

Converting Colors

$Y_{xy}(100.0000, 0.2946, 0.3007)$

Have a look what the booklet for
Yxy(100.0000, 0.2946, 0.3007)
contains.

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Color

Yxy(97.9798, 0.3103, 0.3271)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	FBFDFF
RGB	251, 253, 255
RGB Percent	98%, 99%, 100%
CMY	0.0158, 0.0078, 0.0000
CMYK	0.02, 0.01, 0.00, 0.00
HSL	209°, 100%, 99%
HSV	209°, 2%, 100%
XYZ	92.9475, 97.9798, 108.6135
YIQ	252.6300, -1.8340, 0.1980

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

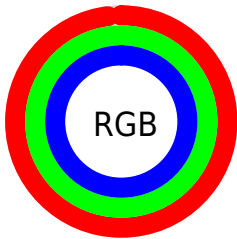
Format	Color
R _Y B	251, 252, 255
Decimal	16514559
CIE Lab	99.21, -0.32, -1.19
CIE LCh	99, 1.233, 255.004
Yxy	97.9798, 0.3103, 0.3271
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294704639 (0xFFFBFDFF)
YUV	252.6300, 1.1684, -1.4295
Hunter-Lab	98.9847, -5.6103, 4.2319

Details

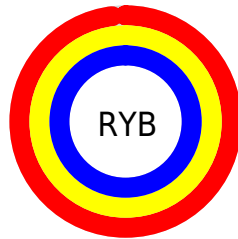
The Yxy color 97.9798, 0.3103, 0.3271 is a light color, and the websafe version is hex FFFFFFFF. A complement of this color would be 98.4328, 0.3151, 0.3309, and the grayscale version is 97.8890, 0.3127, 0.3290.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is 100.0000, 0.3127, 0.3290, and 55.1592, 0.3105, 0.3266 is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get 85.9299, 0.2946, 0.3143, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is 99.9995, 0.3127, 0.3290.

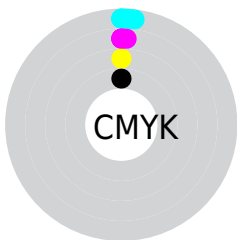
Distribution



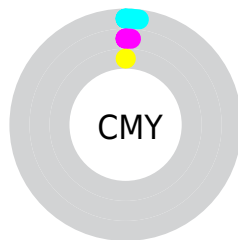
- Red (98%)
- Green (99%)
- Blue (100%)



- Red (98%)
- Yellow (99%)
- Blue (100%)



- Cyan (2%)
- Magenta (1%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (0%)





- Cyan (2%)
- Magenta (1%)
- Yellow (0%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the Yxy color 97.9798, 0.3103, 0.3271 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Yxy color 97.9798, 0.3103, 0.3271 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 97.9798, 0.3103,
0.3271

 97.9798, 0.3103,
0.3271


553.6611, 0.3114,
0.3279

 74.6175, 0.3101,
0.3269


158.3750, 0.3107,
0.3274

 55.2996, 0.3098,
0.3267


196.1767, 0.3108,
0.3275

 39.6417, 0.3094,
0.3264


239.5603, 0.3109,
0.3276

 27.2593, 0.3090,
0.3261


288.9102, 0.3110,
0.3277

 17.7680, 0.3084,
0.3256

344.6109, 0.3111,
0.3278

 10.7836, 0.3077,
0.3250

407.0467, 0.3112,

 5.9215, 0.3066,

0.3278

0.3241

476.6020, 0.3113,
0.3279

■ 2.7974, 0.3048,
0.3227

■ 1.0269, 0.3017,
0.3202

■ 97.9798, 0.3103,
0.3271

■ 97.9798, 0.3103,
0.3271

■ 85.9299, 0.2946,
0.3143

99.9995, 0.3127,
0.3290

■ 74.9953, 0.2784,
0.3000

■ 65.1432, 0.2620,
0.2842

■ 56.3340, 0.2456,
0.2671

■ 48.5256, 0.2299,
0.2489

■ 41.6721, 0.2152,
0.2299

■ 35.7232, 0.2022,
0.2105

■ 30.6222, 0.1912,
0.1912

■ 26.3029, 0.1827,
0.1727

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.

97.9798, 0.3101, 0.3280

97.9798, 0.3103, 0.3271

97.9798, 0.3111, 0.3267

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



97.9798, 0.3103, 0.3271



97.9798, 0.3148, 0.3288



97.9798, 0.3131, 0.3311

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



97.9798, 0.3103, 0.3271



98.4328, 0.3151, 0.3309

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



97.9798, 0.3143, 0.3313



97.9798, 0.3103, 0.3271



97.9798, 0.3153, 0.3300

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



97.9798, 0.3103, 0.3271



97.9798, 0.3137, 0.3277



97.9798, 0.3152, 0.3309



97.9798, 0.3117, 0.3303

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



97.9798, 0.3103, 0.3271



97.9798, 0.3119, 0.3268



97.9798, 0.3152, 0.3309



97.9798, 0.3135, 0.3313

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



97.9840, 0.3103, 0.3271

100.0000, 0.3127, 0.3290



99.1041, 0.3114, 0.3310



21.4041, 0.3127, 0.3290



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



97.9840, 0.3103, 0.3271



97.4613, 0.3097, 0.3266



96.7353, 0.3104, 0.3252



20.8874, 0.3098, 0.3267



12.4199, 0.1780, 0.1607



1.4280, 0.1836, 0.1810

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



97.3231, 0.3141, 0.3270



96.6291, 0.3144, 0.3265



99.6941, 0.3150, 0.3328



20.7179, 0.3143, 0.3266



11.9818, 0.4922, 0.2485



1.1887, 0.4673, 0.2348

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 97.9798, 0.3103, 0.3271 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 97.9798, 0.3103, 0.3271 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

Yxy 97.9798, 0.3103, 0.3271

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Yxy color 97.9798, 0.3103, 0.3271.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Yxy color 97.9798, 0.3103, 0.3271.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy

Original Color

97.9798, 0.3103, 0.3271

Protanopia

98.0366, 0.3134, 0.3271

Deuteranopia

97.9727, 0.3140, 0.3281

Tritanopia

97.7235, 0.3116, 0.3261

Trichromacy

Original Color

97.9798, 0.3103, 0.3271

Protanomaly

97.8474, 0.3128, 0.3271

Deuteranomaly

97.8474, 0.3128, 0.3271

Tritanomaly

97.5363, 0.3110, 0.3261

Monochromacy

Original Color

97.9798, 0.3103, 0.3271

Achromatopsia

98.2251, 0.3127, 0.3290

Achromatomaly

98.1018, 0.3115, 0.3280

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Yxy 97.9798, 0.3103, 0.3271 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color rgb(251, 253, 255) looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(251, 253, 255)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(251, 253, 255) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(251, 253, 255) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Yxy 97.9798, 0.3103, 0.3271 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(251, 253, 255) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(251, 253, 255) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(251, 253, 255)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(251, 253, 255); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(251, 253, 255);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(251, 253,  
255) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Yxy 97.9798, 0.3103, 0.3271 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(251, 253, 255) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(251,  
253, 255) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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