

# Converting Colors

$Y_{xy}(100.0000, 0.3006, 0.3494)$

Have a look what the booklet for  
Yxy(100.0000, 0.3006, 0.3494)  
contains.

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# Color

**Yxy(94.0592, 0.3006, 0.3401)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	E1FFF4
RGB	225, 255, 244
RGB Percent	88%, 100%, 96%
CMY	0.1178, 0.0000, 0.0431
CMYK	0.12, 0.00, 0.04, 0.00
HSL	158°, 100%, 94%
HSV	158°, 12%, 100%
XYZ	83.1349, 94.0592, 99.3692
YIQ	244.7760, -14.3490, -9.7810

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

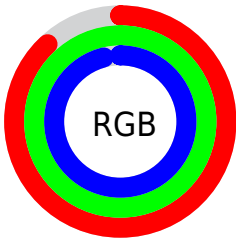
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
R <sub>Y</sub> B	225, 243, 255
Decimal	14811124
CIE Lab	97.66, -11.72, 1.96
CIE LCh	98, 11.886, 170.500
Yxy	94.0592, 0.3006, 0.3401
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4293001204 (0xFFE1FFF4)
YUV	244.7760, -0.3826, -17.3436
Hunter-Lab	96.9841, -16.7117, 7.1408

# Details

The Yxy color **94.0592, 0.3006, 0.3401** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CCFFFF**. A complement of this color would be **81.1497, 0.3266, 0.3182**, and the grayscale version is **91.1265, 0.3127, 0.3290**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **100.0000, 0.3127, 0.3290**, and **52.5651, 0.2983, 0.3420** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **89.7066, 0.2908, 0.3506**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **99.0452, 0.3109, 0.3306**.

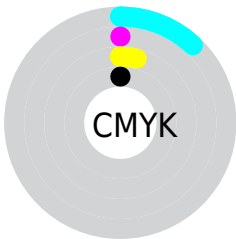
# Distribution



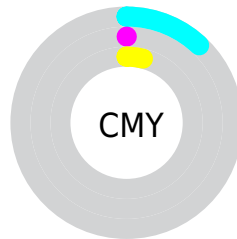
- Red (88%)
- Green (100%)
- Blue (96%)



- Red (88%)
- Yellow (95%)
- Blue (100%)



- Cyan (12%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (4%)
- Black (0%)




- Cyan (12%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (4%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Yxy color 94.0592, 0.3006, 0.3401 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Yxy color 94.0592, 0.3006, 0.3401 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



 94.0592, 0.3006,  
0.3401

 94.0592, 0.3006,  
0.3401

541.1487, 0.3060,  
0.3352

 71.3522, 0.2994,  
0.3412

152.9642, 0.3024,  
0.3384

 52.6297, 0.2980,  
0.3425


189.9310, 0.3031,  
0.3378

 37.5072, 0.2962,  
0.3441


232.4199, 0.3038,  
0.3372

 25.6004, 0.2940,  
0.3462

280.8152, 0.3043,  
0.3367

 16.5250, 0.2910,  
0.3490

335.5013, 0.3048,  
0.3362

 9.8964, 0.2869,  
0.3528

396.8627, 0.3052,

 5.3303, 0.2809,

0.3358

0.3585

465.2837, 0.3056,  
0.3355

■ 2.4423, 0.2714,  
0.3676

■ 0.8475, 0.2413,  
0.3937

■ 94.0592, 0.3006,  
0.3401

■ 94.0592, 0.3006,  
0.3401

■ 89.7066, 0.2908,  
0.3506

■ 99.0452, 0.3109,  
0.3306

■ 85.9708, 0.2816,  
0.3622

100.0000, 0.3127,  
0.3290

■ 82.8188, 0.2735,  
0.3747

■ 80.2185, 0.2667,  
0.3880

■ 78.1348, 0.2616,  
0.4019

■ 76.5284, 0.2584,  
0.4162

■ 75.3540, 0.2572,  
0.4305

■ 74.5571, 0.2581,  
0.4447

■ 74.1173, 0.2600,  
0.4562

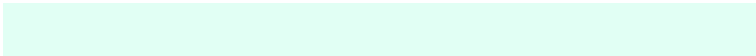
# Harmonies

## Analogous

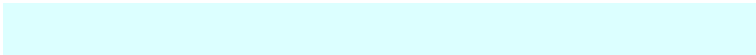
The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



94.0592, 0.3134, 0.3490



94.0592, 0.3006, 0.3401



94.0592, 0.2912, 0.3282

# Triad

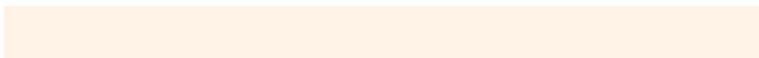
The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



