

# Converting Colors

$Y_{xy}(100.0000, 0.3141, 0.3812)$

Have a look what the booklet for  
Yxy(100.0000, 0.3141, 0.3812)  
contains.

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# Color

**Yxy(92.1658, 0.3151, 0.3696)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	DFFFD8
RGB	223, 255, 216
RGB Percent	87%, 100%, 85%
CMY	0.1257, 0.0000, 0.1529
CMYK	0.13, 0.00, 0.15, 0.00
HSL	109°, 100%, 92%
HSV	109°, 15%, 100%
XYZ	78.5753, 92.1658, 78.6252
YIQ	240.9860, -6.5530, -18.9130

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

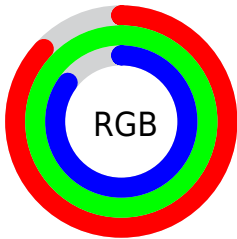
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
R <sub>Y</sub> B	216, 255, 248
Decimal	14680024
CIE Lab	96.89, -17.32, 15.20
CIE LCh	97, 23.046, 138.723
Yxy	92.1658, 0.3151, 0.3696
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4292870104 (0xFFDFFFD8)
YUV	240.9860, -12.3181, -15.7737
Hunter-Lab	96.0030, -21.9089, 18.6444

# Details

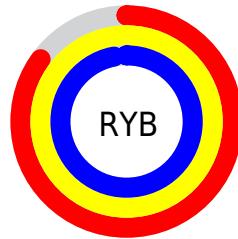
The Yxy color **92.1658, 0.3151, 0.3696** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CCFFCC**. A complement of this color would be **76.3106, 0.3096, 0.2905**, and the grayscale version is **88.0418, 0.3127, 0.3290**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **100.0000, 0.3127, 0.3290**, and **51.2862, 0.3159, 0.3787** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **87.8141, 0.3163, 0.3999**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **97.1197, 0.3136, 0.3422**.

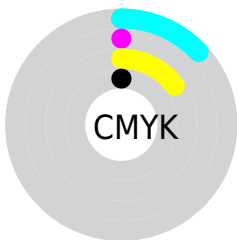
# Distribution



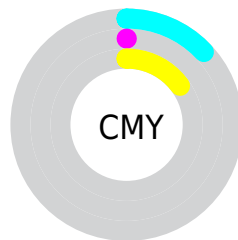
- Red (87%)
- Green (100%)
- Blue (85%)



- Red (85%)
- Yellow (100%)
- Blue (97%)



- Cyan (13%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (15%)
- Black (0%)




- Cyan (13%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (15%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Yxy color 92.1658, 0.3151, 0.3696 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Yxy color 92.1658, 0.3151, 0.3696 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.




