

# Converting Colors

$Y_{xy}(100.0000, 0.2917, 0.3545)$

Have a look what the booklet for  
Yxy(100.0000, 0.2917, 0.3545)  
contains.

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# Color

**Yxy(91.4010, 0.2912, 0.3415)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	D0FFF3
RGB	208, 255, 243
RGB Percent	82%, 100%, 95%
CMY	0.1845, 0.0000, 0.0472
CMYK	0.18, 0.00, 0.05, 0.00
HSL	165°, 100%, 91%
HSV	165°, 18%, 100%
XYZ	77.9384, 91.4010, 98.3063
YIQ	239.5790, -24.1600, -13.6960

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

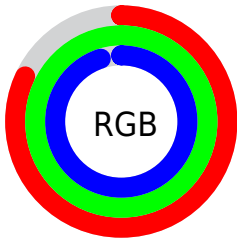
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
R <sub>Y</sub> B	208, 235, 255
Decimal	13697011
CIE Lab	96.57, -17.24, 0.79
CIE LCh	97, 17.260, 177.369
Yxy	91.4010, 0.2912, 0.3415
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4291887091 (0xFFD0FFF3)
YUV	239.5790, 1.6866, -27.6948
Hunter-Lab	95.6039, -21.7896, 5.9568

# Details

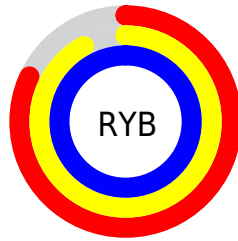
The Yxy color **91.4010, 0.2912, 0.3415** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CCFFFF**. A complement of this color would be **71.5202, 0.3399, 0.3169**, and the grayscale version is **86.7797, 0.3127, 0.3290**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **100.0000, 0.3127, 0.3290**, and **50.7483, 0.2865, 0.3438** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **87.6041, 0.2805, 0.3492**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **95.7920, 0.3027, 0.3344**.

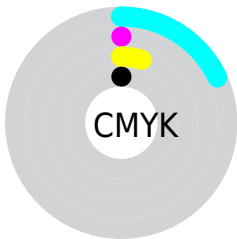
# Distribution



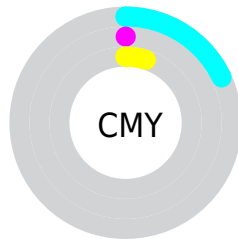
- Red (82%)
- Green (100%)
- Blue (95%)



- Red (82%)
- Yellow (92%)
- Blue (100%)



- Cyan (18%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (5%)
- Black (0%)



- Cyan (18%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (5%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Yxy color 91.4010, 0.2912, 0.3415 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Yxy color 91.4010, 0.2912, 0.3415 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



91.4010, 0.2912,  
0.3415

91.4010, 0.2912,  
0.3415

532.5778, 0.3008,  
0.3359

69.1432, 0.2891,  
0.3427

149.2829, 0.2944,  
0.3396

50.8284, 0.2866,  
0.3442

185.6759, 0.2957,  
0.3389

36.0720, 0.2834,  
0.3461

227.5493, 0.2968,  
0.3382

24.4898, 0.2794,  
0.3484

275.2876, 0.2978,  
0.3377

15.6974, 0.2741,  
0.3515

329.2752, 0.2987,  
0.3371

9.3103, 0.2668,  
0.3559

389.8965, 0.2994,

4.9441, 0.2561,

0.3367

0.3622

457.5359, 0.3001,  
0.3363

■ 2.2145, 0.2389,  
0.3724

■ 0.7279, 0.1561,  
0.4193

■ 91.4010, 0.2912,  
0.3415

■ 91.4010, 0.2912,  
0.3415

■ 87.6041, 0.2805,  
0.3492

■ 95.7920, 0.3027,  
0.3344

■ 84.3938, 0.2708,  
0.3575

100.0000, 0.3127,  
0.3290

■ 81.7324, 0.2625,  
0.3664

■ 79.5862, 0.2559,  
0.3756

■ 77.9176, 0.2511,  
0.3852

■ 76.6839, 0.2483,  
0.3949

■ 75.8347, 0.2475,  
0.4046

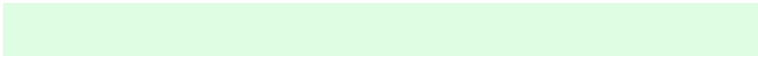
■ 75.2991, 0.2485,  
0.4141

■ 75.2291, 0.2488,  
0.4156

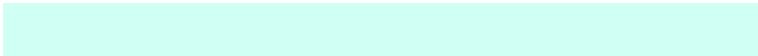
# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



