

Converting Colors

$Y_{xy}(100.0000, 0.2998, 0.3107)$

Have a look what the booklet for
Yxy(100.0000, 0.2998, 0.3107)
contains.

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Color

Yxy(98.6129, 0.3103, 0.3280)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	FBFEFF
RGB	251, 254, 255
RGB Percent	98%, 100%, 100%
CMY	0.0155, 0.0040, 0.0000
CMYK	0.02, 0.00, 0.00, 0.00
HSL	195°, 100%, 99%
HSV	195°, 2%, 100%
XYZ	93.2914, 98.6129, 108.7448
YIQ	253.2170, -2.1090, -0.3250

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

Format	Color
R _Y B	251, 253, 255
Decimal	16514815
CIE Lab	99.46, -0.78, -0.84
CIE LCh	99, 1.146, 227.453
Yxy	98.6129, 0.3103, 0.3280
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294704895 (0xFFFBFEFF)
YUV	253.2170, 0.8790, -1.9443
Hunter-Lab	99.3040, -6.0898, 4.5862

Details

The Yxy color 98.6129, 0.3103, 0.3280 is a light color, and the websafe version is hex FFFFFFFF. A complement of this color would be 97.8869, 0.3152, 0.3300, and the grayscale version is 98.4183, 0.3127, 0.3290.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is 100.0000, 0.3127, 0.3290, and 55.6118, 0.3104, 0.3278 is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get 90.1233, 0.2948, 0.3214, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is 100.0000, 0.3127, 0.3290.

Distribution



- Red (98%)
- Green (100%)
- Blue (100%)



- Red (98%)
- Yellow (99%)
- Blue (100%)



- Cyan (2%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (0%)



- Cyan (2%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (0%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Yxy color 98.6129, 0.3103, 0.3280 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Yxy color 98.6129, 0.3103, 0.3280 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

98.6129, 0.3103,
0.3280

98.6129, 0.3103,
0.3280

555.6678, 0.3114,
0.3284

75.1456, 0.3101,
0.3279

159.2467, 0.3107,
0.3282

55.7322, 0.3098,
0.3278

197.1819, 0.3108,
0.3282

39.9882, 0.3094,
0.3276

240.7087, 0.3109,
0.3283

27.5294, 0.3090,
0.3275

290.2112, 0.3110,
0.3283

17.9712, 0.3085,
0.3272

346.0740, 0.3111,
0.3284

10.9293, 0.3077,
0.3269

408.6814, 0.3112,

6.0193, 0.3066,

0.3284

0.3264

478.4179, 0.3113,
0.3284

■ 2.8568, 0.3048,
0.3257

■ 1.0575, 0.3018,
0.3243

■ 98.6129, 0.3103,
0.3280

■ 98.6129, 0.3103,
0.3280

■ 90.1233, 0.2948,
0.3214

100.0000, 0.3127,
0.3290

■ 82.3834, 0.2795,
0.3140

■ 75.3673, 0.2646,
0.3060

■ 69.0446, 0.2506,
0.2975

■ 63.3824, 0.2378,
0.2885

■ 58.3446, 0.2265,
0.2791

■ 53.8910, 0.2170,
0.2694

■ 49.9753, 0.2095,
0.2597

■ 46.5423, 0.2039,
0.2501

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.

98.6129, 0.3107, 0.3291

98.6129, 0.3103, 0.3280

98.6129, 0.3105, 0.3272

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



98.6129, 0.3103, 0.3280



98.6129, 0.3138, 0.3279



98.6129, 0.3141, 0.3312

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



98.6129, 0.3103, 0.3280



97.8869, 0.3152, 0.3300

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.

98.6129, 0.3149, 0.3309

98.6129, 0.3103, 0.3280

98.6129, 0.3147, 0.3290

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



98.6129, 0.3103, 0.3280



98.6129, 0.3125, 0.3271



98.6129, 0.3152, 0.3300



98.6129, 0.3129, 0.3309

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



98.6129, 0.3103, 0.3280



98.6129, 0.3110, 0.3269



98.6129, 0.3152, 0.3300



98.6129, 0.3145, 0.3311

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



98.6155, 0.3103, 0.3280

100.0000, 0.3127, 0.3290



99.0692, 0.3120, 0.3318



21.4041, 0.3127, 0.3290



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



98.6155, 0.3103, 0.3280



98.2160, 0.3096, 0.3277



97.3828, 0.3104, 0.3262



21.0410, 0.3098, 0.3278



23.2161, 0.2010, 0.2437



2.4359, 0.2041, 0.2546

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



97.4407, 0.3135, 0.3262



96.7053, 0.3137, 0.3254



99.1197, 0.3150, 0.3318



20.7334, 0.3137, 0.3256



13.0716, 0.3986, 0.1969



1.2905, 0.3877, 0.1910

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the Xxy color 98.6129, 0.3103, 0.3290 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

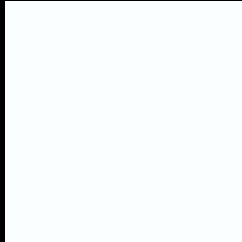
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 98.6129, 0.3103, 0.3280 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

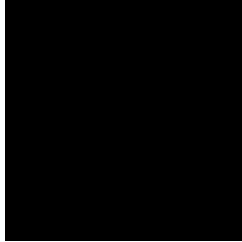
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

Yxy 98.6129, 0.3103, 0.3280

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Yxy color 98.6129, 0.3103, 0.3280.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy

Original Color

98.6129, 0.3103, 0.3280

Protanopia

98.6663, 0.3134, 0.3281

Deuteranopia

98.6663, 0.3134, 0.3281

Tritanopia

98.3532, 0.3116, 0.3271

Trichromacy

Original Color

98.6129, 0.3103, 0.3280

Protanomaly

98.4771, 0.3128, 0.3280

Deuteranomaly

98.4771, 0.3128, 0.3280

Tritanomaly

98.1660, 0.3109, 0.3271

Monochromacy

Original Color

98.6129, 0.3103, 0.3280

Achromatopsia

98.2251, 0.3127, 0.3290

Achromatomaly

98.1018, 0.3115, 0.3280

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Yxy 98.6129, 0.3103, 0.3280 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text is the color rgb(251, 254, 255) using the CSS property.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(251, 254, 255)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(251, 254, 255) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(251, 254, 255) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Yxy 98.6129, 0.3103, 0.3280 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(251, 254, 255) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(251, 254, 255) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(251, 254, 255)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(251, 254, 255); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(251, 254, 255);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(251, 254,  
255) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Yxy 98.6129, 0.3103, 0.3280 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(251, 254, 255) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(251,  
254, 255) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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