3288

499.4263, 0.2710,
0.3298

 60.8189, 0.2307,
0.3284

 135.2434, 0.2491,
0.3293

 44.0791, 0.2221,
0.3277


 169.4012, 0.2535,
0.3295

 30.7327, 0.2115,
0.3267


 208.8744, 0.2573,
0.3296

 20.3954, 0.1981,
0.3252

254.0475, 0.2607,
0.3297

 12.6828, 0.1808,
0.3227

305.3048, 0.2637,
0.3298

 7.2105, 0.1579,
0.3184

363.0308, 0.2664,

 3.5941, 0.1265,

0.3298

0.3102

427.6098, 0.2688,
0.3298

■ 1.4492, 0.0623,
0.2992

■ 0.2526, 0.0000,
0.1811

■ 81.3367, 0.2379,
0.3288

■ 81.3367, 0.2379,
0.3288

■ 80.1385, 0.2319,
0.3288

■ 82.9928, 0.2459,
0.3288

■ 79.3443, 0.2278,
0.3288


■ 85.1363, 0.2558,
0.3288


■ 78.9037, 0.2255,
0.3288

■ 87.8050, 0.2674,
0.3289

■ 78.7376, 0.2247,
0.3288

■ 91.0302, 0.2806,
0.3289

 94.8411, 0.2950,
0.3290

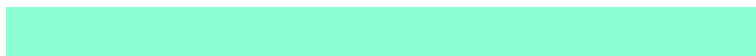
 99.2646, 0.3103,
0.3290

99.9997, 0.3127,
0.3290

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



81.3367, 0.2719, 0.3776



81.3367, 0.2379, 0.3288



81.3367, 0.2235, 0.2851

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



81.3367, 0.2379, 0.3288



81.3367, 0.3007, 0.2610



81.3367, 0.4002, 0.3960

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



81.3367, 0.2379, 0.3288



30.8950, 0.5102, 0.3296

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



81.3367, 0.4109, 0.3608



81.3367, 0.2379, 0.3288



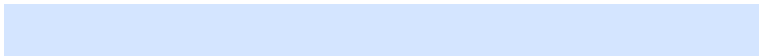
81.3367, 0.3509, 0.2863

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



81.3367, 0.2379, 0.3288



81.3367, 0.2574, 0.2505



81.3367, 0.3926, 0.3217



81.3367, 0.3657, 0.4167

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



81.3367, 0.2379, 0.3288



81.3367, 0.2257, 0.2649



81.3367, 0.3926, 0.3217



81.3367, 0.4069, 0.3853

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



81.3398, 0.2379, 0.3288



92.3095, 0.2855, 0.3289



75.1525, 0.3044, 0.5283



19.5316, 0.2814, 0.3289



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



21.4041, 0.3127, 0.3290

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



81.3398, 0.2379, 0.3288



79.9072, 0.2307, 0.3288



42.1247, 0.2156, 0.2314



20.4815, 0.2980, 0.3290



41.1423, 0.2247, 0.3288



4.0059, 0.2247, 0.3288

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



30.8950, 0.5102, 0.3296



25.5888, 0.5696, 0.3297



52.3872, 0.4521, 0.4044



17.9871, 0.3295, 0.3290



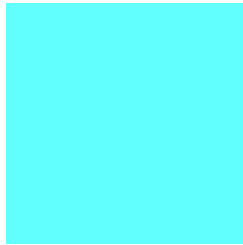
11.1089, 0.6401, 0.3300



1.0816, 0.6400, 0.3299

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 81.3367, 0.2379, 0.3288 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

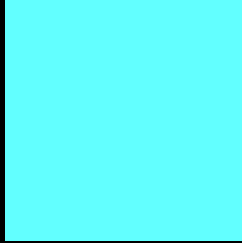
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 81.3367, 0.2379, 0.3288 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

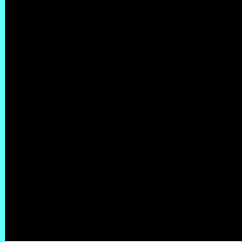
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

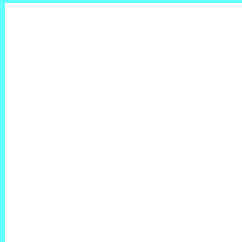
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

Yxy 81.3367, 0.2379, 0.3288

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Yxy color 81.3367, 0.2379, 0.3288.

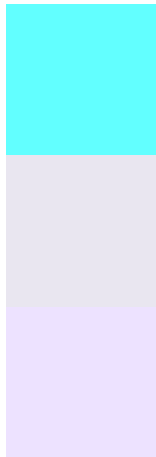


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Yxy color 81.3367, 0.2379, 0.3288.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

81.3367, 0.2379, 0.3288

Protanopia

80.2085, 0.3085, 0.3187

Deuteranopia

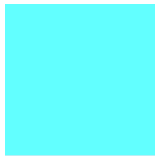
79.6172, 0.3019, 0.2998



Tritanopia

80.5513, 0.2666, 0.3157

Trichromacy



Original Color

81.3367, 0.2379, 0.3288



Protanomaly

78.5159, 0.2755, 0.3223



Deuteranomaly

78.2275, 0.2712, 0.3093



Tritanomaly

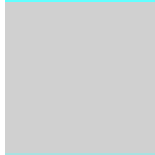
80.0374, 0.2538, 0.3198

Monochromacy



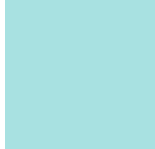
Original Color

81.3367, 0.2379, 0.3288



Achromatopsia

63.0757, 0.3127, 0.3290



Achromatomaly

67.6115, 0.2756, 0.3289

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Yxy 81.3367, 0.2379, 0.3288 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(98, 255, 255)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(98, 255, 255)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(98, 255, 255) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(98, 255, 255) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Yxy 81.3367, 0.2379, 0.3288 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(98, 255, 255) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(98, 255, 255) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(98, 255, 255)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(98, 255, 255); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(98, 255, 255);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(98, 255,  
255) }
```


Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Yxy 81.3367, 0.2379, 0.3288 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(98, 255, 255) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(98, 255,  
255) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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