91.4010, 0.3091, 0.3562



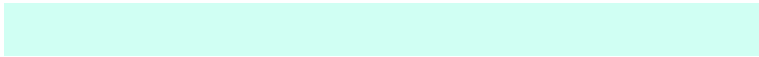
91.4010, 0.2912, 0.3415



91.4010, 0.2793, 0.3235

# Triad

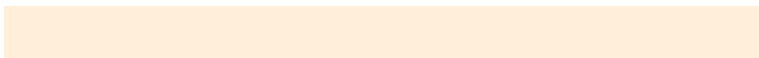
The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



91.4010, 0.2912, 0.3415



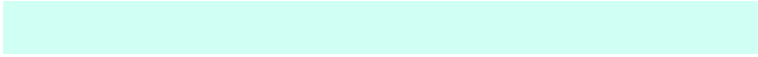
91.4010, 0.2965, 0.2971



91.4010, 0.3508, 0.3486

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



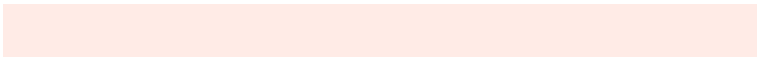
91.4010, 0.2912, 0.3415



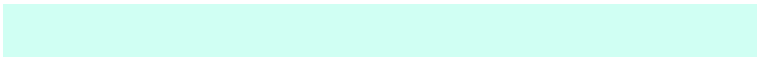
71.5202, 0.3399, 0.3169

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



91.4010, 0.3473, 0.3329



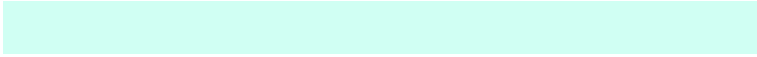
91.4010, 0.2912, 0.3415



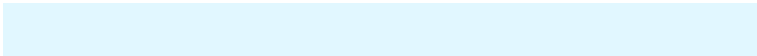
91.4010, 0.3155, 0.3038

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



91.4010, 0.2912, 0.3415



91.4010, 0.2822, 0.2984



91.4010, 0.3342, 0.3167



91.4010, 0.3437, 0.3599



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



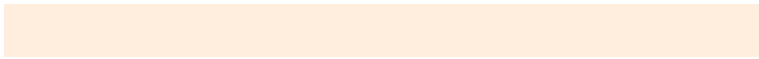
91.4010, 0.2912, 0.3415



91.4010, 0.2760, 0.3125



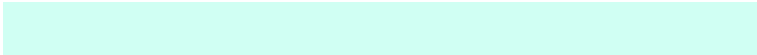
91.4010, 0.3342, 0.3167



91.4010, 0.3508, 0.3437

# Sweetspot

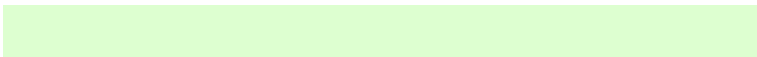
The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



91.3939, 0.2912, 0.3415



96.9634, 0.3055, 0.3328



91.3669, 0.3182, 0.3785



20.6864, 0.3048, 0.3332



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

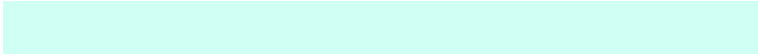


21.4041, 0.3127, 0.3290

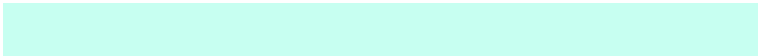


# Same Dimension

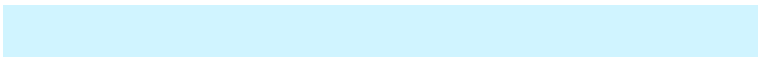
The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



