

Converting Colors

$Y_{xy}(100.0000, 0.3184, 0.3144)$

Have a look what the booklet for
Yxy(100.0000, 0.3184, 0.3144)
contains.

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Color

Yxy(96.2314, 0.3130, 0.3233)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	FFF9FF
RGB	255, 249, 255
RGB Percent	100%, 98%, 100%
CMY	0.0000, 0.0235, 0.0001
CMYK	0.00, 0.02, 0.00, 0.00
HSL	300°, 100%, 99%
HSV	300°, 2%, 100%
XYZ	93.1656, 96.2314, 108.2566
YIQ	251.4780, 1.6500, 3.1380

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

Format	Color
R _Y B	255, 249, 255
Decimal	16775679
CIE Lab	98.52, 3.04, -2.16
CIE LCh	99, 3.730, 324.605
Yxy	96.2314, 0.3130, 0.3233
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294965759 (0xFFFF9FF)
YUV	251.4780, 1.7363, 3.0888
Hunter-Lab	98.0976, -2.1452, 3.2382

Details

The Yxy color 96.2314, 0.3130, 0.3233 is a light color, and the websafe version is hex FFFFFFFF. A complement of this color would be 98.5017, 0.3124, 0.3348, and the grayscale version is 96.8722, 0.3127, 0.3290.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is 100.0000, 0.3127, 0.3290, and 54.2229, 0.3130, 0.3230 is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get 81.5203, 0.3142, 0.2985, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is 100.0000, 0.3127, 0.3290.

Distribution



- Red (100%)
- Green (98%)
- Blue (100%)



- Red (100%)
- Yellow (98%)
- Blue (100%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (2%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (0%)




- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (2%)
- Yellow (0%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the Yxy color 96.2314, 0.3130, 0.3233 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Yxy color 96.2314, 0.3130, 0.3233 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 96.2314, 0.3130,
0.3233

 96.2314, 0.3130,
0.3233

548.0997, 0.3129,
0.3258

 73.1603, 0.3130,
0.3228


155.9647, 0.3130,
0.3241

 54.1070, 0.3131,
0.3221


193.3958, 0.3129,
0.3245

 38.6872, 0.3131,
0.3213


236.3822, 0.3129,
0.3248

 26.5165, 0.3131,
0.3203

285.3085, 0.3129,
0.3250

 17.2104, 0.3132,
0.3189

340.5590, 0.3129,
0.3253

 10.3846, 0.3133,
0.3171

402.5181, 0.3129,

 5.6547, 0.3133,

0.3255

0.3145

471.5702, 0.3129,
0.3256

■ 2.6363, 0.3135,
0.3104

■ 0.9449, 0.3137,
0.3031

■ 96.2314, 0.3130,
0.3233

■ 96.2314, 0.3130,
0.3233

■ 81.5203, 0.3142,
0.2985

100.0000, 0.3127,
0.3290

■ 68.8606, 0.3154,
0.2734

■ 58.1633, 0.3167,
0.2486

■ 49.3301, 0.3178,
0.2250

■ 42.2544, 0.3189,
0.2038

■ 36.8187, 0.3199,
0.1857

■ 32.8913, 0.3206,
0.1717

■ 30.3202, 0.3211,
0.1619

■ 28.9215, 0.3215,
0.1564

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



96.2314, 0.3090, 0.3220



96.2314, 0.3130, 0.3233



96.2314, 0.3170, 0.3261

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



96.2314, 0.3130, 0.3233



96.2314, 0.3195, 0.3355



96.2314, 0.3057, 0.3283

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



96.2314, 0.3130, 0.3233



98.5017, 0.3124, 0.3348

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



96.2314, 0.3085, 0.3320



96.2314, 0.3130, 0.3233



96.2314, 0.3165, 0.3361

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



96.2314, 0.3130, 0.3233



96.2314, 0.3208, 0.3331



96.2314, 0.3124, 0.3348



96.2314, 0.3048, 0.3249

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



96.2314, 0.3130, 0.3233



96.2314, 0.3191, 0.3284



96.2314, 0.3124, 0.3348



96.2314, 0.3064, 0.3296

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



96.2337, 0.3130, 0.3233



98.3833, 0.3128, 0.3266



95.1155, 0.3092, 0.3232



21.0751, 0.3128, 0.3267



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



21.4041, 0.3127, 0.3290

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



96.2337, 0.3130, 0.3233



95.2145, 0.3131, 0.3217



96.0432, 0.3148, 0.3261



20.1130, 0.3132, 0.3198



14.8583, 0.3216, 0.1545



1.4470, 0.3215, 0.1545

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



96.2337, 0.3130, 0.3233



95.2145, 0.3131, 0.3217



98.6892, 0.3107, 0.3319



20.1130, 0.3132, 0.3198



14.8583, 0.3216, 0.1545



1.4470, 0.3215, 0.1545

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 96.2314, 0.3130, 0.3233 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 96.2314, 0.3130, 0.3233 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

Yxy 96.2314, 0.3130, 0.3233

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Yxy color 96.2314, 0.3130, 0.3233.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Yxy color 96.2314, 0.3130, 0.3233.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy

Original Color

96.2314, 0.3130, 0.3233

Protanopia

96.0422, 0.3124, 0.3233

Deuteranopia

96.0396, 0.3148, 0.3261

Tritanopia

96.2867, 0.3111, 0.3242

Trichromacy

Original Color

96.2314, 0.3130, 0.3233

Protanomaly

96.0422, 0.3124, 0.3233

Deuteranomaly

96.1032, 0.3142, 0.3252

Tritanomaly

96.4739, 0.3117, 0.3242

Monochromacy

Original Color

96.2314, 0.3130, 0.3233

Achromatopsia

96.4686, 0.3127, 0.3290

Achromatomaly

96.0949, 0.3128, 0.3271

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Yxy 96.2314, 0.3130, 0.3233 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color $rgb(255, 249, 255)$ looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(255, 249, 255)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(255, 249, 255) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(255, 249, 255) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Yxy 96.2314, 0.3130, 0.3233 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(255, 249, 255) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(255, 249, 255) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(255, 249, 255)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(255, 249, 255); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 249, 255);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 249,  
255) }
```


Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Yxy 96.2314, 0.3130, 0.3233 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(255, 249, 255) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(255,  
249, 255) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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