94.0592, 0.3006, 0.3401



94.0592, 0.2990, 0.3067



94.0592, 0.3387, 0.3404

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



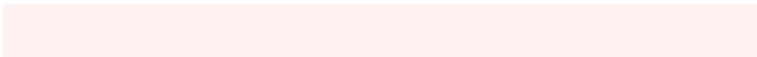
94.0592, 0.3006, 0.3401



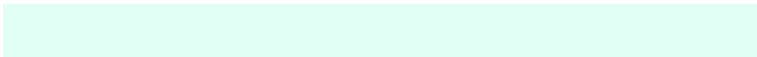
81.1497, 0.3266, 0.3182

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



94.0592, 0.3347, 0.3292



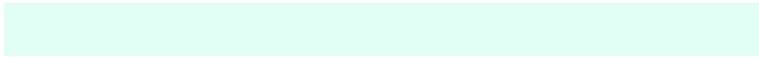
94.0592, 0.3006, 0.3401



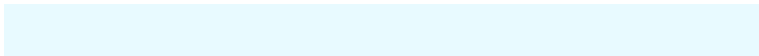
94.0592, 0.3116, 0.3101

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



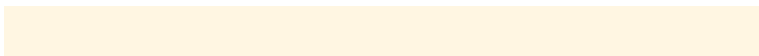
94.0592, 0.3006, 0.3401



94.0592, 0.2903, 0.3091



94.0592, 0.3247, 0.3182

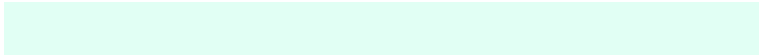


94.0592, 0.3355, 0.3488

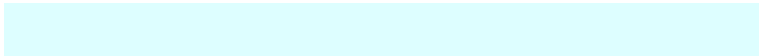


# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



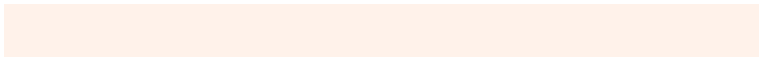
94.0592, 0.3006, 0.3401



94.0592, 0.2880, 0.3204



94.0592, 0.3247, 0.3182



94.0592, 0.3382, 0.3368

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



94.0556, 0.3006, 0.3401



97.8784, 0.3086, 0.3326



94.7847, 0.3182, 0.3593



20.8671, 0.3078, 0.3333



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



21.4041, 0.3127, 0.3290

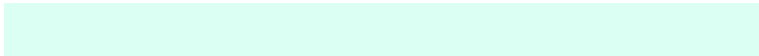


# Same Dimension

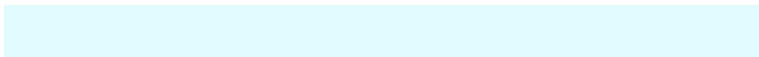
The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



94.0556, 0.3006, 0.3401



93.0336, 0.2984, 0.3423



92.2153, 0.2945, 0.3249



20.3620, 0.3029, 0.3378



38.7576, 0.2594, 0.4539



3.7947, 0.2550, 0.4379



# Inverse Universe

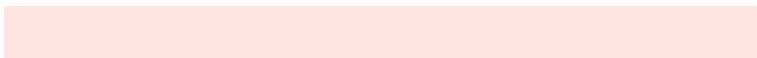
The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



81.1497, 0.3266, 0.3182



77.9267, 0.3296, 0.3160



82.7204, 0.3335, 0.3330



18.0970, 0.3236, 0.3203



11.5509, 0.5521, 0.2815



1.1448, 0.5209, 0.2643



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 94.0592, 0.3006, 0.3401 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

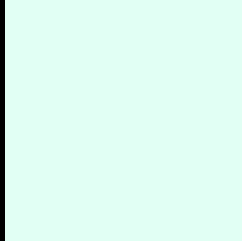
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 94.0592, 0.3006, 0.3401 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

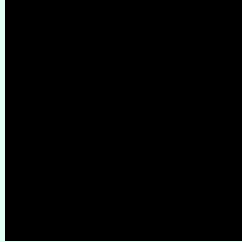
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

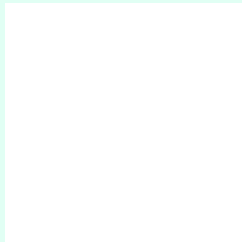
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**Yxy 94.0592, 0.3006, 0.3401**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Yxy color 94.0592, 0.3006, 0.3401.

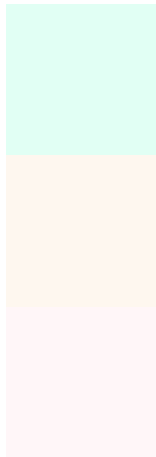


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Yxy color 94.0592, 0.3006, 0.3401.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

94.0592, 0.3006, 0.3401

### Protanopia

93.8244, 0.3220, 0.3368

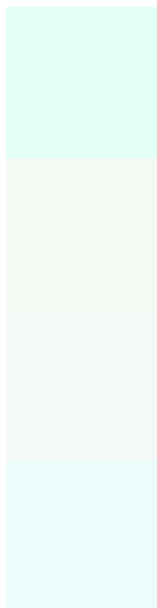
### Deuteranopia

93.9488, 0.3173, 0.3271

## **Tritanopia**

94.0260, 0.3055, 0.3231

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

94.0592, 0.3006, 0.3401

## Protanomaly

93.7768, 0.3136, 0.3379

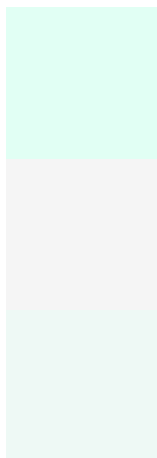
## Deuteranomaly

93.6999, 0.3107, 0.3310

## Tritanomaly

93.7923, 0.3034, 0.3290

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

94.0592, 0.3006, 0.3401

## Achromatopsia

91.3099, 0.3127, 0.3290

## Achromatomaly

92.5211, 0.3081, 0.3330

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Yxy 94.0592, 0.3006, 0.3401 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(225, 255, 244)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(225, 255, 244)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(225, 255, 244) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(225, 255, 244) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Yxy 94.0592, 0.3006, 0.3401 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(225, 255, 244) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(225, 255, 244) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(225, 255, 244)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(225, 255, 244); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(225, 255, 244);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(225, 255,  
244) }
```



# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Yxy 94.0592, 0.3006, 0.3401 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(225, 255, 244) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(225,  
255, 244) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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