 92.1658, 0.3151,  
0.3696

 92.1658, 0.3151,  
0.3696


535.0512, 0.3143,  
0.3511

 69.7783, 0.3152,  
0.3738


150.3432, 0.3149,  
0.3632

 51.3459, 0.3153,  
0.3788


186.9019, 0.3148,  
0.3608

 36.4839, 0.3154,  
0.3852


228.9531, 0.3147,  
0.3586

 24.8082, 0.3155,  
0.3935

276.8813, 0.3146,  
0.3567

 15.9342, 0.3154,  
0.4046

331.0708, 0.3145,  
0.3551

 9.4776, 0.3151,  
0.4202

391.9060, 0.3144,

 5.0540, 0.3140,

0.3536

0.4438

459.7714, 0.3144,  
0.3523

■ 2.2790, 0.3106,  
0.4831

■ 0.7625, 0.2837,  
0.7163

■ 92.1658, 0.3151,  
0.3696

■ 92.1658, 0.3151,  
0.3696

■ 87.8141, 0.3163,  
0.3999

■ 97.1197, 0.3136,  
0.3422

■ 84.0625, 0.3172,  
0.4327

100.0000, 0.3127,  
0.3290

■ 80.8774, 0.3174,  
0.4670

■ 78.2309, 0.3168,  
0.5011

■ 76.0924, 0.3154,  
0.5329

■ 74.4282, 0.3130,  
0.5600

■ 73.2005, 0.3099,  
0.5802

■ 72.3646, 0.3064,  
0.5926

■ 72.0853, 0.3048,  
0.5962

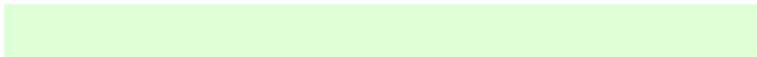
# Harmonies

## Analogous

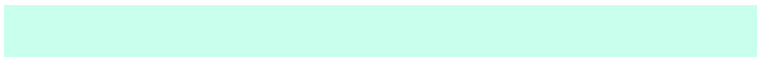
The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



92.1658, 0.3400, 0.3746



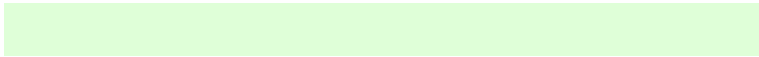
92.1658, 0.3151, 0.3696



92.1658, 0.2903, 0.3522

# Triad

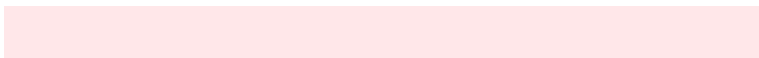
The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



92.1658, 0.3151, 0.3696



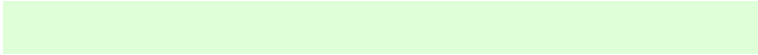
92.1658, 0.2688, 0.2908



92.1658, 0.3551, 0.3275

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



92.1658, 0.3151, 0.3696



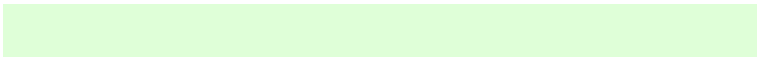
76.3106, 0.3096, 0.2905

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



92.1658, 0.3346, 0.3072



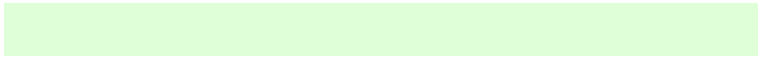
92.1658, 0.3151, 0.3696



92.1658, 0.2848, 0.2863

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



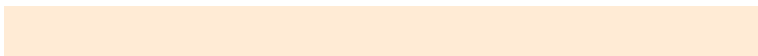
92.1658, 0.3151, 0.3696



92.1658, 0.2642, 0.3058



92.1658, 0.3087, 0.2924

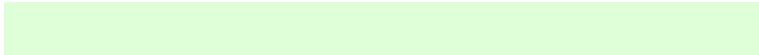


92.1658, 0.3638, 0.3490

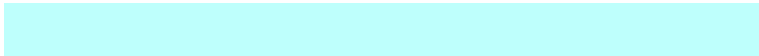


# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



92.1658, 0.3151, 0.3696



92.1658, 0.2770, 0.3365



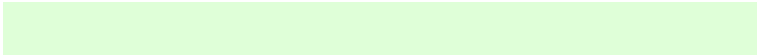
92.1658, 0.3087, 0.2924



92.1658, 0.3493, 0.3204

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



92.1584, 0.3151, 0.3696



97.2714, 0.3135, 0.3415



93.2635, 0.3368, 0.3604



20.7408, 0.3137, 0.3433



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

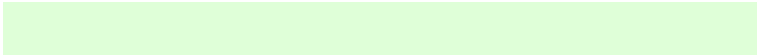


21.4041, 0.3127, 0.3290

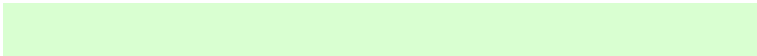


# Same Dimension

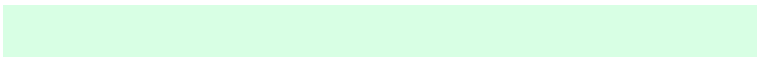
The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



