

# Converting Colors

$Y_{xy}(100.0000, 0.3041, 0.3070)$

Have a look what the booklet for  
Yxy(100.0000, 0.3041, 0.3070)  
contains.

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# Color

**Yxy(97.4744, 0.3129, 0.3252)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	FFFBFF
RGB	255, 251, 255
RGB Percent	100%, 98%, 100%
CMY	0.0000, 0.0157, 0.0000
CMYK	0.00, 0.02, 0.00, 0.00
HSL	300°, 100%, 99%
HSV	300°, 2%, 100%
XYZ	93.7876, 97.4744, 108.4747
YIQ	252.6520, 1.1000, 2.0920

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
R <sub>Y</sub> B	255, 251, 255
Decimal	16776191
CIE Lab	99.02, 2.03, -1.45
CIE LCh	99, 2.491, 324.465
Yxy	97.4744, 0.3129, 0.3252
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294966271 (0xFFFFBFF)
YUV	252.6520, 1.1576, 2.0592
Hunter-Lab	98.7291, -3.2101, 3.9678

# Details

The Yxy color 97.4744, 0.3129, 0.3252 is a light color, and the websafe version is hex FFFFFFFF. A complement of this color would be 98.9958, 0.3125, 0.3328, and the grayscale version is 97.9100, 0.3127, 0.3290.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is 100.0000, 0.3127, 0.3290, and 55.1132, 0.3129, 0.3254 is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get 82.6025, 0.3141, 0.3004, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is 100.0000, 0.3127, 0.3290.

# Distribution



- Red (100%)
- Green (98%)
- Blue (100%)



- Red (100%)
- Yellow (98%)
- Blue (100%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (2%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (0%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (2%)
- Yellow (0%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Yxy color 97.4744, 0.3129, 0.3252 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Yxy color 97.4744, 0.3129, 0.3252 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.




 97.4744, 0.3129,  
0.3252

 97.4744, 0.3129,  
0.3252


552.0565, 0.3128,  
0.3269

 74.1961, 0.3129,  
0.3248


157.6787, 0.3129,  
0.3258

 54.9546, 0.3129,  
0.3244

195.3735, 0.3129,  
0.3260

 39.3654, 0.3130,  
0.3239

238.6426, 0.3129,  
0.3262

 27.0441, 0.3130,  
0.3232

287.8704, 0.3128,  
0.3264

 17.6063, 0.3130,  
0.3223

343.4413, 0.3128,  
0.3265

 10.6677, 0.3131,  
0.3211

405.7397, 0.3128,

 5.8439, 0.3131,

0.3266

0.3193

475.1500, 0.3128,  
0.3268

■ 2.7504, 0.3132,  
0.3166

■ 1.0028, 0.3134,  
0.3118

■ 97.4744, 0.3129,  
0.3252

■ 97.4744, 0.3129,  
0.3252

■ 82.6025, 0.3141,  
0.3004

100.0000, 0.3127,  
0.3290

■ 69.7881, 0.3153,  
0.2752

■ 58.9434, 0.3165,  
0.2503

■ 49.9708, 0.3176,  
0.2266

■ 42.7645, 0.3186,  
0.2052

■ 37.2078, 0.3195,  
0.1868

■ 33.1704, 0.3202,  
0.1724

■ 30.5022, 0.3207,  
0.1623

■ 29.0224, 0.3210,  
0.1565

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.

97.4744, 0.3102, 0.3244

97.4744, 0.3129, 0.3252

97.4744, 0.3155, 0.3271

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



97.4744, 0.3129, 0.3252



97.4744, 0.3172, 0.3333



97.4744, 0.3080, 0.3286

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



97.4744, 0.3129, 0.3252



98.9958, 0.3125, 0.3328

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



97.4744, 0.3099, 0.3310



97.4744, 0.3129, 0.3252



97.4744, 0.3152, 0.3337

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



97.4744, 0.3129, 0.3252



97.4744, 0.3181, 0.3317



97.4744, 0.3125, 0.3329



97.4744, 0.3074, 0.3263



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



97.4744, 0.3129, 0.3252



97.4744, 0.3169, 0.3286



97.4744, 0.3125, 0.3329



97.4744, 0.3085, 0.3294

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



97.4775, 0.3129, 0.3252

100.0000, 0.3127, 0.3290



96.7280, 0.3104, 0.3252



21.4041, 0.3127, 0.3290



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



97.4775, 0.3129, 0.3252



96.7888, 0.3129, 0.3241



97.3498, 0.3141, 0.3271



20.7504, 0.3129, 0.3244



14.8743, 0.3211, 0.1543



1.4483, 0.3211, 0.1543



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



97.4775, 0.3129, 0.3252



96.7888, 0.3129, 0.3241



99.1223, 0.3114, 0.3309



20.7504, 0.3129, 0.3244



14.8743, 0.3211, 0.1543



1.4483, 0.3211, 0.1543



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the hex color #974744, (0, 3129, 0, 3152) looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 97.4744, 0.3129, 0.3252 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).



**Yxy 97.4744, 0.3129, 0.3252**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Yxy color 97.4744, 0.3129, 0.3252.



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy

### Original Color

97.4744, 0.3129, 0.3252

### Protanopia

97.4101, 0.3135, 0.3261

### Deuteranopia

97.3462, 0.3141, 0.3271

## Tritanopia

97.7235, 0.3116, 0.3261

# Trichromacy

## Original Color

97.4744, 0.3129, 0.3252

## Protanomaly

97.4101, 0.3135, 0.3261

## Deuteranomaly

97.4101, 0.3135, 0.3261

## Tritanomaly

97.9116, 0.3122, 0.3261

# Monochromacy

## Original Color

97.4744, 0.3129, 0.3252

## Achromatopsia

98.2251, 0.3127, 0.3290

## Achromatomaly

97.8474, 0.3128, 0.3271

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Yxy 97.4744, 0.3129, 0.3252 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text is the color `rgb(255, 251, 255)`.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(255, 251, 255)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(255, 251, 255) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(255, 251, 255) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Yxy 97.4744, 0.3129, 0.3252 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(255, 251, 255) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(255, 251, 255) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(255, 251, 255)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(255, 251, 255); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 251, 255);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 251,  
255) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to  $\text{Yxy } 97.4744, 0.3129, 0.3252$  is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(255, 251, 255) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(255,  
251, 255) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).



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