91.3939, 0.2912, 0.3415



89.9788, 0.2873, 0.3442



85.3406, 0.2843, 0.3175



20.3975, 0.3014, 0.3351



39.3344, 0.2483, 0.4140



3.8476, 0.2453, 0.4031



# Inverse Universe

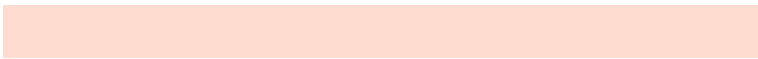
The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



71.5202, 0.3399, 0.3169



66.8773, 0.3464, 0.3144



76.4429, 0.3469, 0.3402



18.0633, 0.3254, 0.3229



11.3297, 0.5918, 0.3034

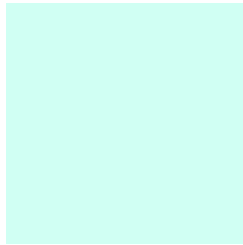


1.1199, 0.5602, 0.2860



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 91.4010, 0.2912, 0.3415 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

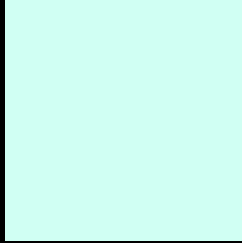
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 91.4010, 0.2912, 0.3415 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

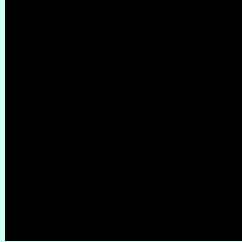
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

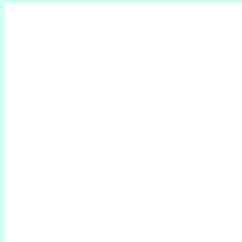
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**Yxy 91.4010, 0.2912, 0.3415**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Yxy color 91.4010, 0.2912, 0.3415.

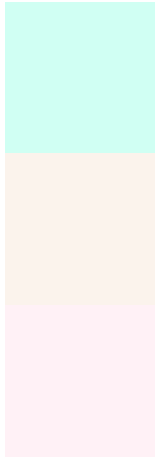


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Yxy color 91.4010, 0.2912, 0.3415.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

91.4010, 0.2912, 0.3415

### Protanopia

90.6665, 0.3222, 0.3359

### Deuteranopia

90.8244, 0.3188, 0.3242



## Tritanopia

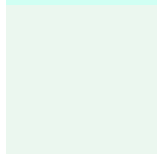
91.0652, 0.2993, 0.3210

# Trichromacy



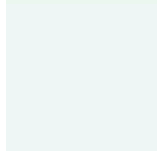
## Original Color

91.4010, 0.2912, 0.3415



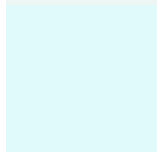
## Protanomaly

90.4157, 0.3098, 0.3371



## Deuteranomaly

90.6812, 0.3082, 0.3300



## Tritanomaly

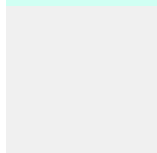
91.1835, 0.2961, 0.3279

# Monochromacy



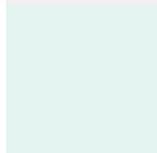
## Original Color

91.4010, 0.2912, 0.3415



## Achromatopsia

87.1367, 0.3127, 0.3290



## Achromatomaly

88.1497, 0.3043, 0.3331

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Yxy 91.4010, 0.2912, 0.3415 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(208, 255, 243)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(208, 255, 243)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(208, 255, 243) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(208, 255, 243) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Yxy 91.4010, 0.2912, 0.3415 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(208, 255, 243) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(208, 255, 243) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(208, 255, 243)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(208, 255, 243); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(208, 255, 243);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(208, 255,  
243) }
```



# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Yxy 91.4010, 0.2912, 0.3415 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(208, 255, 243) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(208,  
255, 243) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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