92.1584, 0.3151, 0.3696



90.9197, 0.3155, 0.3775



91.7433, 0.3039, 0.3568



20.3233, 0.3142, 0.3534



37.7107, 0.3055, 0.5956



3.7121, 0.3120, 0.5904



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



76.3106, 0.3096, 0.2905



72.6154, 0.3090, 0.2834



76.8314, 0.3228, 0.3027



18.1275, 0.3109, 0.3054



10.9666, 0.2762, 0.1295



1.1086, 0.2816, 0.1325



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 92.1658, 0.3151, 0.3696 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

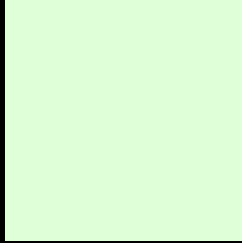
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 92.1658, 0.3151, 0.3696 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

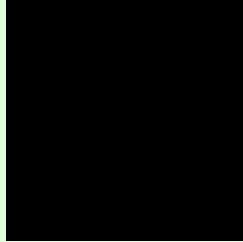
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

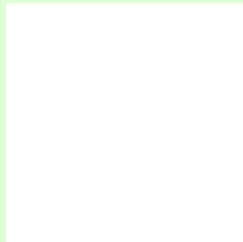
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**Yxy 92.1658, 0.3151, 0.3696**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Yxy color 92.1658, 0.3151, 0.3696.

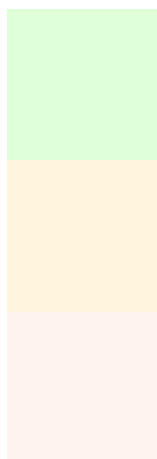


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Yxy color 92.1658, 0.3151, 0.3696.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

92.1658, 0.3151, 0.3696

### Protanopia

91.7321, 0.3347, 0.3537

### Deuteranopia

91.5932, 0.3230, 0.3329

## **Tritanopia**

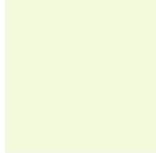
92.2668, 0.3036, 0.3211

# Trichromacy



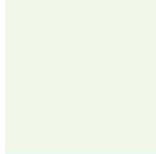
## Original Color

92.1658, 0.3151, 0.3696



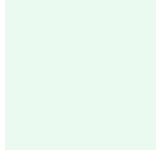
## Protanomaly

91.9205, 0.3268, 0.3592



## Deuteranomaly

91.3457, 0.3197, 0.3450



## Tritanomaly

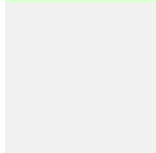
92.2145, 0.3079, 0.3380

# Monochromacy



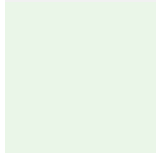
## Original Color

92.1658, 0.3151, 0.3696



## Achromatopsia

87.9622, 0.3127, 0.3290



## Achromatomaly

89.2302, 0.3133, 0.3432

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Yxy 92.1658, 0.3151, 0.3696 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(223, 255, 216)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(223, 255, 216)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(223, 255, 216) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(223, 255, 216) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Yxy 92.1658, 0.3151, 0.3696 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

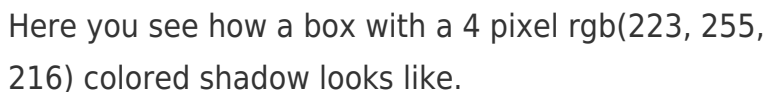
This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(223, 255, 216) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(223, 255, 216) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:



Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(223, 255, 216)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(223, 255, 216); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(223, 255, 216);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(223, 255,  
216) }
```



# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Yxy 92.1658, 0.3151, 0.3696 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(223, 255, 216) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(223,  
255, 216) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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